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The Bombay Chronicle

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Ship Explodes In Red Sea

72 FEARED DEAD; ONE SURVIVOR

Several Vessels Rush To Help: Vain Search

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).

AT 11-30 local time last night, in the Red Sea off the Saudi Arabian coast, the British ship "Indian Enterprise" (7,310 tons) ferrying general cargo and some explosives for the Government of India, exploded with 73 officers and crew aboard. Only one of these 73 had been reported picked up today.

Managers of the Indian Enterprise said in London that the explosives (580 tons) bound for Calcutta were for industrial bursting purposes. The sole survivor picked up was an Indian seaman, found by a Norwegian tanker. The crew of the illfated vessel apart from the officers were laskars.

A series of radio messages intercepted by the Port Administration of Alexandria told a story of drama which took place in the darkness after the ship had exploded. The latest radio message from the rescue ship, Lake Chilliwack, said: "Survivors alive, but some burned on hands and back, and screaming".

On receiving the SOS, another ship —the Lefac—put on full steam and raced to the scene of the explosion. She radioed: "Have picked up one survivor. Am searching area thoroughly, but there is no further sign of life. Proceeding north."

By late afternoon no news had been received in London from the Master of the Lake Chilliwack about any other survivors.

The Indian Enterprise was on the main shipping route bound for Calcutta when the explosion occurred. She was ferrying general cargo including 580 tons of explosives from Britain for the Indian Government.

FIRST REPORT

First report of her explosion came from the 7,161-ton steamer Lake Chilliwack of Vancouver, Canada, which said she was going to the scene and called on all ships in the vicinity to keep a sharp look out for survivors.

Other ships were in the deep. Nearly 250 miles away was the British destroyer Chequers, with the Duke of Edinburgh aboard as First Lieutenant.

The Chequers signalled the Admiralty in London, "have steam at 24 knots, but do not intend to proceed to Indian Enterprise unless ordered."

Lloyd's Shipping Agency reported that the H. Westfal Larsen radioed its owners: "Steamer Indian Enterprise exploded near us, picked up one survivor and searched thoroughly the scene of disaster for two hours without result. Expect arrive Suez evening 20."

Master of the stricken ship was named as P. Campbell, of Cardiff, Wales. Most other senior officers were British, the Second Officer S. Reece was an Anglo-Indian and the third officer a Pole name Schusaka.

London Managers of the Indian Enterprise did not know the name of the survivor.

The Indian Enterprise's sister ship Indian Exporter, searched the area from midnight to seven this morning and reported that a thorough examination of the wreckage showed no other survivors. Names of the crew were not available in London as they were on Indian agreement. It was understood there were no passengers.

The Indian Enterprise owned by the India Steamship Company was flying the British flag. She is registered in Sunderland.

NO MENACE TO INDIA

Delhi Discounts Sinkiang Story

(From Our Special Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, June 20.

THE London newspaper report that "Russians are building up Sinkiang as a military and air base which menaces India" is entirely discounted here. Well-informed quarters regard the report as part of the U.S.-Soviet cold war, from which India has decided to keep aloof.

It is true that India has no direct information about this, it is stated here, as she no longer has any consulates at Kashgar and Shanghai. Negotiations for reopening these two consulates, however, are in progress with the Peking Government.

With UN Mediator Sir Owen Dixon in Kashmir at present, the London report is characterised here as another attempt at pressure politics under the threat of the Russian bogey. India is not menaced in any way, it is asserted here. New Delhi is ignoring the entire report.

Defamation Charges Against F. Anthony

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Defamation charges against Mr. Frank Anthony, President of the All-India Anglo-Indian Association and a member of Parliament, were framed on a complaint made by Mr. Joseph Currion, General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen of India and Burma before Mr. M. J. Gordhandas, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court today.

The complainant stated that the accused who was the publisher of "Review", a monthly magazine published in Delhi, in an article appearing in its May, 1949, issue, had made defamatory remarks as regards his handling of the funds of the Union.

A passage in the article headed "Misappropriation of Funds" was quoted in the complaint as saying "I (the accused) immediately charged the General Secretary (the complainant) with what I regarded and still regard as plain criminal breach of trust."

The accused who pleaded not guilty in a written statement made to the Court said that what he had written was bonafide. He, as the President of the Union, had felt that it was his duty to inform the members of the actual state of affairs in the Union and that the article in question was a "privileged article" written by him in his capacity as an office-bearer of the Union.

Wedding In Jail

POONA, June 20 (P.T.I.)

MR. G. V. KETKAR, former Editor of the 'Kesari,' who is at present under detention in the Yeravda jail in Poona, was married yesterday to Mrs. Amala Redmond, in the jail. The marriage took place under the Civil Marriages Act.

Forty five-year-old Dutch-born Mrs. Redmond was for many years a social worker in South Africa, and was recently converted to Hinduism.

Mob Crosses Over

COOCH-BEHAR, June 20 (UPI).—A mob from Pakistan armed with spears and swords tried to attack Dighaltari, a border village in Dinhata, on Saturday evening, says a report.

National volunteers opened fire and the mob dispersed with one wounded.

THE PRIME MINISTER IN WEST JAVA

Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru studying Indonesian musical instruments during his visit to Tjipanas, in West Java, on June 9 Standing beside him is President Soekarno.

Co-Operation Between India & Burma

PANDIT NEHRU'S HOPE

Rangoon Gives The P. M. Tremendous Reception

RANGOON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).

INDIA and Burma although they had achieved political freedom had to solve the problems of securing economic advance and giving "the content of our freedom for the common man", Pandit Nehru told a gathering in the city hall here this afternoon.

The Indian Prime Minister had been the recipient of a civic address of welcome presented to him in a casket by the Mayor of Rangoon.

A distinguished gathering attended the imposing ceremony, including Prime Minister of Burma, Thakin Nu.

"India and Burma have had their little quarrels, "Pandit Nehru declared, "but they have also a kinship of spirit, of ideals and of objectives.

"I do earnestly hope that in the future that kinship will lead to co-operative effort in the achievement of our ideal."

Referring to the achievement of independence of both countries, Pandit Nehru said that although they had solved the problem of the achievement of political freedom, they had still to solve the problem of advancing the countries economically, to give the content of freedom to the common man and to meet the major issue which demanded social justice for the individual.

TOWARDS UNITY

He said that unless some catastrophe overtook the world, the idea of One World was bound to develop. Though people talked of war and preparations for war and conflicts, a number of elemental forces were working towards a larger unity.

He believed that the human spirit was determined to advance and that mankind had not reached the stage when it could be obliterated. We had to act in the present and we had to choose whether we threw our weight in the cause of constructive, unified effort and the cause of peace, or whether we wanted to ally ourselves to conflict and war on a tremendous scale.

MOUNTAINS OF GARLANDS

Pandit Nehru was greeted with mountains of garlands when over 10,000 people welcomed him here today on his South-East Asian tour.

After the first few garlands had been placed over his shoulders, all he could do was accept the others by hand and pass them on to those who followed him.

Vociferous cheering mingled with a 19-gun salute when the Prime Minister, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Indira Gandhi, and her two children, stepped from the "President of India" plane here.

It was at the height of the monsoon season, but the weather smiled.

The cheers mounted as Pandit Nehru ascended a rostrum before the saluting base and inspected the guard of honour.

Visibly moved, Pandit Nehru clasped his hands and beamed at the crowd.

PURCHASE OF PAK WHEAT

Indian Delegation For Karachi

KARACHI, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).—An official Indian Delegation is expected in Karachi "in about a week's time" to finalise a deal for Pakistan wheat up to three lakh tons, Pakistan's Food Minister, Mr. Abdus Sattar Pirzada said here today.

Negotiations between Karachi and Delhi have been proceeding ever since Pakistan offered 1,50,000 tons of wheat to India under the April Indo-Pakistan Trade Agreement.

The Minister told a press conference that the Government of India had approached Pakistan for the purchase of another 1,50,000 tons of wheat at the recent Delhi trade talks.

INDIA—AUSTRALIA WHEAT TALKS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 20.

India-Australia wheat talks are now on, it is learned here.

Under the International Wheat Agreement, India has to purchase one million tons of wheat for five years, the wheat year being August to July. In the first year of the agreement, ending July 1950, India has purchased the whole of her million-ton allotment from Australia. The current negotiations relate to the second year of purchase of one million tons.

Negotiations are carried on through the High Commissioner's Office in Australia.

Misreported

POONA, June 20 (PTI).

IT is reliably understood that the Chief Minister of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, had enquired from India's Minister for Industry and Supply, Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, whether in a recent speech in Bombay he had condemned the prohibition policy of the Government of Bombay.

In reply, Mr. Mahatab is understood to have written that he did not say anything of the kind, and that he had been very badly misreported.

PAK-AFGHAN BORDER CLASH

Fire Exchanged

QUETTA, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).—Armed forces of Pakistan and Afghanistan, clashed on the Baluchistan-Afghan border on June 17, according to unconfirmed reports reaching here.

Reports stated that fire was exchanged between Afghan levies and a party of Pishin Scouts (Pakistan Border Patrol unit).

The clash is reported to have occurred on Pakistan territory near Gwaza where the unconfirmed reports stated, Afghan levies had established a picket.

The report stated that there were casualties on both sides in the clash.

Election of delegates to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on July 2.

Announcing this, a Congress House announcement says that nominations of candidates will be received at the Congress House tomorrow, Wednesday June 21 between 10 a.m. and 3 p.m.

CONTROLS NOT TO BE LIFTED

Sri Prakasa Recalls Merchants' Promises

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

MR. SRI PRAKASA, Commerce Minister, Government of India, declared here today that, in view of the difficulties of foreign exchange and of the balance of payments position, it would not be practicable to lift controls.

He said that decontrol was brought about last time in obedience to the promise made by merchants that they would not indulge in blackmarketing or push up prices to abnormal levels at the cost of the consumers. Experience, however, had shown, he added, that these promises did not amount to anything. What was needed, therefore, he said, was the effective implementation of those promises.

Mr. Sri Prakasa, who was addressing the All-India Importers' Association this morning, added: "In fact, I belive in free trading, and wish to have no control on imports and exports. The difficulties of foreign exchange and of the balance of payments position have, however, made it impossible for government to remove controls. If the business community wants to have free trading, they should bring about conditions which would make this practicable."

MIDDLE CLASSES

Referring to the plight of the middle classes, the Commerce Minister said that this was mainly the result of the fact that they were too proud to get together and work for the common cause. "If they shed this pride," he declared, "and, like the labour and industry, come together and formulate a joint policy with a view to safeguarding their own interests, their demands would not go by default."

In conclusion, he said: "Unless you give me your full co-operation and support, I shall not be able to deal with the problem of imports, I am a new man to my job". He, therefore, suggested that the Importers' Association should come forward with some practical proposals, which would enable Government to study the whole position in the light of the needs of the importers and the availability of foreign exchange.

Earlier, the representatives of the All-India Importers' Association pleaded for a liberalisation of Government's import policy as, in their opinion, such a policy would not only bring down prices but would also create a competitive market leading to an improvement in the quality of Indian manufactured goods.

They also pleaded for decontrol in order that a free market might be created for commodities.

In the morning, the Commerce Minister paid a visit to the I.M.S. "Dufferin", where he saw at first-hand how training was being imparted to cadets of the Indian Mercantile Marine.

Three Percent Loan

NEW DELHI, June 20, (PTI): Total subscriptions to the Government of India three per cent loan, 1964 the lists for which were closed yesterday, amounted to Rs. 30.32 crores, a Finance Ministry communique issued today said.

Of this Rs. 7,57 crores were in cash and Rs. 22.75 crores by conversion.

Subscribers in cash will receive full allotment.

SUGAR INQUIRY COMMITTEE

Testimony Invited

NEW DELHI, June 20.

The Government of India have already announced the appointment of a Committee of Inquiry into certain allegations made against various authorities and interests concerned in connection with the sugar crisis of last year. The Committee proposes to start its work as soon as possible and it would be glad to have the views and testimony of all those who can help it in arriving at the truth in respect of the allegations made and any other matter which may be germane to or incidental to any one or more of them, or to any finding of the Tariff Board on the sugar crisis.

The allegations made are given below for purposes of ready reference:—

(1) The suggestion that wagon supply to the sugar factories for movement of sugar during the season 1948-49 was excessive.

(2) The allegation that sugar intended for consumption in India was in fact moved into Pakistan on an appreciable scale during 1949.

(3) The allegation that several factories despatched sugar in breach of the Freezing Order of the U.P. Government on 26th August, 1949 and of the Central Government on 2-9-1949.

(4) The allegation that many factories or their sales agents charged heavy premia over the fixed price during July-August, 1949.

(5) The circumstances under which the proposal for export of 50,000 tons of sugar was made in May-June, 1949 by spokesmen of the industry and the circumstances under which the proposal was dropped.

(6) The allegation that substantial stocks of sugar were moved out by factories to their own godowns before the crisis, that large stocks were moved by the factories and trade from the Bihar factories during the interval between the U.P. and the Central Governments Freezing Orders and that in July-August, 1949 considerable movement of sugar by factories and trade took place in various directions to facilitate the sale at exorbitant prices of sugar purchased at high premia.

All communications intended for the Committee should be addressed to the Secretary, Sugar Inquiry Committee, Jamnagar House, New Delhi.

All memoranda, statements, offers of oral evidence etc must reach the Committee's office by July 20, 1950 latest. These will be classified, analysed and scrutinised as they come, and the Committee proposes to start taking evidence as soon as possible thereafter. The Committee hopes that those interested, will help it to adhere to this scedule.

TALKS ON SCHUMAN PLAN BEGIN

PARIS, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).—Six nations today began discussions of the Schuman Plan with regret that Britain was not with them, but with the hope that she yet would be.

They would have "keenly desired" Britain to be present, declared French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman, opening the Conference. "We cannot conceive Europe without her." But he preserved the hope "that the doubts and scruples, which a reasoning that tended to be doctrinal could not overcome, will end by giving away before more concrete demonstrations."

The Schuman Plan, announced six weeks ago, propose the pooling of Western European coal and steel production under a supra-national authority.

Japan's Future

TOKYO, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. John Foster Dulles, American State Department Adviser, will confer with General MacArthur, Supreme Commander in the Far East, and with Japanese leaders here tomorrow on Japan's immediate future.

They will try to determine, in Mr. Dulles's words "whether it is wise at this time to proceed with a peace treaty or other arrangements."

Prohibition Case Fixed For 31st July

The date of hearing of the Prohibition case which was originally fixed for 26th June, has now been altered to 31st July. The case will be heard by a Special Bench of three Judges consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar and Mr. Justice Tendolkar.

Pandal Destroyed

TEZPUR, June 20 (UPI).—A huge decorated thatched pandal in Church Field where Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee was to have addressed the public today, was set on fire last night by some unknown persons and completely burnt.

Some properties belonging to institutions and also individuals were destroyed.

CRISIS IN AHMEDABAD TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Closure Of More Mills Expected

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, June 20.

ACCORDING to well-informed textile circles here, the Ahmedabad textile industry is passing through a crisis. It is gathered that about dozen mills are likely to be closed down in the near future in view of the economic condition.

About twenty thousand mill-hands are likely to be thrown out of employment if these close down.

It is further learnt that a split has already taken place in the Millowners Association on the question of dearness allowance and bonus. It is likely that eight to ten mills will tender their resignations from the membership of the Millowners Association.

Quake In Java Kills 17

DJAKARTA, June 20, (PTI-Reuter): Seventeen died and many hundreds were injured today in an earthquake in East Java, Aneta, Dutch News Agency reported.

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SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Two Lecturers for the Institute of Social Sciences, Shri Kashi Vidyapitha, Banaras. The candidate should possess at least an M.A. Degree, and must be trained in Social Sciences and Professional Social Work. Applicants, who have graduated from the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay, would be given preference. The selected candidate would be required to teach through the medium of Hindi. Starting salary is 225|- P.M. (all inclusive) in the grade of 200-10-350. Applications should reach the Registrar, by the 5th July, 1950. (8069)

Wanted for immediate employment a B.Sc. (Gujarati knowing) with Physics and Chemistry and Maths. Salary Scale. GPC Report. Apply to Box No. 1916 "Bombay Chronicle".

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MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For recovery of your Claims and Decrees write to The Indo-Foreign Trade Service, Debt-Collectors, 505 Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 22848. (1917)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 500 Lbs. Aniline Rose Colour British Make, each drum of 100 lbs and 9 Pcs. Crown Heavy Independent 4 Jaw Chucks, 4½" British Make, on 30th Inst. at 2-30 p.m. at our Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Party concerned.

Goods on view from 26th inst.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, on FRIDAY, the 14th July, 1950, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts upto 31st December, 1949

(2) To declare a Dividend on Ordinary and Deferred Shares.

(3) To elect three Directors in place of those, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

(4) To elect a Director who retains office until the General Meeting under Article 92 of the Company's Articles of Association but is eligible for re-election.

(5) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 1st July, 1950, to SATURDAY, the 15th July, 1950, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
AGARWAL & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 5th June, 1950.

NOTE:—The Dividend, if sanctioned at the General Meeting, will be payable from Monday, the 24th July, 1950 to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 1st July, 1950, and Dividend Warrants will be posted to the registered addresses of such Shareholders.

To, THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INDIA UNITED MILLS, LIMITED. (8066)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Technical Assistant, Stores Department, on Rs 300--25-400 plus dearness allowance in accordance with rules in force. Minimum requirements are:—

1. Age not less than 25 and not over 35 years;
2. Degree or equivalent diploma of a recognised institution in mechanical or electrical engineering.
3. At least 3 years experience in responsible posts in the handling, purchase, inspection, testing, etc., of stores in a large engineering organisation.

The successful candidate will have to pass a medical examination by the Undertaking's Medical Officer and be on probation for a period of 6 months, on the satisfactory completion of which, if found suitable, he will be confirmed and be eligible to the Undertaking's contributory Provident Fund Scheme.

Applications giving full particulars of age, qualifications, experience with copies of testimonials which will not be returned should be sent to the General Manager, B. E. S. & T. Undertaking, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 1st July, 1950.

Applicants called for interview will be required to attend at their own cost.

GENERAL MANAGER. (8065)

THE BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OPERATIVE STORES COMPANY LIMITED.

Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THIS IS TO INFORM our PATRONS and CUSTOMERS that the STORES will remain CLOSED on THURSDAY, and FRIDAY, the 29th and 30th June, 1950, on account of ANNUAL STOCK taking.

P. C. JHALA,
Ag: Manager (1903)

ANDHRA ELECTION DISPUTE

Congress Secretary's Clarification

NEW DELHI, June 20 (PTI): Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary of the Congress, today clarified certain controversial points regarding the election dispute in Andhra.

Mr. Rao, in a statement, pointed out that the Congress President's stay-order in the proceedings of election in certain parts of Andhra did not "in any way interfere with the decisions of Shri Gokulbhai Bhatt", the A.I.C.C. representative to deal with election affairs. "The Congress President", Mr. Rao added, "only wanted the Election Sub-Committee to examine whether certain orders of Shri Gokulbhai Bhatt were in excess of the decisions taken by the Election Sub-Committee earlier."

Mr. Kala Venkata Rao stated that the Congress President's stay-order in the proceedings of elections did not relate to the whole of Andhra, but was "concerned with about sixteen places, and further it was not an absolute order."

Recently Mr. Bhatt heard the representatives of the two opposing groups of the Andhra Congress and reserved his "further decisions."

Panchayat Election Case Before Calcutta Court

CALCUTTA, June 20 (UPI): The letter written by Shri Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary, A.I.C.C. to the Provincial Congress Secretary, Shri Charu Chandra Bhandari, has been filed before the Calcutta High Court as an affidavit in the Congress Panchayat Election Case.

For any further clarification, the General Secretary said he was prepared to appear before the High Court. "We have to honour our own courts and their decisions, but the courts must be told all that has happened. The Congress is, after all, a non-official body without the resources to print the electoral roll which will cost lakhs of rupees", he concluded.

Shri Kala Venkata Rao is expected in Calcutta on June 22 to settle the disputes arising out of the recent panchayat elections in West Bengal and to make arrangement for delegate elections to the plenary session of the Indian National Congress.

Hooliganism In French India

PONDICHERRY, June 20. (PTI): Thirty houses of mill-workers were set on fire in a French India commune, three miles from Pondicherry, by hooligans yesterday.

The hooligans also pelted stones at the house of M. Lambert Saravane, Deputy of French India in the Chamber of Deputies in France.

RAJKOT SWEEPERS STRIKE TO END

RAJKOT, June 19 (PTI): The four-day-old strike of over 500 sweepers and scavengers of Rajkot Town Municipality is expected to end tomorow.

The sweepers had struck work as a protest against suspension of some of them for "negligence of duty" They later demanded the introduction of pay scales as recommended by the Inquiry Committee of the Government which was entrusted with the question on a state-wide basis.

According to the settlement, the workers will not be paid for their absence of four days, the amount to be deducted from next month's salary. The municipal authorities have agreed to take back the persons suspended earlier.

The Municipal Board had decided to dismiss all the striking workers from yesterday, but the intervention of public leaders has resulted in today's settlement.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY BY-ELECTION

Nomination Papers Filed In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, June 20 (PTI): Mr. S. R Vasavada (Congress), Secretary of the Textile Labour Association and Mr. Balavasta, a mill operative (Scheduled Caste Federation) filed nomination papers today for the one seat in the Bombay Legislative Assembly caused vacant by the resignation of Mr. Khandubhai Desai, President of the Indian National Trade Union Congress, on his being elected a member of the Indian Parliament. The by-election will take place next month.

Dr. K. N. Katju Ill

CALCUTTA, June 20 (PTI): Dr. Kailash Nath Katju, Governor of West Bengal, who is now at Darjeeling, has been confined to bed for the past few days with influenza and a small bronchial patch, it is learnt here.

As road and rail traffic between Kurseong and Darjeeling still remain dislocated, it now seems unlikely that Dr. Katju will be able to meet Pandit Nehru when the Prime Minister passes through Calcutta on his way back to Delhi.

Government House at Darjeeling has been damaged at one end and the Governor has shifted to guest house.

RANCHI, June 19 (UPI): The State Government have placed a sum of Rs. 12,27,000 at the disposal of the Board of Secondary Education to enable it to sanction the cost of living allowances to all teachers and clerks in aided and non-government high schools in the State for 1950-51 at the maximum rate of Rs. 12 a month per teacher.

Less Rice At Higher Rate

PLIGHT OF MADRAS CONSUMERS

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS, June 20.

In addition to reduction in rice ration by one ounce, rice eaters in Madras will now have to pay more for the rice purchased by them in ration shops, as the Madras Government have decided to increase the issue price of the commodity by six annas a maund.

This increase was so suddenly thrust on the public that many were unprepared for it and are seeking for explanation of the decision. Official circles are disinclined to give any reason for the move, but I am in a position to state that it is traceable to the scandal of Uttar Pradesh rice for Madras at prices higher than those ruling in the local markets for similar varieties of rice.

The Madras Government when faced with the problem of doling out an extra crore of rupees for that rice, protested to the U.P. Government who, however, were unbending and refused to quote lower prices.

The Madras Government then approached the Government of India who after prolonged correspondence, have, it appears, agreed to bear half of the loss themselves, provided the Madras Government agreed to bear the other half, but on the stipulation that the issue price of rice to consumers should not be increased.

Why, in the face of this reported understanding, the Madras Government have now decided to impose the extra burden on local consumers is difficult to see. It is expected that in the near future the Government will proffer some explanation of the step taken by them.

MULTIPURPOSE SOCIETIES

At a conference of food production officials in Madras State held at Madras on Monday, details of the working of the scheme under Government's consideration, for intense cultivation through multi-purpose co-operative societies in seven districts in the state, was finalised.

The Food Commissioner, Madras, stated that the scheme would have far-reaching effects. Wherever co-operative societies already existed in these districts, they would be transformed into multipurpose societies for working this scheme and new societies would be started where they did not exist.

AIR RACE: Air Ceylon is likely to enter for the England-Toachrist Church, New Zealand, air race to be held in October 1953. Mr. W W Doyle, Manager of Air Ceylon, said that there was every possibility of Ceylon competing in this race No decision, however, had so far been taken.

Food Production Drive In Malabar

STOCK POSITION STILL NOT ENCOURAGING

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SHORANUR. (By Mail).

A vigorous drive to increase food production in order to meet the widening deficit in Malabar has been started under the auspices of the District Food Committee and Food Production Committee. semi-official organisations which have been working in the district for the past few years.

It has been decided to organise Food Production Committees in the villages, consisting of the "adhikaris" and the "menons" of the villages concerned and three non-official members, which will supervise food production and encourage the peasants to grow more food. These Committees will be working under the Taluk Food Committees. Instructions have been given to all Government officials to see that every bit of waste land is cultivated. The Government are considering what steps are to be taken in case of failure to cultivate waste lands.

With a view to increase food production, the Government have sanctioned 34 minor irrigation schemes. Work in connection with 16 of these schemes has already been finished while 10 of them are awaiting completion. If all the 34 schemes are completed, it will help food cultivation in an area of 7,126 acres of land which can produce 2,790 tons of food. This will reduce the total yearly deficit 2,50,000 tons in Malabar by 1 per cent. Besides, if the Malampuzha irrigation scheme is completed, it will further reduce the deficit by 10,000 tons.

FOREST LANDS

As regards cultivation of forest lands, all forest rangers have been instructed to see that paddy is cultivated in forests wherever possible upto March 31, 1950, 1273 acres of forest has been cleared for cultivation, which is expected to produce 383 tons of food. Further, "Punam" crops are being grown in 216 acres.

Considerable work has also been done by the Agricultural Department of the Government in the matter of growing more food. They have distributed 16 pump sets in the district as a result of which 150 acres of land has been benefited. Nine tractors have been used to plough 272 acres. The department has also distributed 265 tons of compost manure and 64 tons of seeds among the cultivators This has benefited 1,112 acres of land. Besides, the amonium sulphate supplied by the department, has been used in 616 acres and green leaf manure in 216 acres. Taccavi loans to the extent of Rs. 9,230 has been disbursed among the cultivators.

The District Panchayat Officer recently called a meeting at Palghat which has decided to take immediate steps to produce compost and green leaf manures. The meeting has instructed Revenue Officers to select suitable places for the production of compost manure and entrust them to the local panchayats. Twenty institutions, including 12 Producers'-cum-consumers' co-operative societies have been selected for the distribution of manure.

PRESENT POSITION

The present position of food in Malabar is as follows:

The stock on hand will last only upto June 25. During the period from January to June 1950, only 67,464 tons of rice has arrived out of a total allotment of 1,59,872 tons In case the remaining 92408 tons will arrive in time, the present rice ration can be maintained for 20 weeks

In general, tht food position today arrive in time, the present rice racannot be considered either very bad or very good. It can be said that the district is maintaining itself without much difficulty.

The present stock of "maida" is 142 tons and that of wheat is 170 tons. There is no stock of "semolina" at present. A request for 20 tons of wheat, 60 tons of "semolina" and some "maida" has been made and they are expected, excepting the last of which there is no stock, to arrive shortly.

The procurement of the last "Makaram" crop has been 39,380 tons against a target of 41,100 tons. Steps are being taken in order to remove the bottlenecks in transport.

STOCK OF SUGAR

As regards the stock position of sugar, out of a quota of 6,000 bags for February, 530 bags are yet to arrive. Another 3,230 bags towards the quota of 12,000 bags for March and April also remain to arrive. As regards the June quota, only 5,000 bags out of 21,000 bags have been received from Nelli Kupam. Some sugar is expected to arrive shortly towards the unfulfilled quotas.

ENUMERATION OF VOTERS

The following is the number of voters in the Municipalities of Malabar enumerated on the basis of adult sufferage; Kozhikode 52,134; Palghat 21,814; Tellichery 17,950; Cannanore 16,365; and Fort Cochin 13,201.

Arrangements have been made to prepare supplementary lists which will include the names left out in the above list. For this, a Deputy Tahsildar has been appointed in each taluk.

CASE AGAINST GOVT. OFFICIAL

Considerable surprise and sensation have been cause here in official circles by the reported order of the Madras Government to prosecute Mr. T. V. Kunhiraman Nair, Land Acquisition Officer, Kozhikode, on charges of corruption and malpractices. According to reports, a charge sheet has been prepared against him and he is going to be tried in a court outside Malabar.

AIR, RAIL AND MAIL TIMINGS

Air Ceylon Services

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From Colombo and Trichinopoly (Friday) 13-45 hrs.
Karachi (Saturdays) 10-30 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Trichinopoly and Colombo (Saturdays) 11-00
Karachi (Fridays) 14-25 hrs

Air Ceylon International

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Colombo and Singapore and Sydney (Wednesday) 15-00 hrs
London, Rome Cairo and Karachi (Sunday) 12-30 hrs.

Departures

To Colombo and Singapore and Sydney (Sunday) 14-00 hrs.
London via Karachi, Cairo and Rome (Wednesday) 16-30 hrs

Air India Limited

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From:—
Delhi 0615 hrs 12.30 hrs.
Delhi, Jaipur, Ahmedabad (Wed., Fri, Sat & Mon) 1720 hrs.
Karachi 1710 hrs.
Karachi, Ahmedabad 1750 hrs.
Calcutta 1250 hrs
Colombo, Trichinopoly, Madras 1550 hrs.
Madras (Tues. Thurs. & Sun) 1145 hrs.

DEPARTURES FROM SANTA CRUZ

To:
Delhi 0130 hrs 08.30 hrs.
Ahmedabad, Jaipur, Delhi (Tues. Thurs. Fri. & Sun. 1150 hrs
Karachi 1000 hrs.
Ahmedabad, Karachi 0715 hrs.
Calcutta 0730 hrs.
Madras, Trichinopoly, Colombo 0900 hrs.
Madras (Mon Wed & Sat.) 1215 hrs

Air India International Ltd.

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From: London, Geneva and Cairo: Stopping services (on Wednesdays and Fridays) 14-25 hrs
London Rome and Cairo Express Service (on Mondays) 14-25 hrs
Nairobi via Aden (Every alternate Fridays) 07-00 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Basra Cairo Geneva and London: Stopping Services (Tuesdays and Fridays) 17-00 hrs
Cairo Rome and London: Express Service (Sundays) 17-00 hrs
Aden and Nairobi (Every alternate Thursdays) 00-30 hrs

The Air Services Of India Ltd.

(The Scindia Line)

ARRIVALS AT JUHU

From Delhi Gwalior and Indore (on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays) 16-25 hrs
Karachi, Bhuj and Jamnagar (On Sundays Wednesdays and Fridays) 17-35 hrs
Bhuj-Jamnagar Porbandar and Keshod (on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays) 15-45 hrs
Rajkot and Bhavnagar (Daily) 13-20 hrs
Bangalore and Poona (on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays) 13-45 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Indore Gwalior and Delhi (on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays) 06-45 hrs
Jamnagar Bhuj and Karachi (on Sundays Wednesdays and Fridays) 08-00 hrs
Keshod Porbandar Jamnagar and Bhuj (on Mondays, Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays) 08-00 hrs
To Bhavnagar and Rajkot (Daily) 08-15 hrs
Poona and Bangalore (on Tuesdays, Wednesdays Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays) 07-00 hrs

Malayan Aviation Ltd.

(Night Mail Service)

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Delhi 06-20 hrs
Calcutta 06-20 hrs
Madras 06-20 hrs
Nagpur 06-20 hrs

DEPARTURES

Delhi 23.40 hrs.
Calcutta 23-40 hrs
Madras 23 40 hrs
Nagpur 23 40 hrs

Deccan Airways Ltd.

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Bangalore (Daily) via Hyderabad 11-30 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Bangalore via Hyderabad 9-30 hrs

INDIAN OVERSEAS AIRLINES

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Calcutta via Nagpur 12.55 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Calcutta via Nagpur 07-00 hrs

Orient Airways Arrivals

From Karachi (Mondays and Wednesdays) 13-00 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Karachi (Mondays and Wednesdays) 14-30 hrs

B. O. A. C.

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

On Thursdays From New York Montreal London Rome Cairo and Bahrein.

On Mondays: From Auckland, Sydney, Darwin Jakarta, Singapore and Colombo.

On Alternate Sundays: From New York, Montreal, London, Rome Cairo and Karachi.

On Alternate Tuesdays: From Auckland, Sydney, Darwin, Singapore and Colombo.

DEPARTURES

On Thursdays: To Colombo Singapore, Jakarta, Darwin, Sydney and Auckland.

On Mondays: To Banrein, Cairo, Rome, London, Montreal, New York.

On Alternate Sundays: To Colombo Singapore, Darwin, Sydney and Auckland.

On Alternate Tuesdays: Karachi Cairo, Rome, London, Montreal and New York.

Ethiopian Air Lines

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Nairobi Addis Ababa via Karachi and Aden every other Wednesday 9-30 p.m

Departures

To Addis Ababa and Nairobi via Karachi and Adeb every other Saturday at midnight.

Iranian Airways Co.

To Teheran, Friday 9 p.m
Arrival Friday, 11-20 a.m

S. A. F. E. Air Transport

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Oslo Tuesdays, 09-30 hrs
Hongkong Saturdays 17-30 hrs

Departures

To Oslo, Saturdays 18-30 hrs
Hongkong Tuesdays 10-30 hrs

G. I. P. Railway Timings

Arr. at Victoria Terminus	Trains	Depart from Victoria Terminus
hrs		hrs
4-25	Allahabad Express	23-45
6-15	Madras Mail	22-25
6-30	Amritsar Express	23-10
8-25	Cal Mail (Nag.)	17-10
10-30	Deccan Queen	17-00
11-35	Poona Mail	17-20
12-30	Cal Mail (All)	20-10
13015	Madras Express	14.00
13-55	Nagpur Express	21-35
22-30	Poona Passenger	12-30
14-45	Punjab Mail	15-05
19-15	Poona Express	8-15
17-55	Janata Express	7-15

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Arr.	Depart
Bombay Central	(from Bombay Central)
hrs	hrs
6-00	Ahmedabad Passenger 21-45
6-30	Meerut Express 21-30
7-10	Janata Express 20--
7-55	Gujarat Mail 20-50
9-00	Frontier Mail 19-20
10-55	Saurashtra Mail 18-30
9-00	Frontier Mail 18.35
20-25	Baroda Passenger 6-40
21-00	Saurashtra Express 3-00

MAIL SERVICES

(Latest hours of posting at G P O Bombay)

For	Without late fee	With late fee
	hrs	hrs
Nagpur Calcutta, Madras (night service)	19-30	20-30
Delhi (night service)	20-30	—
Ahmedabad and Karachi	22-00	—
Delhi	22-00	—
Madras, Trichinopoly and Colombo	22-00	—
Calcutta and Nagpur	22-00	—
Bhavnagar Rajkot, Jamnagar and	22-00	—

COASTAL FERRY SERVICES

The following are the arrival and departure timings of ferry and cargo-cum-passenger sailings of the Bombay Steam, the Indian Co-operative and the Ratnagar Steam Navigation Companies.

At Ferry Wharf: **Arrivals**

Vijaydurg (Daily) 5-30 a.m
Dabhol (Daily) 6-00 a.m
Panjim Venguria Extension—(on Sundays only) 7-00 a.m
Panjim Special Panjim to Bombay direct Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 7-00 a.m
Rewas Mondays or days following succeeding Holidays 7-45 a.m
Dharamtar (Daily) 13-15 hrs
Rewas Afternoon (Daily) 17-30 hrs
Nahav (Daily) 18-00 hrs

At Prince's Dock: **Arrivals**

Bombay|Bhavnagar Line—Every Monday
Bombay|Karachi Line—Every Thursday
Bombay|Mangalore Line—Every Friday.
Bom.|Saurashtra Line—Every Sunday

From Ferry Wharf: **Departure**

Dharamtal (Daily) 7-30 a.m
Nahava (Daily) 14-00 hrs
Rewas afternoon (Daily) 14-45 hrs

At Prince's Dock: **Departure**

Bombay|Saurashtra Line—Every Tuesday.
Bombay|Bhavnagar Line—Every Wednesday.
Bombay-Karachi Line—Every Saturday.
Bombay|Mangalore Line—Every Sunday.

Laik Ali Case

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST POLICE

Plea To Withdraw Petition Dismissed

HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 20 (PTI): The Special Tribunal hearing the case against Mir Laik Ali and sixteen others today dismissed a petition by Mr. N. S. Chinoy, Counsel for Defence, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, a firm of solicitors, Bombay, seeking permission to withdraw an application filed earlier making certain allegations against the police of harassment of certain parties including harassment of the lawyers of the accused.

Hissamuddin Ghori, one of the accused in the case, submitted for the notice of the Tribunal two newspaper cuttings, one in English and the other in Urdu, which, he said, dealt with a matter relating to the case. The Tribunal ordered that notice be issued to the Advocate-General about this matter which will be heard by the Tribunal on July 3.

THE PEST PASSES

KANPUR, June 20 (PTI): The locust invasion of the United Provinces expected on June 15 materialised yesterday when a swarm of fairly big size locust was sighted over the north east area of the district.

The pest passed off without doing any major damage to the crop. Elaborate precautionary measures had already been taken by the district officials with the help of Congress workers.

Slight damage to mango, rice and paddy is, however, reported from Bongnipur and Ghatampur Theail.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

GOVERNMENT DENIES PRESS REPORTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Recently, a section of the Press, especially Gujarati Press, has been expressing the apprehension that the foodgrains which had been purchased by the Government in the districts of Banaskantha and Mehsana and the Cambay taluka of Kaira District would suffer damage during the monsoon because they were lying in the open.

On the introduction of Government monopoly purchase system in these merged areas, purchase centres were opened in the interior. But owing to scarcity of godown accommodation and difficulty of transport from distant places across sandly tracks, some stocks of grain remained in the open during the peak period of purchase. Prompt steps were, however, taken to transport such grain to places of shelter and also to construct a large number of godowns. At the moment, there is no stock of grain exposed to the weather in any of these areas.

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges, and notables. Annual Life reading monthly details Rs. 5 and 3 questions, Rs. 2. Horoscope or writing time required. Pandit Kaliyur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR THAPONIDHI, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

NARGIS, DILIP KUMAR
in RANJIT'S
JOGAN
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
LIBERTY

ASHOK KUMAR
NALINI JAYWANT
IN
FILMISTAN'S
SAMADHI
ROXY: 3, 6-15, 9.30.

UPROARIOUS
IS THE WORD FOR
NAV KETAN'S
AFSAR
Starring: SURAIYA, DEV ANAND
Direction: CHETAN ANAND
CAPITOL & KAMAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30
KISMET—SURYA—CITYLIGHT
NEPTUNE (Bandra) MODEL (Kurla)
SWASTIK (Malad) ALLWYN (Kalyan)

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Adhik Ashad Shud 6, 2006.
Muslim: Ramjan 4, 1369.
Parsi: Deh 22, 1319.
Sunrise: 7-19 a.m. Sunset: 6-12 p.m.
Hightide: 03-14, 16-02. Lowtide: 09-02 22-20.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Meeting at the Corporation Hall, 3-15 p.m.

FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION: Exhibition at Dhuru Hall, Dadar, "U.S.S.R. Leads Fight for Peace" 6 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study class, Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain, 6-15 p.m.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Showing of short films, Town Hall, Fort, 6-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

MARRIAGE

BHARUCHA - BRECHER — Bejan Dadiba Bharucha to Ilse Brecher on Sunday, 18th June, 1950 at Bombay.

Conditions Of Nursing Staff

SERVICE REGULATED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The conditions of service of the clerical and other IV grade staff of the nursing establishments at Government hospitals in the State, which were taken over by the Government from the respective Nursing Associations in May 1947, have been regulated by the Government of Bombay.

The clerks and IV grade servants who were already subscribers to the Contributory Provident Fund of the Nursing Associations or of the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council, at the time of their transfer to the Government establishment will be allowed to contribute to the Contributory Provident Fund (Bombay) in lieu of pension, with effect from the date of their transfer to the Government establishment. The remaining clerks and servants will be treated as on the pensionable establishment and will be eligible to whatever pension may become admissible to them on their service rendered under the Government after the date of their transfer to the Government establishment. Their past service under the respective Nursing Associations will not be counted for the benefit of pension.

They will be granted casual leave as is granted to other clerks and inferior servants on the establishment of Government hospitals. The grant of leave, other than casual, to these servants will be regulated according to the Revised Leave Rules, 1935, from the date on which they were taken over by the Government.

The IV grade staff taken over by the Government from the Nursing Associations will be put lowest below the Government servants already in the same scale of pay on the date of their transfer to Government establishment, irrespective of the rate of pay drawn by them in a particular scale of pay on the date of their transfer.

B.E.S.T. CONDUCTORS' BIG RACKET

Company Defrauded Of Six Lakhs

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

WHAT is described as a well-organised racket run by a number of B.E.S.T. conductors with the assistance of dismissed employees who had been defrauding this public utility undertaking to the tune of nearly six lakhs of rupees per year by tampering with the ticket-issuing machines, was unearthed by the General Branch C.I.D. yesterday.

Producing Samadali Ramzanali, Mohmedali Shaikh Ibrahim, Lalshah Allabux, Shakaram Jahaji, Salvador Moras before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court, the police stated they did not yet know the extent of the fraud but they suspected that this racket had been going on for the past one year and even some high officials of the B.E.S.T. were believed to be involved in it.

Every bus conductor of the B.E.S.T. is issued a ticket issuing machine before he sets out on his duty. This machine has a handle which turns only in the clockwise direction. Reverse movement of it is stopped by a hammer within the body of the machine. The accused, it is alleged, used to take the machine to a secluded place, remove one of the screws and tamper with the numbers of the tickets recorded by the machine which has about 12 "windows", each showing the total number of the tickets actually issued of each denomination.

At the end of each shift, the conductor is required to deposit the machine at the B.E.S.T. Depot. Instead, one of the hirelings of the gang used to remove the machine to secret hide outs in Mahim, Khodadad Circle, Bombay Central, Sewri and Colaba Depot with the help of cycle boys.

WATCH KEPT

Acting on information, the police kept a watch on "Sergent House" at Berry Road, Colaba. The first accused was seen going inside the building with a machine. After sometime he came out and he was arrested with the machine. A screw driver was found on his person.

On a statement made by him a room on the fifth floor in the same building occupied by servants was raided.

Accused Two and Three who were found there were put under arrest. The police found ticket memos used by the conductors burning in a "segree". These memos cover the trips made by each bus and the numbers of tickets of each denomination issued at each bus stage. Once a machine record of tickets is changed the ticket memos accompanying the machine also require to be changed accordingly.

Accused two is an Ex-starter of the B.E.S.T. Undertaking. He was dismissed for an alleged assault on an Inspector. The room stands in the name of accused three.

In consequence of a statement made by accused one and two, accused four and five were arrested near Sergent House.

Accused four is a discharged conductor and Accused number five is working as a conductor.

Accused No. four according to the police was there for the purpose of taking the machine from the Depot to the hide-out.

Accused number five was there to settle the accounts.

One conductor to whom the machine found with the first accused belonged is said to be absconding.

The arrested persons were produced before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court today and were ordered to be remanded to custody.

Hindi Workers To Meet In City On June 24

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

A conference of workers of Hindi in western India including Saurashtra, Gujrat, Bombay, Maharashtra and Karnatak will be held in Bombay on June 24. It was announced here today. Mr. G. V. Mavalankar, Speaker of the Indian Parliament, will preside and Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay State will inaugurate.

Earthquake Record

NEW DELHI: An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin 3,400 miles away from New Delhi with epicentre near latitude one degree south and longitude 116 degrees east in Borneo was recorded by seismograph at the meteorological office here at 18 hours 15 minutes 41 seconds I.S.T. on Monday.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, June 21.

Air News From Delhi

English—8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9; Gujerati—8-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m., 6-10; 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m., 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m.; Marathi 8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15; Telugu 7 a.m., 1-15 p.m., 7.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor bhaee, 7-40 Today's prog., 7-45 Hindi lessons in Gujerati 8-15 P Solankurkar, todi, 12-45 Tantrakari, 12-50 Kokila Mistry, G geet, 1-40 Light orch. music, 4-20 School broadcast, 5-0 B R Bhatt, puria dhanashree, 5-15 Vimal Sathe, patdeep, 5-30 A K Miruthi, clarionet, 5-45 Kokila Mistry, G geet, 6-10 V Patwardhan, music lessons, 6-30 Kokila Mistry, G geet, 6-45 P G Lad, purvi, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Amritlal, G geet, 7-30 B R Bhatt, yaman, 7-45 For2 industrial workers, 8-30 Air artist, geets, 8-45 Raidio Orch. 9-15 P Solankurkar, pad, 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 A K Miruthi, clarionet, 10-0 Variety.

VARIATIONS

8-0 a.m. A K Miruthi, clarionet, 8-45 P Solankurkar, pad, 1-0 p.m., P G Lad, pad, 1-10 Vividhata 1-50 P G Lad, vocal, 2-10 Vimal Sathe, b sarang, 5-30 M P Pawar, M songs, 5-45 P B Nippanikar, K songs, 6-0 M P Pawar, vocal, 6-20 Villagers' preg., K., 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Hindi lessons in Mar, 8-30 B Vyas, Film review, H 9-0 P G Lad, thumri 9-45 J D Swamidashan, current affair as review, 10-0 Nanasaheb Gokhale's M stage play "Sairandhri", 10-30 P Solankurkar, jaijaiwant.

BARODA.

7-30 a.m. Smaran, 7-45 Today and tomorrow, 7-50 S R Kilailar, bhajan, 8-15 Bimal Mukherji, sitar, 5-30 p.m. For women, 6-10 Bimal Mukherji, sitar, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 Vidyannath Seth, 7-15 As in Ahmedabad, 7-30 B Mukherji, sitar, 8-0 S R Kahar, bhajan, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Worth listening, 9-30 H L Dholakia, talk on Industrial production 9-45 Chhota D Gandharva, music.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 Ashram bhajanvali, 7-40 Bhor bhaee, 8-15 As in Baroda, 8-30 S Petkar's party 5-30 p.m. C Muzumdar, patdeep, 5-45 U Trivedi, flute, 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Geet Sudha, 6-45 U Trivedi, flute, 7-0 C Muzumdar, 2k.a. thumri, 7-15 D Shukla, G short story, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals, 8-5 Juthika Royv, 8-30 C Muzumdar, kh. puria kalyan, 8-45 U Trivedi, flute, 9-30 As in Baroda.

B B C

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 7 a.m. John Bull's Band. 7-45 The Case. 8-15 Report from Britain. 8-45 The Cathedral Organs. 9 Reading by James Stephens. 10 Programme Parade. 10-10 Regional Band of the Royal Air Force. 10-30 The George Mitchell Glee Club. 11 Sports Review. 11-15 Listeners' Choice. 11-45 Listeners' Choice. 12-45 p.m. Programme Parade. 1 I hear and obey. 1-30 BBC Northern Orchestra. 2-30 Here's Howard. 3 Mid-Week Prom. 3-45 People in Industry. 4 Land and Livestock. 4-45 Ralph Wilson. 5-15 Generally Speaking. 5-45 Pipes and Drums. 6 BBC West of England Light Orchestra. 6-45 English Eloquence. 7 Much-Binding-In-The March. 7-45 Ring Up the Curtain. 8-45 Guards on Parade. 9-15 Sterling Value. 9-45 Music for Dancing. 10-30 Mid-Week Talk.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 p.m. London Magazine. 8 Anjuman. 8-30 Radio Zankar.

Van Mahotsava In Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Government of Bombay has tentatively decided that 25 lakhs of seedlings should be planted throughout the State of Bombay during the three-plantation week from July 1 to 7, as part of an intensified drive for three planting U.P.I. learns here today.

Heavy Rainfall In Malabar Likely

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA June 20, (PTI): Following is the all-India weather summary for Tuesday:—

Widespread light moderate rain has occurred in sub-Himalayan West Bengal, the south Konkan, Malabar south Kanara and Travancore-Cochin and local rain in Assam, Orissa, Bihar and east Uttar Pradesh. A few showers have occurred in Chota Nagpur, west Uttar Pradesh, the Punjab Madhya Pradesh and Deccan (Desh).

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 21ST:—The monsoon is likely to strengthen along the west coast of the Peninsula. Rainfall will be widespread in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal along the west coast and local in Bihar, Gangetic West Bengal, along the Orissa coast, in east and north Madhya Pradesh, Deccan (Desh) and Mysore. A few showers are likely in Chota-Nagpur east Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat, Saurashtra, Hyderabad, coastal Andhra-Desa and Tamilnad. Scattered duststorms are possible in Rajasthan and the plains of the Punjab (India).

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely to commence in Malabar, South Kanara and the south Konkan during the next 36 hours.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from June 1 1950, and departure normal recorded at 08-30 hours I.S.T. on June 20:—

Ahmedabad 102 82 0 0 minus 2.2 Ajmer 99 81 0 0.4 minus 0.7, Allahabad 108 83 0.4 0.5 minus 1.6, Bhuj 93 82 0 0 0 0 minus 0.6, Bangalore 81 65 0.1 1.0 minus 1.3, Baroda 99 82 0 0 minus 2.2, Banaras 104 83 0 2.1 plus 0.9 Bhopal 98 80 0 1.3 minus 1.6, Bhuj 93 82 0 0 minus 0.6, BOMBAY 88 79 0.1 10.1 minus 1.4, Calcutta 88 80 0 3.3 minus 3.4, Cherrapunji 69 65 3.7 67.9 minus 3.9, Cochin 81 74 0.5 24.1 plus 4.1 Colombo 85 77 0 6.4 minus 0.6, Cuttack 101 75 0.2 5.0 minus 0.5, Dehra Dun 98 80 0 2.0 minus 1.0, Delhi 106 76 0.7 0.7 minus 0.5, Hyderabad (Dn.) 96 75 0 1.0 minus 2.1 Indore 96 76 0 1.7 minus 1.9, Jaipur 102 85 0 0.3 minus 0.7, Jubbulpore 99 84 0 3.6 plus 0.6, Lahore 111 88 0 0 minus 0.7 Lucknow — 81 0.2 0.6 minus 1.3, Madras 99 83 T 0.5 minus 0.8 Multan — 86 0 0 minus 0.3, Mussoorie 74 62 0 2.3 minus 2.8, Mysore 82 66 0 1.5 minus 0.5, Nagpur 101 82 0 3.5 minus 1.7, Ootacamund 60 50 0 2.0 minus 2.9, Pachmarhi 93 74 0 4.4 plus 0.4 Patiala 108 85 0 0 —, Patna 89 80 0 3.5 plus 0.4, Poona 89 74 0 0.9 minus 2.3, Quetta 95 62 0 0 minus 0.1 Rajkot 100 81 0 0 minus 2.0, Ranchi 95 74 0.4 6.5 plus 1.0, Simla 79 67 0 4.1 plus 1.8.

Revision Petition Admitted

JAIPUR MURDER CASE

JAIPUR, June 20 (PTI): The District and Sessions Judge of Jaipur admitted yesterday the revision petition filed by the prosecution against the orders of the Sub-Divisional Officer of Phulera who granted bail to 12 accused, including the Chairman and Secretary of the Narena Municipal Board, in a murder case. All the accused were ordered to be remanded to custody.

The prosecution charged the 12 accused with having committed murder, dacoity, criminal trespass in Narena, near Sambhar in April this year.

Four prosecution witnesses have so far been examined.

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The Pulse Of The City

GO-SLOW STRIKE: Labourers working in different departments of the Bombay Docks were reported to have adopted go-slow tactics following the dismissal order issued by the Bombay Stevedones' Association to its 3,000-striking workers. Activities in the diffenent sections of the Docks have been affected considerably.

MALTREATMENT: The Central committee of the Goan Peoples' Party in a resolution condemned the maltreatment of the prisoners in Goa prisons.

KIDNAPPED: The Maharbouri city police arrested on Monday one Sumantraj Harischand on a charge of kidnapping a 15-year old girl from her residence at Mughbhat Lane.

THEFTS: During the 24 hours of Tuesday, four cases of thefts were reported involving an amount of Rs. 9,000. **The thefts were conducted at** different parts of the city. A leather bag containing cash and ornaments valued at about Rs. 4,890, was stolen from the Pedhi of Mohanlal Banabhai at Sheikh Memon Street in broad daylight on Monday. Two house-breaking cases were reported to Dongri police from Tandel street. A fourth case was reported from north of the city, where a room was broken open and property worth Rs. 1,200 was removed by some person.

ASSAULTED: Mohamed Shaffy, a dock worker was assaulted on Tuesday morning at Dongri Bridge. He has been admitted in the hospital.

STIPENDS: The Government of Bombay has increased the rate of stipends to the inmates of recognised hostels for Backward Class Girls in the State, from Rs. 12 to Rs. 15 per mensem, with effect from the current financial year. The Government decision followed a recommendation of the Backward Class Board in that behalf.

REDS LOSING GROUND IN INDIA 'RAPIDLY'

NEHRU'S REMARKS AT KUALA LUMPUR

Change In Party Leadership And Policy In Asia Likely

KUALA LUMPUR, June 20 (PTI)

PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU said in Kuala Lumpur yesterday that the present policy and leadership of Asian Communist parties "might change in the near future", correspondent aboard INS. "Jumna" cables PTI.

In an informal chat with M. Shooklin, Chinese millionaire and former Councillor in Malaya's Federal Legislature, Pandit Nehru said the activities of the Indian Communists had caused a lot of harm to their party itself and they were losing ground "rapidly".

"It was the British Government's action in allowing the Communists to come into the open during World War II which gave an encouragement to the 'Red' sword", Pandit Nehru told the Councillor in reply to his questions.

Th. Prime Minister said this action later proved to be a "boomerang" not only in India but in Malaya where the Communists were used against Japanese occupation forces.

INDIAN REDS

M. Shooklin asked Pandit Nehru about the "extent of Communist activities" in India. There was not much difference between the Communists in India and Malaya but in India, they were not so wide spread as in Malaya. Pandit Nehru replied.

The Prime Minister declared that radical land reforms were one of the most urgent essentials to combat Communism. "Agrarian reforms are being pushed through as rapidly as possible in India. Such measures, particularly in Hyderabad State, had good effects on peasantry in weaning them away from Communist influences", he said.

Indian, Malay and Chinese population of Kuala Lumpur gave great ovation to the Prime Minister who broke his journy to Penang here for three hours.

The five-mile route for the aerodrome to the King's House—official residence of the British High Commissioner, Sir Henry Gurney, was lined by cheering crowds who even blocked the way of his yellow limousine at places along the route.

At Selangur, where Pandit Nehru addressed the Indian Association, 60,000 people thronged the hall and heard him in pin drop silence.

Pandit Nehru told them: "Your role is that of carriers of goodwill, to bring about political and economic advancement in Malaya—and not to exploit one people or another".

FOR RANGOON

PENANG: Pandit Nehru took off for Rangoon at 6-15 today morning after a strenuous three-day visit to Malaya.

"I am very glad to have come to Malaya and hope to visit this country again soon", he told pressmen as he boarded the Indian airforce plane that is flying him to the Burmese capital.

Before the aircraft taxied out Pandit Nehru, Mrs. Indira Gandhi and her two children were garlanded by the Resident Commissioner of Penang, Mr. R. P. Bingham, whose guests they were last night.

Among the Indian leaders, who saw the party off, was Mr. J. A. Thivy, Government of India's representative in Malaya.

ARAB STATES WON'T RECOGNISE ISRAEL

Egyptian Minister On Lasting Peace

LAKE SUCCESS, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The Foreign Minister of Egypt, Mohamed Saleh el Din Bey, declared in a radio interview today that the observance of armistice agreements between Israel and the Arab States did not imply that the Arabs were prepared to recognise Israel or co-operate with it.

He was replying to a question about the conditions required for a lasting peace between the Arab States and Israel.

He said Israel had "been established by force on the debris of an Arab country whose people have been scattered, their property usurped, and who now lead an animal life while they are replaced in their dear motherland by outsiders gathered from all corners of the globe".

The Crack In The East

WHITE SULPHUR, Springs, Virginia, June 20. (PTI-Reuter): Marshall Plan Administrator Paul G. Hoffman said last night that there was increasing tension between Russia and her satellites. "Once the Communist world starts to crack, it can disentegrate very rapidly indeed", he said.

Mr. Hoffman speaking at a conference of State Governors, warned that a very dangerous sixth column of people who would "spread dissension, disunity and doubt" existed in the United States.

South African Anti-Red Bill

AMENDMENT ADOPTED

CAPETOWN, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The Bill to outlaw the Communist Party and all Communist activities in South Africa was adopted in Committee in the House of Assembly yesterday when the ten-hours allotted for the Committee stage had expired.

The House had earlier adopted an amendment by the Minister of Justice, Mr. C. R. Swart, providing that a member of Parliament, of a Provincial Council or Legislative Assembly may be unseated on the grounds of Communism only after an enquiry by a select committee.

The Minister's amendment also specifically provided that the tenure of office of judges of the Supreme Court as safeguarded in the South Africa Act, should not be affected by the Bill's provisions.

Mr. Swart said that in the report stage he would incorporate an amendment by a Nationalist Member, that the provision for enquiry by a select committee should not apply to anyone who was declared a Communist on May 5, 1950, when the Bill was first published.

SPEEDING UP WORK ON SUPER H-BOMB

Truman To Ask Congress For 300 M. Dollars

WASHINGTON, June 20. (PTI-Reuter)

PRESIDENT TRUMAN will ask the United States Congress within the next few days for 300 million dollars to speed up work on a Hydrogen super-bomb, congressional sources state d yesterday.

Meanwhile, Senate Committees were hastening measures to increase the military preparedness of America and her allies.

A Senate Armed Services Committee approved a bill authorising the American Navy to spend 350 million dollars on the world's first atom-powered submarine and other weapons said to be so secret that the bill could only describe them in vague terms.

Two Senate Committees, meanwhile, recommended approval of President Truman's second year arms-for-allies programme providing 1,225,500,000 dollars to arm Atlantic Pact and other nations.

Two United States Senate Committees yesterday recommended Congressional approval of President Truman's second year 1,222,500,000 dollar arms-for-Allies programme.

But they did not sanction a proposal in the programme giving the President unrestricted power to ship arms to any nation at his discretion.

They refused to dip into European Recovery Funds for part of the cost.

By a vote of 12-0 the Foreign Relations and Armed Services Committees approved the Mutual Defence Assistance Bill. This provides 1.000 million dollars for military aid to North Atlantic Pact nations: and 222,500,000 dollars for arms aid to South-East Asia, the Philippines, Korea, Persia, Greece and Turkey.

AUTHORITY RESTRICTED

President Truman had asked Congress for authority under the bill to transfer ten per cent of the arms aid to any other nation if he decided that it was necessary for United States Security.

The Committees restricted this authority to apply only to any European nation whose strategic location made it important to the defence of the North Atlantic area.

The Committee's decision was announced by Senator Tom Connally (Democrat, Texas) who presided over the closed joint session.

THE CONDITION

Arms aid under the bill would be given only if security of the North Atlantic area were threatened, he told reporters; and President Truman would first consult the North Atlantic Governments.

The transfer provision met instant Republican opposition on the grounds that it would give the president a blank cheque to ship arms to any part of the world threatened by Communism.

Democratic leaders had said it was designed to meet any sudden grave emergency in which United States action was urgently needed.

A reporter asked Senator Connally if Yugoslavia could receive arms under the new provision.

He declined to comment, saying he "could not go into those details."

ARMS TO SPAIN

A number of Congressmen favour sending arms to Spain because of her anti-communist stand, but the State Department is understood to oppose this.

The bill would permit a friendly nation "whose ability to defend itself is important to the security of the United States" to buy arms and equipment from the United States.

Answering a question, Senator Connally said he supported Israel and the Arab States could come under this section, but added "it is not contemplated that they will."

In addition to European supplies, the bill provides for: 131,500,000 dollars for Greece, Turkey and Persia; 75,000,000 dollars for South-east Asia; and 16,000,000 dollars for Korea and the Philippines.

The Committee had not moved to reduce the allocation, he said.

Senator Connally expected the bill to go to the Senate on Thursday.

NUCLEAR SUBMARINE

A Senate Armed Services Sub-Committee yesterday approved a bill authorising the United States Navy to build the world's first nuclear-powered submarine.

The measure authorising the expenditure of 350 million dollars for this and other weapons, has already been approved by the House of Representatives. It still requires the approval of the full Armed Services Committee.

In addition to the atomic submarine, the bill would authorise the building of a large submarine expected to be capable of remaining under water for periods for longer than the "Enorkel" submarine.

Other vessels involved were a new coastal-type combat submarine and an experimental high speed under-water target submarine.

NO ACTION AGAINST 'TIMES' REPORTER

British Minister On MacArthur's Complaint

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The British Government will take no action on General Douglas MacArthur's complaint that the Tokyo correspondent of the London Times Mr. Frank Hawley, had inaccurately reborted events in Japan, Foreign Under Secretary, Earnest Davies said yesterday.

Britain did not regard General MacArthur's action as interefering with newspaper correspondents' rights nor did the Government endorse the General's complaint, Mr. Davies told the House of Commons.

Replying to questions from three Labour members, Mr. Davies declared that all General MacArthur had done was to call the attention of the Chief British liaison officer in Tokyo to Mr. Hawley's alleged inaccuracies. All the British Government had done was to pass this on to the "Times"

Mr. Hawley announced a week ago that General MacArthur's Chief of Staff, Major General E. Almond, had warned him he might be expelled from Japan as a "security risk".

A statement issued on behalf of General Almond the next day denied this and declared that his talks concerned only alleged inaccuracies in Mr Hawley's reports which tended to "aid, support and encourage subversive elements among the Japanese"

FLOOR PRICE OF WHEAT FIXED

Tentative Decision By Sind Government

KARACHI, June 20. (PTI): A conference between Sind Government and Pakistan officials held here yesterday tentatively fixed the floor price of wheat in Sind at Rs. 6-4-0 a maund.

Final decision will be taken by the Pakistan Cabinet on Wednesday, although an emergency meeting of the Sind Cabinet is called for today.

The sharp fall in wheat prices is estimated to cost the Government of Sind a loss of more than Rs. 40 lakhs.

Disagreement between the Punjab and Sind is reported. The Punjab did not agree to immediate fixation of floor prices which was pressed by the Sind Government.

In case, the Punjab did not fall in line with Sind the latter might cordon off the border to prevent the entry of Punjab wheat into Sind.

FAIR WEATHER IN PROSPECT

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Fair weather with occasional showers will continue in the city during the next 24 hours, is today's forecast of the Santa Cruz Weather Observatory.

The monsoon has been fairly active along the Konkan. Khandala recorded two inches of rain, Vengurla and Mahableshwar one inch each, Marmagoa and Juhu three-fourths of an inch each, and Honavar half an inch.

Rainfall is expected at most places in the Konkan during the next 36 hours, with light rain in a few places in Saurashtra and the South Deccan belt and the Surat region.

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AUSTRALIAN PAPER CRITICISES NEHRU

Support Of Indonesia's Claim To New Guinea

SYDNEY, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).

THE "Sydney Morning Herald" said yesterday that if the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, had visited Australia, he might have been converted from his view on the New Guinea issue.

The newspaper, which was commenting on Pandit Nehru's statement in Djakarta that historical and geographical features ave "weight" to Indonesia's claims in New Guinea, said the statement "must have pleased President Soekarno enormously".

"BOGUS CLAIMS"

"It is wholly contrary, however, to the spirit which should goven the relations between Commonwealth nations for the Indian Prime Minister to support bogus claims to territory whose future status is a matter of vital concern for Australia, but a matter of complete indifference to his own country

"A glance at the map should show Pandit Nehru that "geographical weight" is more on the side of Australia than on Indonesia."

On the Kashmir question, the newspaper added "one thing Pandit Nehru can be sure of—that the Prime Minister of this member state of the Commonwealth will not make his task harder by publicly supporting Pakistan against him."

Stones Greet Planes

TOULOUSE, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Striking vineyard workers yesterday drove off two planes with a barrage of stones when they flew over to spread sulphur on the neglected vines.

Both machines were hit but were able to return to base.

SHVERNIK RE-ELECTED SOVIET CHIEF

Faith In World Peace Reiterated

LONDON, Moscow, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The Supreme Soviet, meeting in the Kremlin yesterday, unanimously re-elected M. Nicolai Shvernik President of the Presidium, and asked the Council of Ministers, under Marshal Stalin, to continue in office.

The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution expressing "complete solidarity" with the petition to outlaw atomic warfare, presented to it on March 8 on behalf of the Stockholm World Peace Conference by an international delegation headed by Frenchman, Yves Farge.

Politburo member, Nikita Khrushchev, proposed the motion approving the activity of the Council of Ministers commissioning it to carry on government

It was adopted by a unanimous vote of both houses—the Council of the Union and the Council of Nationalities.

TRAGIC DIP IN THE TAPTI

SURAT, June 19. (PTI) Two boys were drowned in the Tapti yesterday when they went for a holy dip in the river on the occasion of "Adhika Mas" (the extra month of the year according to lunar system).

The bodies were recovered after three hours.

Thousands of people had a holy dip in the Tapti yesterday.

EXPANSION OF B. C. G. CAMPAIGN SOON

Six Lakhs Spent So Far By Central & State Governments

NEW DELHI, June 30 (PTI).

THE Government of India do not propose to abandon their B.C.G. campaign in Delhi, a spokesman of the Health Ministry told the PTI today.

The spokesman said that the Government of India and the participating states were contemplating on the other hand an expansion of the BCG vaccination scheme in the near future.

Since the inauguration of the scheme in August 1948, the Government of India have so far spent over Rs. 3 lakhs while an equal amount has been spent by the participating states. For the current year, the Government have budgeted for Rs. 2,50,000

The spokesman said that as was recently announced, three T.B centres were to be established, one at Delhi, and the other two at Trivandrum and Patna. These centres would train doctors, nurses, technicians and health visitors in the latest steps now employed for the control of tuberculosis of which the BCG vaccination campaign would be an integral part.

The spokesman said that in pursuance of these schemes, the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund was assistaing to the extent of 356,500 dollars which would go towards equipment, payment to the foreign personnel and scholarships for future training in tuberculosis control. The equipment would include static X-ray equipment, mobile vans with miniature B X-ray units for mass survey, dispensing equipment, laboratory equipment and transport vehicles. The United Nations International Tuberculosis Campaign had also deputed three men to assist in BCG vaccination in these centres while the World Health Organisation was providing technical assistance through their personnel.

The spokesman said that the Government of India would provide the expenditure for the construction of buildings running expenditure for the clinics and for the Indian personnel while the Governments of Bihar and Cochin-Travancore would provide for the buildings and running expenditure at their centres. The Government of India, as a start, had sanctioned the construction of buildings as an extension to the New Delhi T.B Clinic in the compound of the Irwin Hospital. The construction work was scheduled to commence within the next few days and the buildings were likely to be ready by October.

Referring to the progress of the B.C.G campaign in the country so far, the spokesman said that it had gone "from strength to strength" and the monthly average of about 250,000 tuberculin tests at present compared "very favourably" with the monthly average of 30.000 in the first eight months of the campaign. No less than 60 Indian teams have now been trained up and they have tested over 12 lakh of persons and vaccinated with BCG over 375.000 persons.

With the start of the campaign in Rajasthan on July 17 all states in India exception Madhya Pradesh, would have fallen in line with the Central Government's policy of effecting BCG vaccination for all viable age groups throughout India. The Indian Government railways—one of the largest employers of labour—have also taken up BCG vaccination for the benefit of their staff.

PROFIT-SHARING TALK AGAIN

Move To Revive Scheme

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 19: The Ministry of Labour, Government of India, it is learned, is reviving the profit-sharing scheme.

It will be recalled that the Ministry, after the industrial truce in December 1948, had set up a committee to evolve an agreed scheme of profit-sharing. The scheme, however, was acceptable neither to the employers nor to the employees and was, therefore, put off.

Enquiries, however, do not point to its general acceptance at the present juncture.

The Labour Ministry, it is pointed out, has put on the statute book a large number of labour acts leaving their implementation to the State Governments. In actual practice many of them have been imperfectly implemented. The Central Government have no machinery either to enforce their implementation or to collect information as to the extent to which they are being implemented by the State Governments

ILLUSTRATION

The case of Minimum Wages Act is cited to illustrate the point. Under the Act minimum wages were to be fixed by March 15, 1950. At the last Labour Ministers' Conference, held at Delhi, an unsuccessful attempt as made to persuade the State Governments to implement the Act in time. The period of implementation had later to be extended.

There are already two bills—Labour Relations Bill and Trade Union Bill—before the Parliament which have been strongly criticised by working classes.

A section of the people here hold the view that the Ministry of Labour should effectively implement legislation it has already enacted before embarking upon fresh proposals. Reference is also made to Industry Minister, Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab's recent statement that there is human material other than the employers and workers which has so far been completely neglected.

Government of India's main aim at present is to increase production and thereby raise the standard of living of the people. Increased production, if it were to raise the standard of living, should bring down the cost of production. Events since industrial truce do not indicate any drop in the cost of production to any appreciable degree. On the contrary cost of living, which is influenced by cost of production, has gone up. It is in this context that the Labour Ministry will consider the revival of the profit-sharing scheme. It is not, however likely to have an easy passage.

IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE

Delegates Go On Sight-Seeing Tour

SEIGNIORY CLUB, Quebec, June 20. (PTI-Reuter): Members of the Empire Press Union relaxed yesterday at this resort 50 miles from Ottawa, where the hundred delegates and their wives had spent most of last week in business sessions of the seventh imperial press conference.

They were returning to the capital last night and from Ottawa, will visit several Ontario towns before holding their final business meeting at Muskoka, Ontario, on June 26.

SMUTS UNCHANGED

PRETORIA, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The condition of General Smuts, ill at his farm near here, was reported unchanged last night.

A medical bulletin said he had a quiet day except for occasional fits of coughing

Uruguay President Shot At

BUENOS AIRES, June 20. (PTI-Reuter): President Luis Batlle Berres of Uruguay was wounded a few days ago "when a person close to him fired five times at him" the Argentine newspaper "Demoerasia" reported yesterday. "The motives for the attack were personal not political" the paper stated

It added that the President was not seriously wounded and would shortly be able to resume his normal activities

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NAVY'S ODD GOAL WIN OVER B. E. S. T.

Mediocre Encounter In Harwood League

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Enthusiasm took the place of "high standard soccer" at the Cooperage this evening when the Indian Navy beat the B.E.S.T. in the First Division of the Harwood Football League by the odd goal in three.

The Navy were definitely the better team in this mediocre encounter. The cheering of the Navy supporters made up for the deficiencies of the opposing teams. It was mainly a hardhitting game and the Navy proved to be the harder hitters.

Though the Navy forwards brought the ball to their opponents' goal cleverly and often, they could not capitalise on their advantage with the result that at the end of the first session the scoreboard was blank.

In the sixth minute of play a fine centre by Stewart right wing for the Navy was wasted because neither Mukundan nor Raju could connect with it. The Navy kept pressing but lacking finesse could do nothing with their advantage. But the B.E.S.T. were not underdogs throughout the first half. They had a glorious chance in the tenth minute of play, when Govind and Sawant after him, misconnected with a centre from the left.

With the resumption of play, the Navy went all out on the offensive again, and scored in about the seventh minute of play through Mukundan who beat Prabhakar with a well-directed shot from outside the box.

A little later Nicholson's high shot was punched over well by Prabhakar. The Navy could not add to the score and the B.E.S.T. could not equalise because they kept the ball high and Mohammed, Raghavan and Lyngdoh were good headers. Then about seven minutes before close of play Thappa mistimed in trying to kick clear and Sawant who was nearby rushed through and lobbed the ball over the onrushing custodian's raised hands. The latter managed to get his hands to the ball but could not stop it from travelling into the net.

A draw seemed certain but the Navy obviously had different ideas. Referee Mandon caught right back Azavedo obstructing Raju in the goal-mouth and ordered an indirect free-kick against the B.E.S.T. Stewart took the kick and sent the ball to Nicholson who was completely unmarked and he just stuck his left leg out sending the ball into the net, giving Prabhakar no chance whatever.

The Navy have at last secured a good goal-keeper but their deep defenders are unaccountably shaky, particularly D. Singh. B.E.S.T. might well have won the day if they had concentrated on the left.

The teams were:—

INDIAN NAVY:—P. K. Roy; Thappa, D. Singh; Mohamed, Raghvan, Lyngdoh; Stewart, Mukundan, Raju, Nicholson, Chakravarty.

B.E.S.T.:—Prabhakar; Pinto Azavedo; Arjun, Perumal, Shetty; Savant, Balkrishna, Jairam, Shivram, Pimpalgaokar.

REFEREE:—D. M. Mandon.

SUMMERSGILL CUP SEMI-FINAL

The Summersgill Cup Football Tournament has nearly reached its end. In the semi-final this evening Kohinoor Mills surprised Little Pioneers and won by three clear goals.

POONA AGA KHAN HOCKEY

POONA, June 19 (PTI).

Further progress was made in the Poona Aga Khan hockey tournament this evening when the Army Medical Corps beat the Bombay Engineering "B" by four goals to nil while in a later match the Kirkeeans defeated the S. M. E. Kirkee by three goals to one.

In one of the finest matches seen in the tournament so far, the Kirkeeans, who have also reached the final of the Campbell Hockey tourney here, outplayed the hard-hitting S.M.E. Eleven in every department of the game.

The Army Medical Corps, the other finalists in the Campbell Hockey tourney, were much superior to the Bombay Engineering "B".

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-45 p.m. Burmah-Shell vs. G.I.P. (Harwood League First Division).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

4-40 p.m. Times of India vs. Asbestos Cement.

5-40 p.m. St. Xavier's "A" vs. Blue Wizards (Second Division Harwood League).

G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel.

4-35 p.m. Y.M.C.A. vs. Congress Seva Dal.

5-35 p.m. G.I.P. Rly. "D" vs. Wireless Air Force (Musry Cup).

SUSPENSION "SINE DIE"

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Another soccer player, N. Trimbak of Rainbow Sports 'B' received the maximum sentence from the WIFA Committee for his unsportsmanship on the field. He was suspended "sine die".

To recall the incident Trimbak struck a player from the Mahim Young Boys' side in the encounter on the GIP Railway Ground at Parel in the HVM Cup Tournament on Friday, June 16 and was ordered off the field by the referee.

Once more the WIFA are fully justified in meeting out such severe punishment as this ungentlemanly behavour cannot be tolerated on a sports field.

Eduljee Hockey Final

MAHAKOSAL'S LAST MINUTE GOAL

(From Our Own Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, June 20.

The finals of the Eduljee Open Hockey Tournament was played yesterday evening on the Police Grounds and resulted in a win for Mahakosal Club who beat Nagpur Blues by a solitary goal.

The winners are indebted to Hamid their centre forward for a grand last minute goal. The outstanding player for the opponents was their left-iner Lawrie Petters.

Mr. M. A. Khan officiating Deputy Commissioner presented the trophy to the winners.

IN THREE

BENGAL CLUB HELD TO A DRAW

Indian Football League At Parel

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In an evenly contested encounter in the Second Division of the Indian Football League played this evening at the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, Elphinstone Mills and Bengal Club failed to collect full points, but shared two goals. Parab scored for the Mills, while Rakzi equalized in the succeeding period.

In the other match played earlier in the same tournament Indian Air Force have to thank Shankarni for a last minute goal which enabled them to gain full points against Indian Naval Dockyard's junior string when they won by a solitary goal.

Misra Enters Third Round

London Grass Courts Tennis Tourney

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Sumant Misra, of India, today entered the third round of the London Grass Courts Lawn Tennis Championships at Queen's Club with a victory over J. P. Linck of Holland by 8|6, 6|4.

The tournament is regarded as a rehearsal for Wimbledon and most of the stars who will be playing at Wimbledon next week are among the entries.

Narendra Nath was beaten by Irvin Dorfman of the United States in the second round after putting up a good fight.

The score in Dorfman's favour was 4|6, 7|5, 6|3.

Frank Sedgman Seeded No. 1.

DILIP BOSE LISTED NO. 15 IN WIMBLEDON SEEDINGS

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The introduction of 16 men's singles seeds announced today for the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships arises from the fact that it will be one of the most open in the history of the tournament.

It also means that there should be no first round clashes like the Ted Schroeder—Gardner Mulloy battle last year.

As anticipated, Frank Sedgman, 22-year-old Australian champion, is seeded number one, with Billy Talbert, second-ranking American, at number two and Jaroslav Drobny, self-exiled Czech, at number three, followed by Eric Sturgess, the South African champion.

Dilip Bose, stockily built Indian, comes into the list for the first time. Bose was yesterday defeated by David Lurie, the South African, in the first round of the London Championships.

It seems almost certain that the men's singles will develop into a battle between America and Australia.

The women's singles will, as usual, be dominated by the Americans.

Miss Louise Brough, the holder, has been given top place followed by Mrs Margaret Dupont. The only English women included is Mrs. Harrison, formerly Mrs. Betty Hilton, who is seeded number six.

Apart from the United States and Great Britain, the only other competitor to get into the first eight is Mrs. A. Bossi of Italy, who is essentially a hard courts player.

There will be sixteen men's singles seeds for the first time instead of the usual eight in the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships beginning next Monday.

THE SIXTEEN MEN'S SINGLES SEEDS.

1. Frank Sedgman (Australia), 2. Billy Talbert (United States), 3. Jaroslav Drobny (Egypt), 4. R. Eric Sturgess (South Africa), 5. Budge Patty (United States), 6. Gardner Mulloy (United States), 7. Art Larsen (United States), 8. John Bromwich (Australia), 9. Geoff Brown (Australia), 10. Ken McGregor (Australia), 11. Bill Sidwell (Australia), 12. Victor Seixas (United States), 13. Fred Kovaleski (United States), 14. Ivor Dorsman (United States), 15. Dilip Bose (India), 16. Gianni Cucelli (Italy).

THE WOMEN'S SINGLES SEEDS ARE:

1. Miss Louise Brough (United States) Holder. 2. Mrs. Margaret Dupont (United States), 3. Miss Doris Hart (United States), 4. Mrs. Patricia Todd (United States), 5. Miss Shirley Fry (United States), 6. Mrs. Harrison (Formerly Mrs. Betty Hilton), (Britain), 7. Miss Gussie Moran (United States), 8. Mrs. Anna Boss (Italy).

MEN'S DOUBLES SEEDS ARE:

1. Mulloy and Talbert (United States), 2. Bromwich and Adrian Quist (Australia), 3. Drobny and Sturgess, 4. Geoff Brown and Sidwell.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES:

1. Miss Brough & Mrs. Dupont, 2. Miss Fry and Miss Hart, 3. Miss Moran and Mrs. Todd, 4. Mrs. Harrison and Miss Nancy Chchafee (United States).

MIXED DOUBLES: 1. Sturgess and Miss Brough, 2. Talbert and Mrs. Dupont, 3. Sedgman and Miss Hart, 4. Goeff Brown and Mrs. Todd.

BOMBAY TO PARTICIPATE IN SANTOSH TROPHY

Sixteen Teams Invited For Hinrich's Shield Football

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Bombay will send a representative side to take part in the Santosh Memorial Football Tournament, which is, in fact, the Inter-Provincial to be held at Calcutta. This decision was arrived at at a meeting of the W.I.F.A. this evening.

However, the date on which the tournament is due to commence is not yet notified and a statement from the Indian Football Association is expected shortly.

HINRICH'S SHIELD

The Hinrich's Memorial Shield Football Tournament which is confined to booted teams commences on June 26 and the Association has invited fifteen teams.

A representative side from Maharashtra will also be included in the draw besides the 11 first division Harwood League sides.

The teams invited are as follows:—Tatas, Bombay Amateurs, India Culture League, Indian Navy, Rashid's, G.I.P. Railway, Burmah-Shell, St. Francis Goans, Indian Gymkhana, Indian Naval Dockyard, Rainbow Sports, General Motors, Goans, Bombay Gymkhana, B.E.S.T. and Maharashtra.

This booted tournament will be keenly watched and will be a tournament filled with surprises. It will be played when the monsoon sets in its full force and nothing but the booted man can triumph.

The Hinrich's Shield which is run on a knock out basis will prove as an eye opener for the Selection Committee, who will be picking the side to represent Bombay in the Inter Provincial.

It will be quite fair to the many first class players, as teams from Bombay North, who hold the whip hand at Parel have also been invited to participate, and there may be some hidden talent even in that corner which may come to light.

An exhibition game will be played on Sunday June 25, between India Culture League and a Bombay XI in aid of the Football Development Fund which the W.I.A.F have inaugurated.

The following will represent the Bombay XI:—

Christopher (goal); Papen, and R. Almeida (full backs); Middlecoat, Williams and Hussian (Halves); M. Fernandes, A. Braganza, Ganesh, Kuppuswamy and Verghese (forwards).

Reserves: Thingalaya, Parmeshwaran, Aziz, Janki and Vaidya.

Walton, of the Bombay Gymkhana who was ordered off the field by C. S. A. Swami, the referee in the Gymkhana—St Francis goans encounter last Friday was let off without any punishment as he apologized to the referee after the match.

Cricket Laws On Handkerchief!

LONDON (By Mail).

The first printed laws of cricket were set out over 200 years ago—on a linen handkerchief On the handkerchief are depicted players at the game, with the laws inscribed round the edges. One learns this from a book published recently. The Laws of Cricket; Their History and Growth written by the Secretary of the M.C.C., Lieut-Col. R. S. Rait Kerr.

In this fascinating book one is taken over the two centuries' history of the game and learns many interesting facts For instance, one discovers how the first law to deal with wides probably first came about.

It was from an incident in a single-wicket match at Lord's in 1810 between the forceful character Lord Frederick Beauclerk and T.C. Howard on the one side and Squire Osbaldeston and William Lambert on the other. The Squire was taken ill but Lord Frederick insisted on play or pay, on which Lambert, realising he could bowl wide of the wicket without any penalty, consistently did so to his noble opponent, who lost his temper, his wicket and the match.

TRIBUTE TO ARSENAL

LONDON, June 18.

A further tribute to the international appeal of Arsenal, the famous London football team, was forthcoming during the recent tour of Turkey by the Sunderland club. Visiting a bazaar in Istanbul, the Sunderland players found the walls covered with Arsenal photographs. The owner said he was an enthusiastic Arsenal supporter and asked the Sunderland manager to take back to England a small brass cannon to present to Arsenal. The cannon is now in a show-case in the Arsenal manager's room.—(B.I.S.)

INDIAN TENNIS CIRCLES PLEASED

Dilip Bose Seeded At Wimbledon

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): There was a feeling of intense pleasure in Indian Lawn Tennis circles here when it became known that Dilip Bose, their champion, had been seeded at 15 in the Wimbledon Championships.

Some of India's players now competing in tournaments in England gave the impression that they were disappointed that their country had decided not to compete in this year's Davis Cup.

Narendra Nath said, "We think that if we had entered a team for the Davis Cup this year we would have gone a long way. I think it was a mistake not to have entered".

Nath, like his other colleagues has been playing fine lawn tennis recently. He Bose and Sumant Misra are expected to play in a few tournaments after the Wimbledon Championships before going home.

ACCEPTANCES FOR BANGALORE RACES

BANGALORE, June 20 (PTI).

Following are the acceptances for the penultimate days Bangalore races to be held here on Wednesday, June 21.

THE BRINDAVAN PLATE (Div. 1) Dist. 6 Furs.

Systematic 9-4, Jonathan 9-2, Pride D'Antibes 8-13, Wahdina 8-12, Royal Express 8-11, Cannon Queen 8-8, Silver Bell 8-5, Torrid 8-4, Duke of Ramgarh 7-13, Lady Doctor 7-9, Jadilu 7-9, Menzola 7-8, Great Lady 7-4.

THE PALACE PLATE (Dist. 6 Furs.)

Desert Queen 9-4, Keep Smiling 9-0 Shahistah 8-12, Ghaflah 8-12, Night Queen 8-10, Slap and Tickle 8-6, Aerex 8-6, Traitor 8-2, Gay Boy 7-8, Fire Works 7-7, Princess Manna 7-6, Raisili 7-0.

THE PHILANTHROPIST CUP (Div. II) (Dist. 1 Mile).

Adorable 9-4, Abdel 9-3, Botticelli 9-2, D. F. C. 9-0, Striding Edge 8-13, Puri Pakodi 8-13, Florida 8-11, Golden Boy 8-11, Crescendo 8-10, Palmy Days 8-9, Sir Knight 8-7, Spanish Girl 8-1, Gipsy Lore 8-0, Gleaming 7-13, Turf Star 7-12, Khushroo 7-11, My Pleasure 7-10, Monkiss 7-9.

THE BRINDAVAN PLATE (Div. II) (Dist. 6 Furs.)

Sherni 9-4, Yearling 9-4, Georgie 9-3, Sabah Al Khair 9-2, Tajik 8-13, Akash Deep 8-6, Ack Ack 8-2, Handley Cross 8-1, Courtship 8-1, Princess Padma 8-0, Nizamuddin 8-0, Cigarette 8-0, She's Nice 7-13, Hurry On 7-12, Vagabond Queen 7-9, Lady Limarch 7-3, Custody 7-2.

THE CHIKKAVARAM GOLD CUP (Dist. 1 Mile 2 Furls.)

Dev Kumar 9-4, Double Chime 9-3, Sinister 9-1, D. Day 8-13, Deuce of Clubs 8-13, Wet Bob 8-12, Chocolate Baby 8-12, Par Excellence 8-6, New Era 8-5, Mighty Atom 8-2, Heartbreaker 7-10, Necklace 7-10, Onyx 7-4, Hunter 7-0.

THE BULGAR PLATE (Dist. 7 Furls.)

Nuremberg 9-5, Padmini 9-4, Corossolier 9-0, Torchlight 8-11, Vanderdale 8-9, Pankaj 8-5, Lejong 8-3, Fleet Wings 8-3, Thunder 8-2, Nettled 7-12, Naeem 7-11, Clever Lass 7-11, Galway Rose 7-8, Nuralia 7-5, Sicily 7-3, Wing Commander 7-0.

THE PHILANTHROPIST CUP (Div. I) (Dist. 1 Mile).

King's Star 9-4, Lizalee 9-1, Kaffir Chief 9-1, French Prior 9-0, Lily of the Valley 8-13, Nea Hellas 8-12, Carpala 8-11, Naga Kanya 8-11, Desert Hawk 8-9, Loyal Prince 8-9, Pink Flower 8-8, V. Day 8-7, Triumph 8-7, Musketeer 8-6, Imroz 8-6, Osgar 8-6, Sunlight 7-12, Brilliant Sunshine 7-8.

THE BORAJANNAH PLATE (Dist. 6 Furs.)

Sanjagh Saad 9-7, Dahman Ahmed 9-0, Head Worker 8-8, Indian Flower 8-2, Assaf Mahmud 7-13, Daharhim 7-11, Mandub Al Garh 7-7, Black Hazard 7-7, Prince Farhan 7-0.

G. I. P. Beaten In Semi-Final

Inter-Railway Hockey Tournament

MADRAS, June 20 (PTI): The S. and S. M. Railway defeated the GIP Railway by three goals to two in the second semi-final of the Inter - Railway Hockey Tournament here today.

NOTTINGHAM SUFFER INNINGS DEFEAT

Worrell Bowls For Over 3 Hours And Takes 5 Wkts.

REG. SIMPSON'S FIGHTING CENTURY

NOTTINGHAM, June 20. (P.T.I.-Reuter).

The final day's play of the match here in which the West Indies beat Nottinghamshire by an innings and 61 runs was distinguished by two fine individual performances, one for each side.

Reg Simpson, who will be playing for England in the second Test match which starts at Lords on Saturday, batted for the four hours and forty minutes which the Notts second innings lasted and made 109 including 14 fours out of a total of 224.

For the West Indies, Frank Worrell, with his slow left arm deliveries kept one end going for three hours twenty minutes and finished with the excellent figures of 41 overs 21 Maidens 57 runs 5 wickets, which were a tribute to both his endurance and his accuracy.

Simpson apart, the Notts batting, as in the first innings, was patchy and Joe Hardstaff with 35 was the next highest scorer.

In the first innings Notts had been dismissed for 240 runs, in reply to the West Indies total of 525 for five declared, and had followed on 285 runs benind.

Nottinghamshire's chances of saving the game against the West Indies touring team had brightened by lunch on the final day of the match here.

At the interval they had scored 156 for four wickets in their second innings and with six wickets still to fall required 129 runs to avoid the innings defeat.

Yoserday Nottinghamshire were forced to follow on 285 runs behind when they scored 240 runs in reply to the West Indies first innings total of 525 for five declared.

A damaged finger prevented John Goddard, the West Indies captain, from fielding today.

On a pitch which showed no signs of wear Simpson and Harris found little to worry them in the bowling this morning and the Nottinghamshire openly pair looked so confident that it came as a surprise when they were separated. Even then it was a bad mistake in going for a quick single which led to Warris being run out with the total at 70. He batted 100 minutes for 21.

Winrow quickly showed his capabilities and by forcing methods he hit 20 out of 23 in boundary strokes. At 98 however Worrell bowled him and this brought together the two England players Simpson and Hardstaff.

At 148 Hardstaff was guilty of his first bad stroke. Playing forward to Worrell he presented the bowler with an easy return catch. He batted over three-quarters of an hour for his 35.

Stocks did not last long and at lunch Simpson had made 72 not out in the total of 156 for four.

Reg Simpson, who is in the England team to meet the West Indies in the second test match, scored a brilliant 109 but failed to save his side from an innings defeat.

He opened the innings and was the last man out, having batted four hours and 40 minutes for his fifth century of the season which included 14 fours.

Simpson played a steady innings and attempted few forcing strokes: Indeed he gave the impression that he was more intent on batting practice in view of Saturday's test.

Simpson and Harvey took the score to 191 after lunch but at that total Williams claimed two wickets. First, he held a return catch to dismiss Harvey, and, two balls later, Stinchcombe patted the ball defensively into the hands of Gomez at silly point.

Jepson hit out at everything but at 206 was brilliantly caught at mid wicket when trying to pull a delivery from Worrell.

At 222, Worrell clean bowled Sime and Butler and two runs later Simpson's long innings ended when he gave Williams a return catch.

Worrell with his left arm slows, achieved a remarkable piece of bowling.

Keeping one end going for three hours twenty minutes, he took five wickets for 57 runs and mainly due to his fine work, the Tourists won by an innings.

SCORE BOARD

WEST INDIES (first innings) for 5 wkts decl.	525
NOTTINGHAMSHIRE (first innings)	240
NOTTINGHAMSHIRE (second innings)	
Simpson c and b Williams	109
Harris run out	21
Winrow b Borrell	23
Hardstaff c and b Worrell	35
Stocks c Christiani b Gomez	3
Simpson c and b Williams	109
Harvey c and b Williams	14
Stinchcombe c Gomez b Williams	0
Jepson c Williams b Worrel	15
Sime b Worrell	1
Butler b Worrell	0
Rowe not out	0
Extras	3
Total	224

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.M.R.W.
Pierre	8/0/24/0
Jones	6/1/14/0
Gomez	18/5/32/1
Worrell	41/21/57/5
Williams	27/5/4/81/3
Stollmeyer	41/13/0

ENGLISH TEAM FOR SECOND TEST WAS JUST AS EXPECTED

Return To Natural Wickets Welcomed

LONDON, JUNE 18.

THE ENGLISH CRICKET SELECTORS WHO MET AND CHOSE THE TEAM FOR THE SECOND TEST AGAINST THE WEST INDIES STARTING AT LORD'S ON JUNE 24, DID JUST WHAT WAS EXPECTED.

Alec Bedser had to be brought back and this meant that a spin bowler had to be excluded from the team that played at Old Trafford. And Laker, it had to be. After his sensational eight wickets for two runs in the Test trial he had little success on the Manchester wicket that was all the way spin bowlers paradise.

The next change was to bring back Cyril Washbrook, England's opening bat. Tom Dollery of Warwickshire, who was tried out in the first Test, failed to reproduce his county form.

Youngsters retained in the team are left-arm spin bowler Berry, who bowled with conspicuous success and Doggart, who played two useful innings and fielded brilliantly. He is given another opportunity, may be with a view to the future captaincy of England.

Berry was perhaps fortunate to find a wicket so suited to him on his first appearance but he certainly took full advantage of it, as his match aggregate of nine wickets for 116 runs justified. If he can follow this up on less amenable wickets in the later tests, he is certainly for the M.C.C. tour of Australia next winter.

The first Test will always be remembered for the wicket which so much favoured the bowlers. Ironical though it was that such a wicket should have been provided (and which led to the match finishing in just over three days) after the Tests with the West Indies had been extended to five days each, it was refreshing to many followers of the game to see a return to more natural wickets which give bowlers a better chance.

Undoubtedly there is more interest in a game where batsmen have to earn their runs, rather than one in which, by the exercise of watchfulness and patience on a featherbed wicket, mammoth and unassailable totals can be built up by the side taking the first knock Evan's century on the first day of the Test and Stollmeyer's classic 78 on the last showed that even on such a wicket good batsmen will still get runs.

MUSRY CUP FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Drawn games were a feature of both the matches played this evening in the Musey Cup Football Tournament played at the G.I.P. Railway Ground this evening.

Bombay Stars shared four goals with Bombay Gas Co. Kabir, and Shankar scored for the former, while D'Souza scored both goals for the latter.

Thos. Cook Sports Club and G. Police 'B' were concerned also in a draw and six goals were shared. Mendis, Hasset and Sailekar scored for Thos. Cook's, while Vaz, Shankar and Antao scored for the Policemen.

NORTHUMBERLAND PLATE PROBABLES

LONDON June 20 (PTI Reute.)

A field of seven, the smallest for many years have been declared probables for the Narthumberland Plate, running over two miles at Gosforth Park, Newcastle, tomorrow.

The runners with jockeys are: Donino (J. Caldwell); Coltbridge (Doug Smith) Gadzowoak (Herbert Jones) Royal Part (W. Snaith) Royal Entrance (J. Dyson) Guerriel (T. Mahon) and Ihasa (H. Greenaway).

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON, June 20. (PTI-Reuter).

Following are todays County Cricket close of play scores.

AT SWANSEA: Glamorgan versus Surrey: match drawn.

Glamorgan 448 and 150 for one (Parkhouse 75, H. Davies not out 54). Surrey 326 (Clark 60).

AT HOVE: Sussex-Cambridge University match drawn.

Sussex 312 and 359 (C. Oakes 51, Coz 93, J. Oakes 151 Warr five for 78);

Cambridge University 471 (for five declared.)

AT LORDS: Yorkshire beat Middlesex by 229 runs.

Yorkshire 437 (for six declared) and 158 (for seven declared;)

Middlesex 288 (for nine declared) and 78 (Wardle 8 for 26).

AT NORTHAMPTON: Essex-North. nptonshire match drawn.

Essex 431 (for nine declared). Northamptonshire 240 (Brown 57, Peter Smith 5 for 57) and 281 for 7 (Livingstone 85, Brown not out 134).

Donald Campbell Water Speed Endeavour

LONDON, June 20. (PTI-Reuter).

The eleven-year-old Bluebird British speed ace Sir Malcolm Campbell's speedboat will go to Lake Coniston, Cumberland, on Saturday to challenge American attempts to beat the world water speed record of 141 miles per hour set up by him in 1939.

The man behind it is 29-year-old Donald Campbell, son of Sir Macolm who died last year.

Donald said "somebody will beat my father's record this year and I want it to stay on this side of the Atlantic. Five men in American and one in Canada are having a crack."

STAFFORD SHIELD

BANGALORE June 20.

The Mysore State Police entered the semifinal round of the Staffor Challenge Cup Football Tournament here today, beating the Southern Dynamos from Madras by two goals to one. The winners now meet league champions, The Binny Mills who have already won two tournaments in Madras.

The Bombay Chronicle

COMMERCIAL CONFIDENCE

Mr. Sri Prakasa, Minister for Commerce, Government of India, appealed to the local business community to co-operate with Government in the common effort to raise the economic status of the country. He emphasised that mutual distrust would do no good and suggested that, just as it was wrong to think that every businessman was a blackmarketer, it was equally wrong to think that every Government servant was corrupt. He believed that, once mutual distrust was got rid of, it would be possible to improve conditions, adjust policies and secure the future. Thus, as far as the business community is concerned, his remarks prove that there exists distrust on both sides. The Government has less practical experience and has several colossal plans to improve the economic condition of the country. These "blue-prints" have not convinced the businessmen as sound and naturally they draw back from participation. The Government, believing that businessmen are not co-operative, enact various controls and pursue policies of high taxation, in an effort to raise finances for all their plans. On the other side, businessmen do not like to lose their freedom which is threatened by various controls, and are unwilling to bear high taxation. If the Government is anxious to raise the economic status of the country, they must have close contacts with businessmen. Representations made in association meetings are very formal and do not solve any problem. The Government sometimes regard all advice or opinion coming from businessmen as either selfish or misleading. But, when the Commerce Member believes that every businessman is not a blackmarketer, there must be at least a few honest enough to give disinterested advice and offer effective co-operation, as they too have a desire to raise the economic status of the country. The Government, if it is anxious to create the much-needed trust, must find out the reason behind the existence of black markets, the evasion of tax payments and the prevailing feeling of militant materialism. If outspoken honest businessmen are approached, they will not hesitate to point out what has led to evil practices among some of them and as practical men they will also guide the Government in finding ways and means to blot out unsocial activities. It is true that every Government servant is not corrupt; and hence, given a combination of non-corrupt Government servants and honest businessmen, it will not take much time to put the country's economy in a progressive form. The Government will be all the better as with effective co-operation, they will be able to derive more revenue from the increased profits of business. Thus there will be more harmony in industrial life. The Commerce Minister will have no need to ask for co-operation. There cannot be forced co-operation as the same leads to anti-social activities while willing co-operation will have amazing and swift results within a short time. Thus it is necessary that the Government must seek advice from each trade and industry about individual requirements and formulate their plan and associate businessmen wherever possible in its execution. As long as they find the working satisfactory, they must continue the process. This will make businessmen confident of the future of industrial progress. Similarly the Government must seek advice from consumers also as controls exist mainly in the interest of consumers. Ideals may be honest but without effective co-operation from all concerned, the mistrust will be ever present and it will be impossible to raise the economic status of the country. All the parties concerned must feel that everything is being done for them and naturally for the country. Not only this, everyone should find it possible to believe in all sincerity and earnestness that what they are doing is contributing to national life and industrial progress.

Via Sinkiang?

A correspondent of the London "Daily Telegraph" has reported from Srinagar what he suggests is an alarming situation north of Kashmir. The Soviet Union, he says, is developing Sinkiang as an air and military base directed against India and Pakistan and as a source of uranium for atomic production. The Russians, the correspondent adds, are already using ten air-fields in the western-most province of China, which is being detached from China and integrated within "the economic structure of the Soviet Central Asian States". Sinkiang represents one of the regrettable features of Soviet policy in general and Soviet-Chinese relations in particular. There is a mystery about Sinkiang and that mystery can only be explained in terms of virtual acquisition of Sinkiang by the Soviet Union and of Communist China's surrender on that subject. This is a creditable transaction neither for the Soviet Union nor for the Communist China. And because of its geographically contiguous situation, Sinkiang is and should certainly be a matter of interest and concern for India and Pakistan. But what kind of interest and concern and to what extent?

All the air-fields are, the "Daily Telegraph" pointedly says, being built and all are being extended for use by four-engine planes, which would "bring important centres in India and Pakistan within range". Thus a Soviet threat, according the "Daily Telegraph", to India and Pakistan is "very real". And, of course, the two countries should, therefore, immediately identify themselves with Western Powers. But that can hardly avert the threat. With rapid and remarkable improvements in the range of bombers, there would be a "very real threat" to the sub-continent even without the use by the Soviet Union of Sinkiang. In fact, India's neutrality might well keep the sub-continent out of trouble if not actually avert a war. Indeed, the correspondent himself has answered his paper's point about India and Pakistan facing a "very real" Russian threat from Sinkiang. "There is", he says, "evidence that Russia plans to make Sinkiang one of its emergency evacuation areas for heavy industries in the event of hostilities in the West. In other words Sinkiang is regarded as a safety area, which would not be the case if the Soviet Union intended a conflict with India and Pakistan. Nor should this alarm about Sinkiang be used for the purpose of hustling this country into accepting a British solution of the Kashmir question, which seems to be one of the main objectives of the London paper.

Far-Fetched

Nations having atom bombs in their possession were called upon by the world renowned physicist Dr. Albert Einstein to surrender them to a hypothetical 'supra-national authority'. This appeal no doubt lent moral support to the Moral Rearmament World Assembly which is in session at Caux-Sur-Montreux, but will it have the slightest effect on the countries engaged, behind the glittering curtain of peace, in a race, for military rearmament? A reply in the negative is easily available. Dr. Einstein's appeal synchronised with news of a directly opposite nature from Washington that President Truman was to ask the Congress for a large fund to speed up work on the hydrogen supur bombs. In the cold war which has proceeded unabated, both the A and H bombs have been flaunted. Even if Professor Einstein achieves the impossible task of prevailing upon such countries to surrender or destroy atom and hydrogen bombs, the mentality which sanctions the manufacture and use of such deadly weapons is not going to be eradicated nor will it be softened by the woeful tales of sufferings brought by the atom bomb upon Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Pacifists like Dr. Einstein will have to organise a world-wide front stronger and more influential than the Moral Rearmament Assembly in order to bury for atom and hydrogen bombs. The 'supra-national-authority' which he has in view will be a dream never to be realised as long as the present state of affairs of world politics continues.

Thought For The Day

The cowardice of the honest people ensures the success of the scoundrels.

—VOLTAIRE.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, June 19: The Times said today that admission of Communist China to the U.N. would leave a chance "no matter how slender or limited in value, of averting a final rupture" of the international institutions which were one of the few places where East and West could meet.

The admission "would be no more than the recognition of a fact, however, distasteful," it asserted.

After warning the nations that the world organisation could "easily be split beyond repair" at the September session on the issue of admitting the Chinese Communists, The Times declared that the good work the U. N. had done suggested that "a complete severance would not be a gain to the free countries."—P.T.I.-Reuter.

* *

In a U.N. radio interview, Professor Einstein has called on all nations possessing atom bombs to surrender them to a 'supra-national authority'

Who will?

* *

The world-famous physicist-humanist also declared that the way to peace lay through Mahatma Gandhi's doctrine of "non-participation in evil."

The tragedy is that they will all come back to it when it is too late.

* *

The Srinagar correspondent of the London "Daily Telegraph" reports that Russia is developing (Chinese) Sinkiang as an air and military base directed against India and Pakistan and as a source of uranium.

This is at least a fair exchange for Moscow radio reports regarding the U.S. and Iran.

* *

The paper, the "Daily Telegraph", for its part, commenting on a "very real" Russian threat to India and Pakistan, urges them to end their quarrel over Kashmir and calls on India to make clear that she "stands resolutely with the Western Powers."

We knew there would be other catches too.

* *

The South African Senate has passed the Group Areas Bill by a single vote majority, viz., 20 to 19.

And, as Doctor Donges effectively rubbed into the opponents (the White nineteen), those Senators who opposed the passage of the Bill were going even beyond what Pakistan had suggested. Need we say more?

* *

According to a PTI-Reuter report, a Soviet woman biologist has claimed over the Moscow radio that Soviet scientists were near solving the secret of the origin of life.

At this rate there will, in five years' time, be nothing left to claim.

Save one, namely, the discovery by Soviet scientists of God, of His identity and of his residence. Which also would follow in due course—and according to your anticipation.

* *

Three countries, reports PTI-Reuter, have offered asylum to rebel leader captain "Turco" Westerling in case he is deported, according to John Thiessen, a Dutch defence witness who will appear before the court hearing Indonesia's extradition application.

We cannot exaggerate our eagerness to know what these countries are—for ready and very useful reference.

IMPROVING INDIA'S HEALTH

Amrit Kaur May Return With Ambitious Plan

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

THERE may be new plans in the handbag of Rajkumari Amrit Kaur when she arrives in India. The plans relate to the health and happiness of the common man in India, especially those who live in villages and villages.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, India's Health Minister, left for India on June 15 after spending about a fortnight in London. During this period she visited medical and welfare centres, especially those in rural areas, met British Ministers like Mr. Bevan, the architect of Britain's new national and free health service, and Dr. Edith Summerskill, Minister of Insurance, lunched with Lord Halley, boss of the BBC and Sir J. Sargeant, the Conductor in Chief of Royal Choral Society and conductor of the delightful concerts for children. She also had a long talk with Mr. Gordon Walker, Minister for Commonwealth Relations, who proposes to go on a two-month tour of Australia, New Zealand and Ceylon. Amrit Kaur, who like the Indian Prime Minister, loves English theatre, managed to see two plays. Being a cricket fan, she could not miss visiting the Lords. She met her countrymen and countrywomen in London and had about three meetings with India's lads and lassies who, she thinks, are a fine lot..

BIRTH CONTROL

At the one-hour press conference Rajkumari Amrit Kaur replying to a question about the growing Indian population she said that they were not terribly worried about it. She ruled out birth control as a means of restricting the growth as that was against the sentiment of the large number of people, but hoped that if they raised the standard of living, they would be able to solve the population problem. Indeed, as Prof. Bernal said recently, "When you get a higher standard of living you get a lowering birth rate". But is there immediate hope of substantial improvement in the standard of living? While the present low standard of living continues, the growth in population must be a matter of serious concern. It is quite true that in the existing circumstances the people of India might not find birth control acceptable. But that should not prevent leaders of thought considering the pros and cons of birth control. General Cariappa, India's Commander-in-Chief, while in this country, expressed views supporting birth control as one of the means of solving the population problem. The opinion even in Europe on the subject of birth control is sharply divided. When birth control was first discovered, it was held by many social reformers as an epoch-making event. Swinburne in "POPULATION AND SOCIAL REFORM" says that "limitation of and the means formed the greatest discovery the man had ever made". The late Prof. Laski once observed that "to give the working woman a conscious control of parenthood was one of the most considerable pieces of liberation that had ever come to human race."

POWER OVER NATURE

The control of population problem would place in the hands of society a weapon whose significance is comparable with the discovery of fire. It may give us power over nature whose consequences no one can see. Francis Low, one of the first to ask British workers, to observe birth control, in a leaflet distributed amongst them said, "by limiting the number of children, the wages both of children and grown up persons will rise; the hours of working will be no more than they ought to be: you will have time for recreation, some means of enjoying yourselves rationally; some means as well as some time for your own and your children's morals and religious instruction. F such means you will remove the causes of the wretchedness which afflicts you". The views of these people cannot be dismissed as those of cranks. Yet, one cannot lightly dismiss the experience of other countries in the matter of birth control. It is said that in certain cases it has lowered moral atmosphere, and produced cases of neurosis and unhappiness in married life. But such cases will not seem to be large. In any case Indian leaders should not feel bashful of discussing birth control.

FACTS OF LIFE

NIETZSCHE, in his Joyful Wisdom, published several years ago, observed that all the world had agreed to educate women with as much ignorance as possible IN EROTICIS and to "inspire their soul with profound shame of things". Bernard Shaw, who also noted this phenomenon, suggested that he would like to place D. H. Lawrence's Lady Chatterley's Lover in the hands of every young virgin before marriage so that she might be properly acquainted with physics of life and not unduly bashful". Things have since then completely changed in this country and on the Continent. In certain institutions boys and girls are today given lectures on facts of life. The orthodox keep on complaining, but intelligent opinion is all for enlightenment In India this vital matter is still a taboo and boys and girls grow up into men and women without having any correct idea of facts of life. Girls, specially, to quote the words of Nietzsche, are intended to have neither eyes, ears, words, nor thoughts of this, their wickedness, to be hurled with an awful thunderbolt into reality and knowledge with marriage—Wives easily feel their husbands as a question mark to their honour, and their children as an apology or atonement".

Ignorance has done harm, and those, anxious to build up a healthy race in

(Continued on Page 9)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Gentle Rain

When Shakespeare compared the quality of mercy to "gentle rain", he was certainly not referring to the tropical downpour. And the Elizabethan State had no roofless refugees to worry about, for even though the strolling players might run the risk of being arrested as "vagrants", they had a home to rest their tired limbs. Delhi, it is reported, had a shower of rain, welcomed, no doubt, by the bureaucrats secure in their government-built quarters. But to the refugees carrying on their trade in the Swedish pre-fab shops, it is said, it has been a source of grief. They now find that the shops cannot stand a 48 m.p.h. wind, but then the Swedish engineers might say that they did not bargain for a storm when they prepared their blue-prints. Swedish wood, they might add, is not used to withstand Indian rain. And this has been what the indefatigable H.V. Kamath has been saying all along. We can now expect him to come out with a resounding statement. But all hope need not be abandoned yet. The experts who have been brought here at much expense and trouble, can surely find a way out. They can build two sets of pre-fab houuses, one for use in the summer, and another for use during rain. It might mean a couple of thousands more to the cost, but then you cannot expect the experts from Sweden to be bothered by these small details. God knows they already have had enough pin-pricks from people like Mr. Kamath.

Associating The Ruled

The British take hope from the recent appointment of Sir Harold Briggs, a retired general, as civilian director of the operations in Malaya. From fighting the Japanese in these same areas, the British know a lot more about jungle warfare than a decade ago. But most of the Malaya Communists are Chinese, with a centuries-long tradition of secret organization against despotic war lords. The Malayan masses are friendly or, at least, sceptical of white imperialism. Red China has won British recognition. It looks like a long struggle ahead. In Malaya, however, there is some indication of moves to assuage the more basic complaints on which guerilla violence grows. Dato Onn, who is President of the United Malays National Organization, has suggested some political changes. Significantly these are under consideration at Whitehall in London. "The most promising suggestion is that citizenship should now be granted to all persons born within the Federation of Malaya, and to those who qualify by a period of residence", comments the left-wing Tribune of London. "It is high time that those who have made Malaya their home, particularly the Chinese, were granted the right to full participation in the life of the country". Another Onn proposal is the addition to the legislative council, which is not elected, of five "unofficial ministers"—three Malays, one Chinese, one Indian The idea, of course, is to give representation to the native peoples, and the very fact that a Malayan political group is pushing the plan already shows a kind of participation in government. Moreover, representatives of over 100 trade unions have formed a Malayan Trade Union Council.

Import Control

The Government of India, it is learnt, is proceeding to set up a High Power Committee in order to study the working of the import control policy. This move by the Government was obviously prompted by the volume of criticism levelled against the import control policy followed by the Ministry of Commerce. In the capacity of an advisory body the Committee may not be able to contribute much towards reorientation of the import policy. To begin with, it is necessary to study the entire field of imports and to classify them in various categories. The data, thus, collected should determine the principles which should govern the policy and also the changes to be made in it from time to time. More important than this is strict supervision over administration of the policy. It should be a day-to-day function and should be undertaken by the Minister or should be entrusted to a responsible authority placed under him. If mismanagement or muddle is to be avoided, unrelaxed supervision over the issuing of licenses must be accepted as a logical procedure. In the context, of such conditions, it will be interesting to know what position the Government proposes to allocate the High Power Committee in relation to the Ministry of Commerce.

Why This Wrangle?

The controversy that is raging around the panchayat elections in Andhra is hardly edifying to the great organisation. It is a pity that the name of the President of the Congress should be bandied about and that he should be charged with partisanship. To the outside world, the controversy makes little meaning, apart from the fact that two eminent Congressmen are ranged against each other. Mr. Prakasam is a veteran Congressman, but of late his activities, inspired no doubt by the best of motives, tend to encourage disruption in the organisation. A schism in Madras was barely averted by the intervention of the Sardar, and at the moment everything seems to be smooth on the surface. But the controversy is now being carried on another front, and even the intervention of the A.I.C.C. has not brought any solution; as a matter of fact, it seems to have confused matters still further, for the Congress President has seen it fit to stay the proceedings launched by the A.I.C.C. representative. Mr. Prakasam has now come out with a statement, after meeting Sardar Patel, that his "mission" has succeeded. This might produce a wrong impression, namely that the Sardar has set at naught the Congress President's directive, which, however, is absurd. One wishes that the public is spared this spectacle of disputes between leading lights of the Congress.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Thefts In Train

Thefts and assaults have been frequent occurrences in the trains these days. Recently, I have become a victim of one such theft.

On the 15th, I boarded the Howrah bound E.I.R. Bombay Mail from Piparia, with my wife and two boys. Before retiring for the night at Allahabad, I personally saw to it that all the bolts of the doors and windows were securely fastened. I woke up at about 5-0 in the morning (16th) and found to my consternation that two of my attache cases and my kurta had been stolen on the way. One of the attache cases contained my wife's jewellery and my kurta contained my wrist watch, fountain pen and about Rs. 300/- besides our tickets. I estimate my total loss at about Rs. 7,000/-.

I reported the matter immediately to the guard etc. and lodged my formal complaint at Goma. But for exhibiting surprise, the Railway Authorities had little consolation to offer me.

After having heard and read so much regarding the Railway Administration's proposed steps to make conditions of our railway travels easy and secure, this theft has naturally come as a cruel jolt to me. I am, of course, happy that no harm has been done to my person or to the persons of my wife and children. Still, after the promise made by the Hon'ble Minister for Transport in Parliament closing his budget speech that "Indian Railways are doing well; they will do better", one feels rather sad and disillusioned at the utter impotence of the Railway Administration whose mounting record of incompetence in protecting the life and property of the passengers has reached frightful limits.

DWARKA PRASAD TAORI

Calcutta: June 19

Rationalism

A correspondent, M. B. G., states in the columns of this paper that there is no difference whatever between pure Buddhism and Rationalism. If this be really the case, then where is the sense in preferring pure or impure Buddhism to simple Rationalism is but a truism to say that in a secular state one should give precedence to recularism and rationalism over any sort of religion that takes one's mind off from the affairs of this world and attaches it to some hypothetical other world.

If pure and unalloyed Buddhism is a sublime religion, refined Hinduism is no whit inferior to it in the loftiness of its teachings; while corrupt and degraded form of Buddhism is not in the last better han idolatrous and ceremonial Hinduism. Then why should one be called upon to change one's hereditary religion? Though Buddhism does not believe in a personal God, the followers of this religion offer the same sort of homage and worship to Buddha which is offered by the adherents of other religions to some highly spiritual being to whom they give the designation of "God".

It is the general tendency of the masses to ignore the ethical tenets of world-teachers, and to give undue importance to the outward forms and ceremonies of religion.

The beauty and grandeur of Rationalism lies in the fact that a Rationalist is free to accept or reject four or forty varieties according to the dictates of his own reason. His sole "guru" is his fallible reason and not an outside authority. however lofty-minded the latter be.

Therefore it would be well for Dr. Ambedkar to advise all Indians to be rationalists and to stand on their own legs, rather than be religionists and to wait for spiritual succour.

—SOHRAB A. KALYAN

Cottonseeds Control

Last year the Government of Bombay imposed control on the distribution of cottonseeds and freezed the entire stock by the end of the season 1948-49. But as the rains were satisfactory, by October 1949, the Government realised that there was no fear of fodder shortage in the province and so tried to dispose of the stock of cottonseeds held by the Government. The Collector of Broach sold the stock in his district to an association of merchants on an understanding that the merchants would be free to export the cottonseeds outside the State of Bombay. But due to the difficulty of getting wagon supply the export was very slow. By February 1950, the Government of Bombay all of a sudden freezed the stock of cottonseeds and banned the movement of the cottonseeds. Now they have relaxed the ban on the distributor of this commodity within the State of Bombay as also on its movement in the State. But still these merchants who hold stock of cottonseed out of 1948-49 crop purchased from the Government are not given permission to export the goods outside the State of Bombay. The position about these goods is as under.

These cottonseeds of 1948-49 crop were purchased by the merchants from the Government of Bombay at Rs. 12/6- per B.M. in October 1949 and have since incurred interest, storage and other charges amounting to above Rs. 1/- per B.M. Hence its to-date cost comes to about Rs. 13-6 per B.M. Now the retail price of cottonseeds of new crop i.e. 1949-50 crop is fixed at Rs. 11/- per B.M. So the old stock of cottonseeds cannot be disposed of within the state of Bombay without incurring a loss of about Rs. 2/6- per B. M. It is difficult to understand why these merchants should be penalised for no fault of theirs. After the ensuing monsoon this two year old commodity will turn into dust and will have to be used as manure. Is that the purpose of the control?

Merchants are applying to the Hon'ble Minister for Civil Supplies who forwards the application to the Secretary of that department who in his turn refers the matter to the Director of Civil Supplies who does not care to reply at all. The Hon'ble Minister and the Secretary forget that it is only when a man fails to get proper response from the Director of Civil Supplies that he approachts them and if the Hon'ble Minister or the Secretary remain satisfied simply with referring the matter to the Director, then it is the Director who ultimately decided the issue and not the Minister or the Secretary and the Director of Civil Supplies become the de facto Minister

This control policy of the Government has cost the public very heavily The farmers have been forced to feed foodgrains to the cattle for non-supply of cottonseeds in time. If the administrative machinery of the Government is not capable of achieving the object of the controls, it is better that the Government should not interfere. Let it not be forgotten that India cannot be governed by western methods. They are unsuited to Indian conditions and psychology and India will never be self sufficient in the matter of food grains, or any other commodity as long as there are controls It is only the removal of control that will enthuse the people to work for higher production

—O. R. SHAH

VANASPATI AND PUBLIC OPINION

By K. G. Mashruwala & Vinoba Bhave

Pandit Thakurdas Bhargav has introduced a bill in the Indian Parliament for the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of hydrogenated oils. If the bill is passed into law, Vanaspati factories will be closed and its import from the foreign countries will also be stopped. The Government has published the bill for eliciting public opinion, and fixed 31st August next as the final date for communicating the opinion to the Government

During the last few years, Vanaspati has become an important article in our country. The industry has proved so profitable to its manufacturers and sellers that strenuous efforts are being made to rapidly multiply its factories and it has become easy for them to spend lakhs of rupees on advertisements and other propaganda for it. If we look at any important paper, our eyes will not miss to notice prominent advertisements in bold prints in fulsome eulogy of Vanaspati. Besides, many attractively got up and illustrated traits printed on costly paper purporting to give information about it are widely distributed. Intense propaganda is being made to enlist public opinion in its support by August 31st.

On the other hand, while the article has proved very profitable to the business community, it has spell great harm to the people in a variety of ways. It has seriously disturbed the economy of agriculture and cow-keeping, and almost killed the 'ghani' industry. From the point of view of health, it has not been proved to possess any superior value whatever. And yet with its deceptive disguise, it successfully lures people into incurring superfluous expenditure and practise self-deception. It has made it difficult for the people to obtain pure oil and pure ghee. And what is most important of all, it has contributed in a very large measure for the loss of all sense of business-morality from industry and commerce

This deceptive oil puts on the garb of gree to entice the public and compels the householder though he very well knows that it is oil and not ghee, either to go in for it or to submit to consuming adulterated oil or adulterated ghee And the consequences are that the morals, means of livlihood and health of the people are imperilled

OUTCOME OF BILL

It is difficult to predict the final outcome of Pandit Bhargav's Bill in the Parliament. There does not appear to be any unanimity of opinion on this subject in the several cabinets of the Central and the State governments Some are in favour of Vanaspati, some wholly against it and the rest indifferent. This became evident from the facts disclosed by Shri Jairamdas Daulatram in the course of a statement made before the Parliament It was found that some of the State Governments had expressed opinions which ran counter to those pronounced by the ministers of those very States when earlier they met in a conference in this connection. Some ministers and experts have consciously or unconsciously, gone beyond their sphere and made statements which have been avidly seized upon by Vanaspati industrialists and used by them as an effective instrument of propaganda. For example, Dr Gilder was within his sphere when he narrated the results of the experiments of the experts, but he transgressed his limits when he went on to relate what had happened at the Aga Khan Palace or obliged the industrialists by giving the

(Continued on Page 9)

Lessons In Wheat Breeding

Three students from India enroll ed at the Utah State Agricultural College, at Logan, Utah, in western U nited States, receive instruction in wheat breeding from a faculty memb er at the college. Left to right: Prabhat G. Doshi, K. Ramaiah, D. C. Tingey, professor of agronomy at the college, and Tejpal Singh.

U.S. SCHOLARSHIP FOR INDIANS

Apply By July 8

NEW DELHI, June 20: Applications are invited for some scholarships for study at the Teterboro School of Aeronautics in New Jersey, USA. The value of the scholarship will be 1,123 dollars per annum. This covers tuition fees.

Applicants are expected to supplement this amount with passage money and about another 1,200 dollars per annum. Applicants are requested to give their age, and full particulars of their academic qualifications. Experience in mechanical skills will be an additional qualification. Applications should reach the Ministry of Education, Scholarships Division, Government of India, New Delhi, by July 8, 1950. The awards will be subject to approval by the Teterboro School.

Applications will not be acknowledged unless they are sent registered and acknowledgement due. Candidates must be prepared to furnish a certificate of financial guarantee that they are in a position to meet the additional expenditure involved. No award will be made if this guarantee is not forthcoming. If an applicant is in employ, his application must be forwarded through proper channels.

Stop Press

DIXON MEETS ABBAS

MUZAFFARABAD, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Owen Dixon, had a 160-minute conference here this morning with Chahudhri Ghulam Abbas, Supreme Head of "Azad" Kashmir Movement.

This was what may be described as the United Nations representative's first official visit to "Azad" Kashmir.

After the conference he said "I did the listening most of the time."

SIX INJURED

CALCUTTA, June 20 (PTI): About half a dozen persons were injured when the police used tear gas and later made a lathi charge on a crowd of refugees who had attacked them with brickbats and other missiles at Serampore, about 15 miles from here, this afternoon.

Several hundred refugees had occupied a vacant plot of land in the town without permission from the authorities and built hutments on the land for their accommodation.

FORM NEW FUND FOR REFUGEES

Seth Dalmia's Proposal

NEW DELHI, June 20 (UPI).—Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia, in a statement today, suggested promulgation of an ordinance offering relief of exemption from income-tax to the donors to any of the Government recognised refugee organisation as was done for the Gandhi Memorial Fund, and formation of a new non-official non-political organisation for that purpose consisting of a majority of refugee trustees and some Government and donor-nominated trustees.

The resources of this organisation, he emphasised, should never be allowed to become a weapon in the hands of the Congress or the opposition or any opportunist party. The present programme of the Government for refugee rehabilitation, however, should continue unaffected separately.

Seth Dalmia also suggested a meeting of the merchants and the people, sometime in the beginning of July for raising funds with a target of Rs. 100 crores and to devise other ways and means to face this national emergency. The meeting according to him, should be sponsored by the Prime Minister or the Deputy Prime Minister in their personal capacities or by some other responsible leader.

This, he said, would provide "a good opportunity to the Government to tell that priority is being given to the refugees now and the All-India refugee convention which would be held sometime by the end of July would feel satisfaction that the Government is keen to solve the unsolvable refugee problem."

Menon Presents Fresh Credentials

DUBLIN June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Indian Ambassador to Eire, presented fresh credentials signed by the President of the Indian Republic to President Sean o'Kelly at an informal ceremony today.

In July 1949 Mr. Menon presented his credentials signed by King George on his appointment as Ambassador to Eire.

But as India became a Republic last January, fresh credentials had to be presented signed by the Indian President Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

BORDER PROBLEMS DISCUSSED

Decision To Bury The Hatchet

FAZILKA, June 20 (PTI).—Indo-Pakistan officials yesterday discussed pressing border administrative problems to iron out differences and took an important decision to write off previous border incidents. Both sides handed over lists of incidents, the investigation of which was still pending. As a gesture of goodwill the Pakistani officials returned three lifted cattle.

Representatives of both the Dominions expressed determination to break up raiders' gangs armed with rifles, Sten guns and other lethal weapons operating on the border. These gangs are said to have entered into an unholy alliance "to disturb peace on the border by their nefarious activities."

When the question of the raid on Kallarkhera village on the Indian side of the border came up for discussion, Indian officials said that four raiders from Bhawalpur State trespassed recently into the Indian territory, drove away some cattle and caught hold of a few Indian nationals and their arms. The Pakistani officials countercharged that their territory was raided from the Bikaner border.

FOSTERING INDO-PAK FRIENDSHIP

Central Unofficial Body To Supervise Plans

LAHORE, June 20 (UPI): Formation of an eight-man ad hoc Committee consisting of Pakistan Muslim League leaders and members of the 'Phir Basao' (unofficial Indian) Good will Mission, to promote friendly and cordial relations between India and Pakistan was announced here yesterday after a meeting of the Muslim League leaders and members of the Mission.

The ad hoc Committee has been entrusted with the task of forming a central non-official Indo-Pakistan Board to supervise the entire range of Indo-Pakistan relations and to co-ordinate activities of other non-official joint boards set up for different purposes.

The members of the 'Phir Basao Goodwill Mission, who have now completed their 15-day tour of different areas in West Pakistan, are returning to India today. They will cross the Indian border this evening and will reach Delhi tomorrow morning.

TRADE MISSION

A twenty-three-man delegation, led by Sheikh Abdul Malik, will leave for India tomorro morning, under the auspices of the Punjab Muslim Traders' Federation.

The aim of the Mission, it is understood, will be to foster cordial trade relations between the two countries.

DACCA: A local branch of Indo-Pakistan Friendship Association was formed, with Nawab Bahadur of Dacca as President at a representative gathering of leading citizens at the residence of the Nawab.

Jap Rayon And India

TOKYO, June 20 (PTI): A representative of the Indian mission has told the Federation of Rayon and Synthetic Fabrics Exporters in Osaka that India may be able to import from Japan about 15,000,000 pounds of rayon yarn under the Japan sterling area agreement now under negotiation in Tokyo.

ELECTION SCENES

The city municipal by-election from Mandvi Ward is being held today at Navroji Hill Ground. The voters are seen here at the polling booth.

15 LAKH DPs IN WEST BENGAL

Government Efforts For Rehabilitation

CALCUTTA, June 20 (UPI): Shri A. P. Jain, Minister of State for Rehabilitation, Government of India, said here today that the Indo-Pak Pact assumed that normal conditions between the two countries would be restored and the immigrants on either side would have sufficient reasons to go back to their original homes.

Shri Jain, who was addressing a press conference here, said that the influx of refugees both ways should be checked and conditions favourable for returning of refugees to their original places created.

According to him since the recent influx about fifteen lakhs of refugees have come over to West Bengal. Another 3,01,000 had gone over to Assam and 1,86,000 to Tripura State, most of them being agriculturists.

REHABILITATION

Shri Jain said that though the Government wanted that the refugees should go back to their original homes, they were proceeding ahead with their plans to rehabilitate those who had come and were likely to stay here permanently.

Cash doles, Shri Jain said, were meant for disabled refugees alone. At the present moment there were about 1,15,000 refugees on cash doles in West Bengal camps; 15,000 in Assam and in Tripura 30,000. In Tripura 56,000 more refugees were receiving cash doles. They did not stay at camps.

On the question of dispersal of refugees, Shri Jain disclosed that they had already sent 24,000 refugees to Bihar, and 14,000 to Orissa. Bihar, the Minister said, was expected to take another batch of 26,000 refugees and Orissa another batch of 23,000. He hoped that the two State Governments would be persuaded to take more refugees, if possible. In Bengal there was also internal dispersal. Efforts were being made to locate vacant lands and to transfer refugees there.

TRADE DELEGATION: A 23-man trade delegation of Lahore businessmen will leave on a two-week tour of the Punjab (India) on June 21. The delegation, led by Mr. Abdul Malik, will visit Amrisar, Jullundur, Ambala, Ludhiana, Dhariwal, Delhi and Simla.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, June 20.

Previous closing	32.55
Today's opening	32.58
Difference	(plus) 3
Today's closing	32.73
Difference	(plus) 18

Karachi Cotton

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, June 20.

Cotton prices firmly held but demand quiet. Yesterday's spot sales 1200 exports 2265 bales for Kobe, Hongkong. Cottonseeds easier 9257 bags exported for Bombay Bedibundar. Pakistan wheat crop officially estimated forty lakhs sixteen thousand tons compared forty lakhs tons last year. Govt. Pakistan understand fixing floor price 6/4/0 per maund in Sind in order check distress among agriculturists.

Current quotations: Cotton NT 78/8, Punjab 289F 80/8 Fourf 78, new crop NT October 78/4 cottonseeds ready 6/8, Gold 101.

Indore Markets

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, June 20.

Following were final quotations in Rupees on Indore Stock Exchange today:—Indore Malwa 104, Hukamchand Mill 424, Bhandari Mill 582, Vinor Mill 321, Kalyanmal Mill 70, Kalyanmal Mill preference 61 Rajkumar Mill 75, Indore Bank 65.

On Indore Bullion Exchange forward Gold commenced at Rs. 113-9 Highest Touched 113/9, Lowest 112/8 and closed at 112/12.

On Indore Badasarafa Association forward Silver opened at Rupees 176/8. Highest Touched 177/0, Lowest 173/13 and closed 173-13.

London Stocks

LONDON, June 19.

2-1/2 per cent. Br. Consols	£70.7/8
3-1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961	£95-3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960-90	£108
3-1/2 per cent War Loan on or after 1/12/52	£93-7/8
Chartered Bank of India Hongkong and Shanghai	£9-13/16
Bank reg	£80
National Bank of India	£32-3/8

Transactions on the London stock exchange are officially placed at 7,729.

Paris Bourse

PARIS, June 19.

The agreement on the European payments union failed to exert any influence and professionals began fresh liquidation. Interest in forwards was confined to leaders notably Suez which recovered on revived interest. Banks were easier. There was irregularity in spots with steels and industrial equipments steady but foods and drinks lower. Internationals remained quiet. Rentes showed declines in the principal loans.

Brussels Stocks Steady

BRUSSELS June 19.

The tone was steady but prices showed hardly any trend. Signs of irregularity were discernable among coals and colonials.

Future Of Communism

Trend Of History Indicates Democracies Will Win

IF we weigh in a static balance the results achieved between 1946 and 1949, in the struggle for the world, we shall record a net gain for the Communists, writes James Burnham in the "World Review."

The Chinese addition much exceeds the half-loss of Yugoslavia, and the many other items pretty well cancel each other out. A static balance, however, is not a proper instrument for historical measurement. History is temporal, dynamic; it is the direction, the trend that counts. Two men who are at the level of the sixtieth floor of the Empire State Building are not in identical condition if one is rising in an elevator, and the other has just jumped off the parapet. In a pneumonia patient, the meaning of a body temperature of 104deg. depends upon whether the patient is getting well, or dying.

Dynamically considered, the years 1946-9 show a net 'trend' against the Communists. If the Communists are not yet losing—and they are not—their rate of advance has at least been slowed. For all temporal phenomena, it is this that is the most significant index. When the rate of advance, the 'growth curve', begins to flatten, we can reasonably wonder whether it is not approaching its maximum, and the start of its decline.

The principal cause of this reversal of trend has been the change in the attitude and policy of the United States. I once more insistently repeat that the present policy of the United States is inadequate; but I again also repeat that the direction of change of United States policy since 1946 is correct: correct, that is to say, in relation to the world power equilibrium. Both halves of this estimate are essential to its truth; either alone is a falsification.

Though the change in United States policy is the principal factor, an analogous change has also, in varying degrees, taken place elsewhere. The anti-Communist resistance has begun hardening on a world scale, as when the body begins forming an indurated wall against an advancing abscess, or a loose spring, so easily pushed at first, begins to assert its latent tension.

This process has taken place more quickly, and gone further, than I anticipated when, in 1946, I wrote "The Struggle for the World." It is true that the reversal of trend is by no means firmly established. It is true that the curve of development is not smooth, but rather the resultant of vacillations, of irregular peaks and valleys. Nevertheless, the present pattern of the graph is unmistakable.

INTRICATE PSYCHOLOGY

Let us then ask: will the present trend continue? In other words: will the objective be attained—if not the wider objective of a democratic world order, at least the narrower and specific objective of the defeat of world Communism, with which this book is primarily concerned? The answer to this question, hazardous enough with respect to the facts, is also psychologically intricate. The answer we give may itself alter the facts.

If we say, 'No, the objective will not, or probably will not, be attained', then we may induce attitudes of discouragement or despair which in turn will adversely affect the struggle for the objective. Shortly before the Communist Czechoslovakian coup of February 1948, I received a letter from a Czech with whom I had been occasionally corresponding. In first writing me, he had described himself as 'not important, an ordinary worker in an office. In this last letter (no reply could be risked), he told me that he had managed to get a copy of "The Struggle for the World," the publication and sale of which had of course been prohibited in Czechoslovakia. After discussing it for several pages, he ended, in his approximation of English, to this communicable effect: We know what will soon happen here. But you, and the others, must make always clear to us that the victory of democracy is inevitable. I know that it is, because I can see 'their failure, but they have fooled many people with their talk of historical necessity. You must make us believe that the victory of democracy is inevitable. We can hold out, if we believe that. If we do not, I am not so sure.

If, however, we make this reply to our question, and assert that the objective will, or will very probably or inevitably, be attained, we then run the opposite risk of quieting a sense of urgency, and arousing feelings of complacency. The imbecile statesmen and stupid publicists who congratulate themselves on their astuteness, and tell us that 'the cold war is being won' and 'the tensions are lessening', are playing into the hands of the Communists, lulling the public to sleep. After the disaster in China and the Soviet atomic explosion, after the Communists' 1949 demonstration of their control of two-thirds of the world's harbours, it is one's duty to sound the alarm, to rouse what of the public can be reached to the prospect of total defeat, enslavement, and death.

The two arguments neutralise each other. I shall therefore try to consider the question, briefly, on its merits.

SURE TO STAND

A candid survey will, I think, show that our side—that is, the democratic side, the side led by the United States and including all other nations, peoples, and persons who are sure to stand with the United States—is at present superior to the Communist side in all relevant major factors except two. These two are: strategic position and political leadership. In everything else that bears on the decision, not only in economic plant and technology, but in science, invention, culture, adaptability, health, usable (not merely theoretical) reserves, both of material resources and of human energies, we are at present better, and in most instances immensely better.

The Soviet base is constructed on the best strategic position that exists on the surface of the earth. It is not advisable to dismiss this advantage. Nevertheless, we may properly qualify its importance. Strategic position is, after all, a static, not a dynamic, factor.

New techniques of long-distance warfare, and of subversive warfare, have reduced its relative weight. And strategic position is never in itself decisive: there is no position that cannot be taken, if sufficient intelligence, determination, and power are brought to bear against it. The possession of the superior strategic position sometimes proves a disadvantage in the long run. It can prompt carelessness, and promote that guarantor of ultimate defeat, a defensive point of view.

The entire question, therefore, turns on politics, on the quality of the political leadership. Assuming the continuing superiority of Communist politics, we may ask: can political strength overcome all the other relative weaknesses? On the evidence of history, we must answer that, if the disparity is great enough, it can. This is proved by the history of almost all tribes, races, peoples, or nations which started (as all groups must) from little and went on to greatness. At the beginning, by the nature of the case, each was inferior to its older rivals in almost everything except leadership. (I should add that political leadership is not necessarily identical with the presence of great individual political leaders. Certain attitudes of the group can produce, or rather find and select, an effective leadership, or compel an existing leadership to become effective; whereas different group attitudes may favour, or almost guarantee, mediocre leadership.) However, if the disparity in political leadership is less than very great, then the other factors will outweigh it, and the side with the poorer politics can win.

Even now, the inferiority of democratic to Communist political leadership is not so considerable as to make democratic victory impossible. A comparatively minor improvement in our politics would heavily swing the balance. This is why I wrote, in "The Struggle for the World", that 'with a determined leadership in, and by, the United States,...the policy of democratic world order would prove successful."

The problem, then can be reduced to the question: will our politics improve?—I refer to our international politics: our ward-heeling politics are too good already.

Political ability is a synthesis of knowledge (partly native talent, or intuitive knowledge), intelligence, and will. Presumably the amount of intelligence and native talent distributed among us is on the average equal to that distributed among the enemy. At least, this average equality would follow from Mendelian principles, which are still permissible for a bourgeois analyst, though they lead to the concentration camp in the Soviet Union. Our knowledge about matters relevant to the present political struggle is increasing, and will certainly continue to increase. The crux, then, is in the will.

WILL IT SURVIVE?

Does the United States choose to win? Can it make the necessary decision? Is it going to have, at the required tension, the will to survive? The answer to this triply-phrased single question is the determinant of the future. There are those, not only among the Marxists but among ourselves, who reply that the United States has already reached a stage of cultural decadence in which the need-will has vanished. This conclusion is implicit in the theories of 'the mature economy' and 'the closing of the frontier'; it is supported, so it is argued, by such symptoms as 'materialism', 'aesthetic barrenness', 'cosmopolitanism', social separatism, cynical indifference to patriotism, and so on.

To try to answer, for myself, this question, was among the motives that led me to take, in 1948-9, a slow, twenty-thousand-mile trip through the United States. Once out of the often brilliant but ingrown intellectual circles of the North Eastern seaboard, which draw their spiritual fuel from Europe and the Soviet Union, rather than from America, and whose members have for the most part never seen a factory in Detroit, an oil well in Texas, the vegetables in the Imperial Valley, a grain field in the Big Bend, range land in Wyoming, fruit along Hood River, ore ships crowding the Sault, copper mines in Utah, the generators at Grang Coulee, steel mills at Gary, logging in Oregon, chemical works at Beaumont, not these or the people who man them, once looking at America and not reading about it, the direct impression becomes gradually too clear for interpretative doubt. Some of the symptoms magnified by the theorists of decadence are undoubtedly there. They are seen in context to be signs not of melancholia and cynical old age, but of disturbed and disturbing adolescence. The United States is not by centuries, ready to quit.

The United States is, in Mackinder's meaning, a going concern; and a young concern. It may be that Western civilisation as a whole is old and decadent—relatively old, that is to say, on the vast time scale of the histories of civilisations. An impressive case has been made out by Spengler and Toynbee. If so the United States is the youngest child of western civilisation its Joseph, who has not only his own manhood ahead but the chance through his strength to revivify his parent. The death even of civilisations as a whole is not decreed by any unchallengeable court. Civilisations die, in truth, only by suicide.

The uneasiness of the United States is not that of the awareness of death but, rather, the tormenting pause before the leap into maturity. The will to exist and to advance is powerfully there though for the moment in partial suspension. Because it is there the suspension will be, sooner or later resolved. The political question will be answered; the objective attained: at greater cost, perhaps, and greater delay and suffering than need be; but attained.

I Have, a number of times in the past, discussed the problem of 'inevitability'. For anyone at all trained in methodology, it is an easy assignment to show that no statement about future events can be asserted as 'inevitable'. What we say about the future (or about events past and present as well, for that matter) can never be certain from a scientific and descriptive point of view; it is always more or less 'probable', on the evidence.

From this point of view; we may conclude that the defeat of world Communism is, on the evidence, probable. Just when under what circumstances, and with what measure of benign or disastrous indirect results brought about through that defeat, is not clear from the evidence. But an objective assessment of the evidence does not seem to leave much doubt that the ultimate defeat is itself very probable.

This descriptive interpretation of word 'inevitable' is however, trivial a mere exercise in linguistics. The significant meaning of 'inevitable' is not as a description of facts (to which it has, in reality, no application but as an expression of will. When a captain before a battle proclaims to his soldiers, 'Our victory is inevitable' he is not so naive as to mean that the victory is, as a matter of scientific fact, objectively certain. If that were his meaning, he would not bother to address them. What he is doing through the word 'inevitable' is to unify and express the resolution not to yield to fight to the end.

The defeat of Communism probable on the facts, is also inevitable because there are enough determined men in the world—and their number daily grows—who have so resolved. The knowledge and intelligence which enter into the synthesis of politics are still needed in order to make that defeat as fruitful as possible a victory as sparing as possible of blood and treasure. But the issue is no longer in doubt. Doubt is vanquished by the act of will makes the decision. The future becomes servant not master.

News BRIEFS

GERMAN OFFER: Germany has offered to buy dried shark fish from Ceylon. The offer is being considered by the Ceylon Fisheries Department. A fishery official commented that if a satisfactory price was offered by German importers, there was little doubt that Ceylon could build up a lucrative export trade in shark fish.

AWARDED GRANT: Mr. H. A. J. Hulugalle, Ceylon Government's Information Officer, has been awarded the first grant to Ceylon, under the U. S. exchange of leaders and specialists programme. Mr. Hulugalle is expected to leave for the United States at the end of July on a three months tour, under this grant.

GOLDEN JUBILEE 1950

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Ex-students of the College are earnestly requested to **communicate immediately** with the Principal for **Golden Jubilee Celebrations** now being organised to mark the completion of 50 years of the unique and unchequered career of this pioneer College of Commerce in India (established in 1900). **A Souvenir Book** of Ex-Students with their photos and short Life Sketches, is also under active preparation.

Jubilee enrolments recommended by Ex-Students, for General and Specialisation Courses in Commerce **are proceeding.** 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay 1.

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For attempting to export coke, BHOJILAL MAGANBHAI PATEL was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

For selling hot milk without a licence, SHAIKH MOHOMED ISMAIL ABDULLA and MARIM-KHAN SHAMSHIRKHAN were convicted and the former was fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment and the latter was fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment. For a similar offence, RAJPAT YAGDIR-SINGH was fined Rs. 50 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

For selling bread unlawfully and at a higher than the controlled price, MAHADEV NARAYAN JADHAV was fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

Eire To March On N. Ireland?

ARMY OF VOLUNTEERS TO END PARTITION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON:

IT would not be long before men of Eire marched on North Ireland to end the partition.

People in Eire are getting tired of talk and want to take action to bring about the unity of Ireland. said Captain P. Cowan, an independent M.P.

Captain Cowan crossed the Irish border into the county of Fermanagh and addressed a rally of local people. He told them that the march on North Ireland would come soon. And they did not except there would be long".

"Within 24 hours from the time we march", he said, "the tricolour would be flying over the Ulster Parliament building. Captain Cowan has been raising an army of volunteers for the purposes of the proposed march. White every man and woman in Eire stands for the unity of Ireland, many would like to achieve their object without marching on North Ireland. They feel the indifference of the people of England to the question, is largely responsible the for continuance of the partition. Anti-partition forces in London have already launched a campaign to bring the facts of the partition to the notice of the people of Britain. Several open air—meetings were held on Sunday last and such meetings will be held on every Sunday throughout the summer.

ARAB LEAGUE RELIES ON U. S.

Reply To Three-Power Plan On Mid-East

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The British Foreign Office has received a cabled summary of the joint Arab reply to the recent three power declaration on the Middle East.

The Arab reply, drawn up at last week's meeting of the Arab League Council in Cairo, is understood to stress the reliance of the Arab League on the United Nations as the prime security for world peace and to reject the development of any great power spheres of influence policy.

Britain, France and the United States issued a joint declaration on the supply of arms to the Middle East after a recent conference in London. They decided, in future, to supply arms only to Governments which undertook not to use them for aggressive purposes.

INDIAN FLOTILLA IN MALACCA

Visiting Singapore

MALACCA, June 20 (PTI): Indian Navy's twelfth frigate flotilla yesterday completed its "round of engagements" on its one week visit to ports on Malayan west coast, radios PTI correspondent aboard the INS "Jumna".

Malacca was the last port to be touched.

The flotilla earlier called at Penang, port Swettenham and port Dickson.

The flotilla consisting of "Jumna", "Kistna" and "Tir" under the command of Captain B. S. Soman is leaving Malacca early today for Singapore.

The flotilla will meet cruiser "Delhi", flagship of the Indian Naval squadron under the command of Commodore G. Barnard and the destroyers "Rajput", "Rana" and "Ranjit" at rendezvous of Singapore.

The full squadron will enter Singapore in formation on the morning of June 21.

Captain Soman and officers of the flotilla yesterday gave a cocktail party aboard INS "Jumna" to prominent people of this settlement.

Opposition Boycott In Egypt

CAIRO, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The Opposition boycotted last night's session of the Egyptian Senate, following the replacement of the Liberal leader Mohamed Hussein Heykel Pasha by the Wafdist Zaky El Okasi Pasha, Minister of Communications, as President of the Upper House.

Keykel Pasha's term of office was not due to expire till next year, but there have been extensive changes in the membership of the Senate as a result of the three royal decrees issued during the week-end.

SYNTHETIC RUBBER PLANTS IN U. S.

Grant To Keep Them Going

WASHINGTON, June 20. (PTI-Reuter): The House of Representatives yesterday passed legislation to keep the American Government in the synthetic rubber business for two more years. The bill now goes to President Truman for signature.

Last month, the House voted for another three years for the rubber programme, but agreed, on the Senate's insistence, to a two-year programme.

The purpose of the bill is to keep in operation or stand-by condition, the synehetic rubber plants built during the war to help offset a shortage in supplies of natural rubber The plans, representing a Government investment of 700 million dollars, can produce 900,000 tons of rubber annually.

ASSASSINATION OF COUNT BERNADOTTE

Israel Admits Gaps In Police Enquiry

TEL AVIV, June 20 (PTI-Reuter):—Israel yesterday admitted to "gaps and omissions" in its police enquiry into the assassination of Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations Mediator, murdered in Palestine in 1948.

The admission was contained in a memorandum delivered in Stockholm yesterday by Israel's special envoy, Dr. Walter Eytan, Director-General of the Foreign Office, and published here.

It was compiled by a special Israeli Committee set up to study Swedish charges made last March of "astonishing negligence" in the search for the assassin.

The memorandum declared, however that "neither the provisional government in Israel nor its representatives in Jerusalem had failed in its duty by not providing Count Bernadotte with an armed escort".

BRITAIN'S BIT FOR BACKWARD AREAS

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Britain has promised about 750,000 to the United Nations and its specialised agencies for technical help to the backward areas, Foreign Under-Secretary Ernest Davies, told Parliament yesterday.

It will be the largest contribution after that of the United States and will be in convertible sterling, he added.

Satyagraha Till Fee Is Reduced

RAJKOT, June 20 (PTI): A resolution not to pay tuition fees in secondary schools till the increase in fees was withdrawn was passed at a meeting held here on Monday.

Representatives of students, guardians and teachers condemned the proposed increase at the meeting.

The Government recently decided to introduce a uniform scale of tuition fees in all Government schools in the State from July 1.

It is estimated that the change in fees structure will increase Government income by Rs. 2 lakhs.

Rain Exposes Pre fab Myth In Delhi

NEW DELHI, June 20. (PTI): Citizens of Delhi suffering under a gruelling and sweltering heat had welcome relief last night when there were good showers preceded by a dust-storm which brought down the minimum temperature to 77 degrees. But the .68 inches of rain was not an unmixed blessing to everyone, and to the refugee shopkeepers occupying the prefab Swedish timber stalls it was a source of grief.

The dust storm blew away the roofings of two or three stalls while many of those that escaped the 48 mile per hour storm fell victims to the first showers.

On Queen's Way and Irwin Road this morning many of the roofs were still leaking. The flat roofs of a large number had taken a concave shape while in the case of some others, the roofing had given way near the central joints leaving two to three inches of open space Besides the water that came in through this open space, the rain water that had collected on the roof was also seeping through. Shopkeepers demonstrated to interested visitors how the rain-sodden timber roofing could be pared off into slices with fingers, like cardboard.

After a few heavy showers, the sky was overcast right upto the morning with occasional thundershowers.

IRRIGATIONAL SCHEMES: Two major irrigational schemes, estimated to bring about 7,500 acres of virgin land under cultivation are nearing completion in tht Loralia district of Baluchistan. The schemes, which cost approximately Rs. 13,50,000 will start working by the end of August this year.

MORAL RE-ARMAMENT THE ONLY CURE

German Minister On World Conflict

CAUX, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): The Moral Re-Armament World Assembly was told yesterday by German Federal Ministers of Labour, Anton Storch: "Only in the way practised here will all men be freed and made responsible so that thy can set up a social order as God intended it to be."

The Conference of 1,000 delegates gave a standing ovation to the Minister, who said he had come wondering whether moral re-armament had a practical solution for the problems of the day.

"I find here", Herr Storch said, "people who, freed from the weight of the past, are able to solve these problems in a new spirit Through my political and other work I have come to the conviction that it is only through a rebirth of the individual that we can arrive at a betterment of social conditions."

MACDONALD MEETS BAO DAI

SINGAPORE, June 20.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald saw Ex-Emperor Bao Dai, head of the Vietnam State, soon after arriving here by plane from Singapore for "ten day holiday"

He also saw several French officials but not M. Leon Pignon, French High Commissioner for Indo-China, who had left by air for France a few hours earlier.

M. Pignon is to be on hand for the Conference at Pau, in the Pyrenees at which France will fill in the details of her latest political settlement with the three new independent Indo-Chinese states of Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos.

Bao Dai is flying from Saigon to Pau today for the Conference.

Mr. MacDonald's arrival coincided with reports from London that Britain was still examining what aid she could provide French troops fighting the Communist Vietminh guerrillas.

Usually reliable British sources discounted the possibility that his visit was a prelude to closer Franco-British military co-operation against Communism in South East Asia.

Flowers And Smiles In Plenty

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON—"A smile for all customers and plenty of flowers", were the instructions sent out to the offices of South East Electricity Board. At Wellington in Surrey the office looked colourful with various kinds of flowers and the cashiers gave big smile to those who came to pay their bills.

Smile and flowers are part of the Government campaign for courtesy and politeness to people visiting Government offices and the offices of nationalised industries.

Yugoslav Motion Ruled Out

LAKE SUCCESS, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Yugoslavia tried unsuccessfully yesterday to have the Chinese Communists invited to replace the Chinese Nationalists on the Executive Board of the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund.

When the 26-nation Executive Board met for a two day session, the Yugoslav delegate's formal proposal was ruled to be outside the Board's competence.

MISSING BODY FOUND

DACCA, June 20 (PTI): The body of a person, who was reported missing after the clash in village Mahlal in Sylhet on June 17, was recovered on Saturday from a nullah in the adjacent village. This bringe the total number of deaths in the clash, which followed a quarrel over plucking blackberries to four. Seven arrests have been made in this connection.

INDIANA, June 20 (PTI-Reuter):—American astronomer Dr. Clyde Tombaugh, discoverer of the Planet Pluto, yesterday told the American Astronomical Society that he believed the canal-like markings on the planet Mars were fracture lines, not products of "intelligent life".

GROUND-NUT SCHEME IN EAST AFRICA

Sir Eric To Head The Corporation

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter):—Sir Eric Coates 52-year-old former Indian civil servant, is to run Britain's most heavily criticised post-war venture—the East African groundnut scheme which has so far cost £34,650,000 with practically no return.

Mr. Maurice Webb, British Food Minister, announced in the House of Commons yesterday that Sir Eric would succeed Sir Leslie Plummer, who on May 24 gave up the post of Chairman of the Overseas Food Corporation, which controls the groundnuts.

Sir Eric, at present financial member of the Corporation, will take over the chairmanship on July 1, Mr. Webb said.

Pepsu Districts To Be Reduced

ECONOMY MEASURE

PATIALA, June 20 (PTI): The Government of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union has decided to reduce the number of the districts of the Union from eight to six with a view to effecting economy in expenditure and for administrative convenience, a Gazette Extraordinary announced today.

The districts of Kandaghat and Barnala are proposed to be eliminated in the new set-up.

The Government has invited the public to send their views on the proposed reduction in the number of the districts upto July 15 after which a final decision will be taken.

JOHORE OPERATIONS IN FULL SWING

Police Chief's Survey

SINGAPORE, June 20 (PTI). Eighty-two terrorists in Malaya have been killed and eighteen captured since May 1, Police Commissioner W N. Gray, told a press conference at Kuala Lumpur today. In the same period 23 terrorists had surrendered and 107 agents and 59 supporters were arrested, he added.

Mr. Gray said Johore was now the focal point of the security forces' pressure and and large-scale operations there were gaining momentum.

This coupled with rigorous curfew regulations had already paid dividends as fourteen terrorists had been killed in Johore State since June 1 Chief Secretary M. V. Del Tufo said there was no evidence that there had been any invitation of arms or personnel from China to assist the terrorists.

When your friends compliment you on your charming home you'll know that you made no mistake when you chose "JAYKAY" furnishing Fabrics. These come in lovely designs and in an amazing variety of colours and besides they are durable weather and dhobi resisting and they harmonize with the setting of the room.

New Kaiser-i-Hind Spg. & Wvg. Co. Ltd. Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Jaykay FABRICS

SIX-NATION CONFERENCE BEGINS IN PARIS

First Stage In Schuman Plan

PARIS, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Schuman Plan enters the first stage of its life today with the meeting here of the six-nation conference which is to launch it.

M. Jean Monnet, real author of the Plan which bears the French Foreign Minister's name, is determined that the talks shall reach some practical agreement on a scheme for a west European coal-steel merger by the end of the year.

The negotiations, to be opened in the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs by M. Schuman, are expected to run on into the late autumn.

M. Monnet, who will be France's one-man Delegation to the talks, is resolved, if possible, to have the much-duscussed supra-national authority that is to run the Pool in effective being by the beginning of 1952.

The Conference will be attended by delegates from West Germany, Italy and Benelux (Belgium, Netherlands and Luxembourg) as well as by M. Monnet and his experts.

BRITAIN WILL BE INFORMED

British, who have not joined in the plan so far, will be kept informed by the head of the Economics Department of the French Foreign Office, M. Herve Alphand.

The British report on the Schuman Plan, now complete, will be submitted to the Cabinet later this week, a Foreign Office spokesman said yesterday at London.

The report drawn up by an inter-Departmental Working Party under Sir Edwin Plowden of the Treasury was being submitted individually to the Minister concerned and to various inter-ministerial Committees.

After going before the Cabinet, the proposals will be transmitted to Mr. William Hayter and Mr. Eric Roll, the British officers keeping liaison with the Schuman Plan Conference opening today.

It is understood here that the State at which the British views are given to the French Government and put before the Conference depands on the course of the six-power talks.

DISCUSSIONS IN GERMANY

RHEINFELDEN, (Near Basle), June 20. (PTI-Reuter): About 100 French agreement that the scheme for ferging their coal and steel industries was a vital step towards European unity.

Count Richard Coudenhove-Kalergi Secretary General of the European Parliamentary Union and organiser of the Conference, said "had such a wise, daring and generous policy been proposed and adopted in 1927, there would have been no third Reich and no second world war".

Loud applause greeted former Reichstag President Paul Loebe, honorary chairman of the Conference, when he declared "I speak for all the German delegates in saying that we have come here to reinforce the bonds which already unite us".

Dr Hermann Schaefer, Vice-President of the German Lower House added "It is absolutely imperative that the old Nationalist policies be abolished for ever".

Tax Relief For Britons

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Britons living in countries which have no double tax agreement with the United Kingdom will get relief from the tax payable in this country.

This was decided in Parliament late last night when the Solicitor General, Sir Frank Soskice introduced an amendment to the Finance Bill.

Reliefs would be up to one-half for people in foreign countries and up to three quarters for people in the Commonwealth and would cost the exchequer £9,500,000 yearly.

Harriman To Succeed Dean Acheson?

WASHINGTON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): State Department officials would not comment on a report that Marshall Plan Ambassador, Averell Harriman was likely to succeed Mr. Dean Acheson as Secretary of State before the end of the year.

Schuman Plan, Threat To World Peace

BRITISH REDS WARN WORKERS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, (By Mail).

THE British people should smash the Schuman Plan, for the merging of the coal and steel industries of Western Europe, says the Executive committee of British Communist Party, in the course of a statement.

The Plan, in the view of the Communists, is a most serious danger to world peace. "It is part of war preparations and a decisive new step towards a Third world war. It will create a gigantic capitalist super-trust beyond the control of Governments and Parliaments, led by the Ruhr industrialists who backed Hitler . . controlling coal and steel, it would control the economic life of Europe and still further undermine the national independence of every European country involved in the scheme". "Whether the British Government associates with the scheme on the existing or modified terms", adds the Committee, "it can only be a serious blow to Britain's national independence, a menace to the condition of the miners and steel workers and a further threat to peace".

Commodore Barnard's New Acting Rank

NEW DELHI, June 20 (PTI): The appointment of Commodore Commanding the Indian Naval Squadron has been redesignated as Rear Admiral Commanding the Indian Naval Squadron. Commodore G. Barnard has been granted the acting rank of Rear Admiral Commanding the Indian Naval Squadron with effect from June 1, 1950 while holding the appointment.

Commander A. K. Chatterjee has been reappointed in command, INS Delhi, with effect from June 1, 1950 and has been granted the acting rank of Captain while holding the appointment.

Experts confirm value of Vanaspati

Assurance from Minister for Food and Agriculture

U.P. Health Minister's corroboration

In order to dispel any doubts on the value of Vanaspati, the Government appointed a body of eminent scientists to report on this popular food. After nearly three years of experimentation, these experts presented their conclusions to Government. On 8th December 1949 the Hon'ble Shri Jairamdas Daulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture, read out the report before Parliament. The salient features of this report are (1) experiments were carried out at four different centres on rats for three generations, (2) simultaneously human feeding on Vanaspati was carried out at four different centres, (3) results proved conclusively that Vanaspati is nutritious and wholesome.

The pure food bill

As reported in the Lucknow "Pioneer" of 21st April 1950, the committee stage of the Pure Food Bill was concluded on 19th April. During the debate Mr. C.B. Gupta, U.P. Minister for Health, who is piloting the Bill, said that, in the opinion of experts, hydrogenated oil (Vanaspati) was not harmful.

Enemies of the poor

Further, Mr. Gupta quoted the opinion of doctors who had said that Vanaspati was not harmful. One of the doctors said that those who opposed the manufacture of Vanaspati were in fact the friends of the rich and enemies of the poor. The poor could not afford ghee and if they did not have Vanaspati, what would be left for them?

Vanaspati is wholly good. It is a wholesome fat, necessary to our daily needs. It is used in millions of homes, by our army, navy and the air force, by hospitals and other institutions who find it satisfactory in every possible way. Made under strict Government specifications, Vanaspati is always pure and clean. It keeps fresh longer than oil, and is more suitable for all kinds of cooking.

Vanaspati is needed

Issued by the Vanaspati Manufacturers' Association of India

VMA. 11-50

FOOD DRIVE ON ZONAL BASIS

Nation To Be Divided Into Eight Regions

COMMISSIONERS TO BE APPOINTED

ORISSA and Madhya Pradesh have been combined into a zone in accordance with the decision of the Government of India to reorganise the 'Grow More Food' campaign on a zonal basis, it is learnt here today.

CUTTACK, June 20 (UPI)

The Government of India, it is gathered, have recently decided to divide the country into eight zones on a regional basis with a view to revitalising the 'Grow More Food' campaign and increasing the yield in respect of food grains. Regional Commissioners will be appointed for each of these zones, who will be directly under the Food Ministry. It is stated that the Regional Commissioner will coordinate the 'Grow More Food' plans of the States within his region.

It is further learnt that Mr. Nath has been appointed as the Regional Commissioner for the Orissa-Madhya Pradesh zone

The Southern Region comprising Madras, Travancore-Cochin will have Mr. S. V. Ramamurti, as the Regional Commissioner, and Bombay Zone (Bombay and Sourashtra) will have Mr. Khargate as the Regional Commissioner.

For Refugee Housing

NEW DELHI, June 20 (PTI).—Over 1,26,000 tons of building materials and two million feet of pipes have so far been allocated by the Central Ministry of Rehabilitation to various State Governments for their refugee housing programmes.

The quantity supplied includes 75,000 tons of cement, 42,000 tons of steel and 9,000 tons of asbestos cement sheets.

D. P. Help Welcomed

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The decision of the Government of India, to spend 75 crores of rupees, in three years is welcome, so far as it goes, but it does not mean any increase in the present scale of expenditure on the displaced persons, says Mr. N. G. Motwani, Secretary of the Sind Hindu Seva Samati, Bombay, in a statement today.

Arms Factory Unearthed

NEW DELHI, June 20 (PTI).—A miniature arms factory was recovered by the police yesterday in a village near Delhi.

Among the articles recovered from the factory are two handgrenades, one revolver, one single barrel gun, one double barrel gun, one Stengun, two 303 country made pistols and a large number of live cartridges.

The clue to the factory came from its owner who is being interrogated in a theft case.

INTERNATIONAL FAIR: The Government of Pakistan have decided to participate in the Izzmir International fair to be held in Turkey from August 20 to September 20 this year.

Afghan Cotton For India

IMPORTS TO BE RESUMED

KABUL, June 20 (PTI): India will shortly receive "a substantial quantity" of Afghan raw cotton, it was authoritatively learned here today.

Negotiations have now reached their final state for the resumption of the export of Afghan cotton to India, suspended since partition nearly three years ago.

A high official of the Afghan Ministry of Commerce told PTI that, while it was difficult to estimate the quantity of Afghan raw cotton available for export to India, every effort would be made to send the "maximum possible" supplies.

Afghanistan's production of raw cotton averages about 8,000 tons annually.

SIR OWEN HELD UP BY LANDSLIDE

SRINAGAR, June 20 (PTI): The United Nations Mediator for Kashmir, Sir Owen Dixon, who left Murree this morning by car for Srinagar, is held up between Domel and the cease-fire line owing to a heavy landslide there, according to messages received here. Details of the landslide are lacking.

Sir Owen is now expected in Srinagar late tonight. He could not fly from Murree as the United Nations plane is grounded there with engine trouble.

According to his schedule, Sir Owen was to have crossed over the cease-fire line at ten this morning and a special car was waiting for him on this side of the line at the 58th milestone in Uri.

CEYLON REDS' BOYCOTT

Ceremonial Opening Of Parliament

COLOMBO June 20 (PTI): Ceylon's all-Communist Parliamentary opposition today boycotted the ceremonial opening of Parliament by Governor-General Lord Soulbury.

Large police forces were on duty as a safeguard.

In his speech—which indicates the principal measures the Government proposes—Lord Soulbury made three points:

(One) A volunteer air force will be formed at an early date.

(Two) The Government is exploring the possibilities of bilateral trade agreements with various countries. A trade mission will be set up in Japan as soon as possible.

(Three) Important changes are to be made in excise, police and appropriate legislation will be introduced.

(Four) With a view to improving Ceylon's air services a bill will be introduced to incorporate the Air Ceylon Company.

(Five) Bills will be introduced to control imports and exports and to control effectively all insurance activities.

IRRIGATION WORKS PROGRESSING WELL

Jivraj Mehta Satisfied

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Satisfaction at the progress of the minor irrigation works undertaken in the Bombay State only three months ago in order to increase food production was expressed by Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, Minister for Public Works and Housing, Government of Bombay, in a statement issued by him on the conclusion of his tour of Ahmedabad, Kaira and Panchmahals Districts, today.

The Minister says, "In the beginning, there were doubts in the public mind about the success of the scheme, particularly in view of the contributions to be made by cultivators towards the cost of the works. I am glad that there is now definite appreciation among the cultivators of the benefits derived from these works, which have been undertaken in the whole of the State with the help of the Central loan of a crore of rupees.

Almost all the schemes which were to be completed before the break of the monsoon have been completed, he said.

THE SAFE CORRECTIVE

Allenburys

CASTOR OIL

Allenburys Castor Oil is free from harsh impurities.

Safe in action, sure in results, it causes no injurious after-effects because it's ABSOLUTELY PURE

Made in England, by Allen & Hanburys Ltd.

IT'S AN Allenburys PRODUCT

ALLEN & HANBURYS LTD (Incorporated in England) Clive Buildings, Calcutta.

ALLEN & HANBURYS LTD. Commissariat Bldgs., Hornby Road, BOMBAY

Indo-Afghan Trade Agreement

H. E. Mr. Abdul Majid Khan Afghan Minister for National Economy, and H. E. Wing Commander Rup Chand, Ambassador of India in Afghanistan, signing the Indo-Afghan Trade Agreement at Kabul on behalf of their respective Governments.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Anglo-Iranian Loses Ground

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): Slight irregularity was fairly widespread in the end-of-account trading on London Stock Exchange today.

Contango business, although small, occupied much of attention and levelling of books was responsible for most of price movements.

Rubber and oil shares encountered profittaking and were lower. Anglo-Iranian lost ground to 6-7/8 on some disappointment with maintained distribution of 30 per cent for year.

British Government stocks were without major alteration. Bulk of trading comprised of switching by institutions.

Speculative suport assisted German municipal loans but notash issues eased on small end account sales.

Cape Selling depressed South African dividend payers. Free staters also were dull but steadied later on bear covering.

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES	
2-1/2 p.c. B. Consols	71
3-1/2 p.c. Con. Loan	95-7/8
4 p.c. Funding Loan	108-1/8
3 p.c. War Loan	104
3 p.c. War Loan	104
4 p.m. Victory Bonds	110-1/8
3 p.c. Savings Bonds	95-5/8
British Transport	90-1/4
INDUSTRIALS	
Asso. Port Cement	85-6
Br. Amr. Tobacco	5-13/16
Br. Cell Ordy	22-10½
Cai. Elec	24
Cal. Tramways	26-9
Carreras	5-7/8
J & P. Coats	58-10½
Courtaulds	37-10½
Distilleries	18-6
Dunlop Rubber	60
Elec. & Music	25-6
Fine Cot. Spinners	24-6
Ford Motors	44-6
Imperial Chemical	41-3
Imperial Tobacco	5-5
Indian Iron & Steel	42-6
Int. Nickel	55-3/8
Lever Bros. & Unilever	40-3
Marks & Spencer	80-9
Pinchin and Johnson	41-7½
Standard Motors	22-6
Vickers	29-6
Woolworth	40-6
Fed. Malaya	89-3/4
S. L. Distilleries Ord	20
Do. Pref	20-7½
TEA SHARES	
Assam Consolidated	14-6
Assam Prontier	14-3
Assam	22-6
Dooars	23
Empire of India	14-6
Imperial	24
JUTES	
Barnagore	16
Samnugger	29
RUBBER	
Anglo-Ducth Plant of Java	10-6
Kula Kelampong	15
Invest Trust	21-3
MINING SHARES	
Burma Corp	4-7½
Crown	5-3/8
Nundydroog	9-3
Spring	10-10½
Sub Nigel	4-11/16
Tavoy Tin	0-7½
Southern Mal Times	23-6
French Mines	25-6
Petalling Test	19-10½
Hongkong Tin	13-6
Union Corp	217-6
Con. Tin (Burma)	1
Indian Copper	3-3
Blyvoors	44-4½
Simmer & Jacks	8
Con. Goldfield	53-9
Orange Free State	47-6
OILS	
Anglo-Iranian	137-6
Attock	28-3
Burma	3-1/4
Mexican Eagle	18-3
Royal Dutch	21½
Shell Transport	3-1/4
SHIPPING	
P. & O. Steam	47-6
Indian General	6
Nominal Banks	9-13/16
Mercantile Bank of India	22-3/4

AMERICANS ARE TEST-HAPPY

The American people are test-happy. Lots of people think that psychological tests are a patent medicine that will cure all of their ills, from the job they just lost to the last fight with the girl friend.

This complaint comes from Dr Joseph V. Hanna, New York University psychologist.

To make matters worse the psychologists realize that it is partly their own fault. Some psychologists are themselves a little test-happy. Others do not take enough time to explain what a test can and can't do.

The psychologists are not willing to take all the blame. They think popular magazines are equally guilty. Most of these magazines accentuate the positive. They often made the test seem foolproof because it makes people want to read about it.

The public comes in for its share of scolding too. Have you ever heard a person say that it does not really matter if he is not successful because he has such a high IQ that he does not have to prove himself with hard work? Such people love to take tests because it makes them feel good to get high scores.

Others use tests as an excuse. They say that there is no point in trying. They got such low scores that they probably would not succeed even if they did try.

The public should get all of the facts about a test—both good and bad, Dr. Hanna urges. Both the public and the psychologists should use common sense about the meaning of a test score—even a good test.

TV DANGER FOR YOUTH

Television will force primary and secondary schools to revise their curricula if children are to grow up as reasoning adults, according to Prof. Dallas W. Smythe of the Institute of Communications at the University of Illionois writing in "Elementary English." He fears that children may become, as adults, incapable of making decisions for themselves unless the schools orient their pupils toward the real world we inhabit to a greater degree than is now being done.

"The function of the school in developing pupils who will grow into logical thinking adults faces a highly dangerous potential in TV," Prof. Smythe says, "because of the exposure of juvenile TV-viewers to powerful influences affecting public opinion. Techniques of public communications may shortly mature into reliable and efficient methods for engneering public opinion in the interests of those able to command the means of communication, regarless of what the identity of these persons, or institutions, may be."

Prof. Smythe warns that TV's power will be concentrated in those national networks upon which TV stations will have to depend, consequently pupils should be taught their rights and responsibilities toward TV in their capacity as future citizens.

With an estimated 38 million families spending four hours a day watching TV, Prof. Smythe suggests that the schools will have to compensate for the lack of active play in childrens' lives whose time free from school is spent in passive TV viewing rather than in outdoor recreation, pursuing a hobby or reading.

MADRAS RELEASES

MADRAS, June 20, (PTI): The Madras Government has so far released 110 out of a total of about 600 Commupist detenus in the State on their giving an undertaking not to participate in any subversive activities, it is officially stated today.

Sixty more detenus, of whom fifty belonged to the Krishna district, also given a similar undertaking to the Government not to participate in subversive activities.

The Government has directed the Collector of the Krishna district to consider their cases individually and make recommendations on the question of their release for final orders by the Government.

BANARAS: Sarju Pande, Jaybahadur Singh and four others described by the police as top-ranking Communist leaders were arrested yesterday from a village in Ghazipur district.

Improving India's Health

(Continued from page 6)

India, must view the blackout on knowledge with concern. But lead in such matters can come not from Government but from the more progressive sections of people.

SOCIAL INSURANCE SCHEME

The Government of India, as Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, said, had to concentrate on bigger things. They had to tackle social reform, health, education and rehabilitation schemes, and increase thereby the general standard of the people as a whole. She liked the British health scheme, and if a parallel scheme could be instituted in India, it would bring untold benefits to people. She had long talks with Mr Aneurin Bevan and Dr. Edith Summerskill on matters of health schemes, and had collected a great deal of material which should be of use to her in her work in India. She had invited both Dr. Edith and Mr. Bevan to visit India, and she hoped they would be able to do so, and tell those in India, who were engaged in forming plans for improving the health of people, of their experiences. These two distinguished persons have been the chief architects of Britain's unique health service, and there is little doubt that their very presence in India will stimulate and arouse interest in the health of the common people. But it is doubtful while Labour Government survives on its slender majority these Ministers can leave the shores of Britain.

INDIAN STUDENTS

A nice, clean lot, live and keen, that is how Amrit Kaur described India's lads and lassies studying in this country. She had met them on no less than three occasions, and was deeply impressed by their charm of manner. If the students were more contented and happier that is because the High Commissioner had helped them in obtaining admissions for them in institutions as well as accommodation That is no doubt true. India House does make earnest efforts to help the students in every possible way. Things might some time go wrong, but that is not due to lack of interest or effort on the part of India House. India needed not merely experts in clinical subjects, but more so in all branches of teaching, like anatomy, pharmacology. Rajkumari hoped many more would take interest in non-clinical subjects. She was proud of the record of the nurses who had come to Britain for training. They were simply topping. Many of them had annexed prizes. A Kashmere girl, Sarla Bakaya, was last Tuesday presented no less than three prizes by Lord Luke at the Middlesex Guild Hall. Miss Bakaya, who is 22, came to U.K. for higher studies in 1947. In the examination she stood first in gynaecological, orthopaedic and junior practical nursing—an achievement of which both the girl and India should feel rightly proud.

There are many Indians, both boys and girls, who by their intellect and industry, have won both for themselves and their country, good name. The other day at the "At Home" given by Messrs Perkins Ltd. at Peterborough, whose Diesel engines are to be found all over India. Indian correspondents were delighted to meet 45 year old bachelor Pannikar, who comes from Travancore He is one of the senior research officer of the company. After graduating from Manchester University, he worked in the shop of the firm and soon by merit rose to the position he now occupies in the Company. Messrs. F Perkins have trained a number of Indians in their works and are prepared to train more. India is their best customer, and they will do anything to oblige India. Only a few days ago Indian navy asked for five Diesel engines, and the company took immediate steps to help the Indian navy Recently a large number of Diesels have been sent to India. The Company recently set up a streamlined factory, the most up-to-date and best equipped engineering works erected in this country since the war

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL

CALCUTTA, June 20 (PTI).

In a fast and exciting encounter, Mohun Bagan had to go all out to beat Calcutta Garrison, the only military side in First Division Football, by two goals to nil in the Calcutta Football League here today.

VANASPATI AND PUBLIC OPINION

(Continued From Page 6)

irrelevant certificate that he himself had used Vanaspati and did not experience any harmful effect. In the same way, if Dr. S. S. Bhatnagar had confined himself to saying that a suitable colour was not available, he would have been within his jurisdiction as a chemical expert. But he exceeded it when he aired his views about how colourization would affect commerce and industry. When they knew that there were others—some of them even in the Cabinets and the class of experts—who seriously held a different opinion, they ought not to have indulged in these irrelevant statements from their responsible positions. Thereby they have rendered dubious not only their own dependability but also that of other experts and officials

PROPAGANDA DRIVE

Recent advertisements which form part of the propaganda-drive for Vanaspati, are making the fullest use of these irrelevant opinions, supplemented with distorted paraphrases of its own. For example, one of the advertisements says that "results proved conclusively, that Vanaspati is nutritious and wholesome". Another quotes Dr. Bhatnagar's 'obiter dictum'. Another declares, "Vanaspatr is wholly good. It is a wholesome fat necessary to our daily needs". Still another, "One of the doctors said that those who opposed the manufacture of Vanaspati were in fact the friends of the rich and enemies of the poor". All these are untrue statements. The experts have said at the most that, "from the point of view of health, the results indicate that Vanaspati of melting point 370C has no harmful effect as compared with raw groundnut oil". This means that its health value is neither more nor less than 'raw' ground-nut oil. There is no comparison with ghee or 'any other' raw or refined oil. We do not even know how it affects human health in comparison with 'refined ground-nut oil. The experiments were made on rats. Even there, the utmost that they say is that "in comparative feeding experiments carried out on rats for three generations with raw groundnut oil, refined ground-nut oil and Vanaspati oil of melting points 370C and 410C, the results indicate that there is no deleterious effects produced by Vanaspati as compared with the raw or refined oil' We do not know if experiments to find out the comparative value of Vanaspati and pure ghee and adulterated ghee were made or not. We also do know how Vanaspati stands in comparison with raw or refined til-seed, rape-seed and cocoanut oils. Be that as it may, it can be safely asserted that Vanaspati has not been shown to possess any special advantages over liquid oils, so far as health is concerned. Its only speciality is its capacity to lure the eyes and the minds of the people with its garb of ghee and to induce them to pay for it a greater price than what it should justifiably fetch.

This is not the only harm it inflicts It has made the oil factories indispensable. The refuse that is left as residue in the process of refining the oil is purchased by oil sellers at a cheap price and is used as one of the adulterate of oil, while itself serves as an adulterant of ghee. Inspite of all the expense incurred for refining and solidifying the oils, people get neither pure ghee nor pure oil This makes the people think that to avoid all this worry they had better use Vanaspati itself wholly. Thus Vanaspati captures the market for itself by debasing other edible oils.

MORE HARMS

Since the progressive decline of the 'ghani' industry oil-cakes too have become locally unavailable. The mill-oil-cake is poorer in its oil content than the ghani one and has more impurities. Besides, it is exported and used also as manure It means that that an essential ingredient of cattle-food is sent away across the seas or mixed with the soil. It is doubtful to what extent uncomposted oil-cake is a good manure to the soil. Thus both agriculture and cow-keeping suffer considerable harm. Of the corruption and demoralization which it leads to, the less is said the better. Adulteration and black-marketing are resorted to without any shame False propaganda has been made an art.

In view of all these things, the people—specially constructive sangns and other public institutions and municipalities and Panchayats—should deliberate upon this matter and forward their considered opinion before the 31st August to the Food Minister of the Central Government and the Speaker of the Indian Parliament If they agree with the opinion expressed here, it may be stated in the following form:—

"In the opinion of the hydrogenation of edible oils and trading in hydrogenated oils should be prohibited at an early date; and so long as this has not been done, all these hydrogenated oils should be coloured, so that it may become impossible to deceive the public by mixing it with pure ghee."

A copy of this resolution may also be forwarded to the Secretary, Go Seva Sangh Gopuri Wardha

Pakistan Honours Trade Deal

FACILITIES TO INDIAN TEXTILE MERCHANTS

KARACHI, June 20 (PTI): The State Bank of Pakistan has allocated Indian currency to textile merchants and allowed them to open letters of credit for purchasing Indian textiles under the trade agreement. The total amount allocated is Rs. 4.5 crores, being the value of 45,000 cloth bales allocated by India.

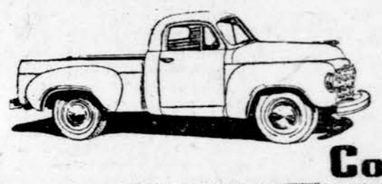
It is learnt that five times the permissible currency was indented for, and the Government have now decided to allow from 25 to 50 per cent of the indented currency with a minimum of Rs. 20,000

It is expected that Indian cloth will be getting into the Karachi market from the first week of July The prospect of cheap Indian cloth glutting the market has caused cloth prices to go down

Contradicting reports appearing in Bombay paper that Pakistan was not implementing the trade pact, official quarters here asserted that jute deliveries were being made according to schedule.

Studebaker

Truck



Coupe EXPRESS

Bus

H.M. HINDUSTAN MOTORS LTD. CALCUTTA

AUTHORISED DEALERS:

BOMBAY: FRENCH MOTOR CAR CO. LTD., 9/11, Hughes Road.

AHMEDABAD: MODERN AUTOMOBILES (Gujarat) LTD., Lal Darwaja

RAJKOT & SAURASHTRA: KATHIAWAR MOTORS

NAGPUR: VYAS AUTOMOBILES Kamptee Road

Andhra Congress Elections

PRAKASAM DENIES PRESS REPORT

MADRAS, June 20 (PTI).

MR. T. PRAKASAM, former Premier of Madras, in a press statement today categorically denied that any election Sub-Committee meeting of the AICC enquire into the various disputes of the Panchayat elections in Andhra was held in Delhi on June 18 as reported in the press.

Mr. Prakasam, who returned to Madras this morning from Delhi after meeting Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in connection with the Andhra Panchayat election disputes, and that the report that the election sub-committee met yesterday and started enquiries into various disputes was "false".

"There were no members of the Sub-Committee present to hold the meeting or make inquiries," he added.

Mr. Prakasam said that he had told Sardar Patel that there was no occasion to issue a stay order when the election were in full swing and that if anybody was dissatisfied with the final decision of Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt, who was deputed by the AICC to conduct Panchayat elections in Andhradesh, the remedy was by way of appeal to the Congress Working Committee.

Mr. Prakasam added: "Sardar Patel promised to write to the Congress Secretary in this connection. He did write to him. He also give him advice when Mr. Shankerrao Deo went to Dehra Dun to consult him in this connection.

Mr. Prakasam said that Mr. Shankerrao Deo had attempted to hold an inquiry into the complaints received by the Sub-Committee. But when it was pointed out that inquiry could not be made as most of the members of the Sub-Committee were absent and that Mr Kala Venkata Rao the other member, "disqualified himself", as he promised to keep aloof from Andhra Panchayat elections, Mr. Deo admitted that the sub-committee could not meet as originally contemplated.

Mr Prakasam said that Mr. Shankerrao Deo had also made it clear that the representations made to Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt had nothing to do with the inquiry by the Elections Sub-Committee.

Mr. Prakasam added that the occasion on which he had gone had "succeeded fully by getting it declared that the Election Sub-Committee did not sit to consider any one of the socalled disputes so as to review the plan, programme and conclusions of Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt".

STATE SUGARCANE COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following members have been nominated by the Government of Bombay on the State Sugarcane Committee:—

The Director of Agriculture (ex-officio Chairman); the Sugarcane Specialist, Sugarcane Research Scheme Padegaon (ex-officio Honorary Secretary); the Executive Engineer, Nira Canals Division, Poona; Dr. L. A. Ramdas, Director of Agricultural Meteorology, Indian Meteorological Department, Poona; Shri D. M. Dahanukar to represent white sugar manufacturers in the Deccan Canal tract; Shri S. V. Yadav, to represent small growers, i.e., gur manufacturers in Deccan Canal tract; Shri S. C. Shirgur to represent sugarcane growers under well irrigation in Karnatak; Shri K. J. Somaiva and Shri J. T. Talerja to represent trade interests; Shri K. S. Bhorate to represent sugarcane growers from Konkan; Shri Gulabchand Hirachand to represent the Deccan Sugar Factories' Association; Shri Maneklal Ujamshi to represent the Bombay Sugar Merchants' Association; and Shri W. D. Chitale to represent gur and khandsari industry.

The period of nomination of the non-official members of the Committee is three years ending March 31, 1953.

GREATER POWERS FOR COUNCILS

Municipal Chairmen's Plea To Government

MADRAS, June 20 (PTI): A resolution urging the State Government to enact early legislation conferring greater powers on Municipal Councils and their chairman was adopted yesterday at the Conference of the Chambers of Chairmen of Municipal Councils.

The two-day session of the Chamber concluded yesterday after passing a number of resolutions.

The Chamber requested the Government to hold the next municipal elections in the State only on the basis of adult franchise and without reservation of seats to minority communities other than Harijans as laid down in the Indian Constitution.

The Conference expressed in a resolution dissatisfaction with the existing Public Health Act and requested the Government to bring the whole public health establishment, including the Health Officer under the direct control of the chairman and the Municipal Council in line with other branches of municipal establishment for the proper health administration of towns.

LESS DISPUTES IN INDUSTRY

Improvement In Man-Days Lost

NEW DELHI, June 19: Statistics of industrial disputes for the month of April, 1950, now released by the Labour Bureau, show a considerable improvement in the number of man-days lost as compared to the previous month, although the number of disputes was comparatively higher during the month under review.

There were 93 disputes involving 48,624 workers and resulting in a time-loss of 286,088 mon-days during the month under review as against 81 disputes involving 42,516 workers and resulting in a loss of 487,735 man-days during the previous month. Of the 93 disputes reported during the month, 75 were fresh disputes involving 35,628 workers. As many as 76 disputes terminated during the month. Lockouts during the month numbered eight and accounted for a time-loss of 119,169 man-days. Of these, six were in progress from the previous month.

Among the States, Bombay showed a great improvement compared to the previous month. The State recorded 31 disputes involving 14,000 workers and resulting in a time-loss of about 54,000 man-days.

W. PUNJAB'S CLAIM ON TWO BANKS

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, June 20: The Government of West Punjab are reported to be taking steps to recover a sum of Rs. 25 lakhs from the Punjab National Bank Ltd. and the Bharat Bank Ltd.'s Lahore branches, through civil litigation.

Punjab Government are claiming this amount from these Banks on some technical grounds. The amount, it is stated, was deposited with those Banks by non-Muslims before the partition of the country as earnest money for purchasing Government lands in the Nilibar colony. On account of the partition of the country and these non-Muslims having migrated from Punjab, they failed to fulfil the terms of the deal by paying up the balance of lease-money in time. Government authorities therefore contend that since the lessees had failed to fulfil the contracts, the earnest money stands forfeited to the Government as per a clause in the agreement.

The colonisation officer of Nilibar, who was in correspondence with the two Banks to secure the amount having failed in his efforts, has recommended to the Government that the amount in question be recovered through Civil litigation.

REHABILITATION OF BIHAR D. P.s

Premier's Promise

RANCHI, June 20 (PTI): Mr. Srikrishna Sinha, Bihar Premier, visited the Tatisilwai and Makhmandru refugee camps, near Ranchi on Saturday last and told the inmates of the camps that the Bihar Government were determined to do all that was possible to alleviate their suffering and to rehabilitate them as quickly as possible.

Mr. Sinha was accompanied by Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Ansari, Bihar's Rehabilitation Minister at both the camps. Addresses of welcome were presented to the Premier in which the refugees expressed their deep gratitude for all that the State Government were doing for them and informed him of their need.

Extending a welcome to the refugees on behalf of himself and the people of Bihar, Mr. Sinha said that he was fully conscious of the suffering they had gone through for the cause of freedom. It was largely due to their sacrifice that freedom had been achieved. The cause of the refugees was India's own cause, he said, and assured them that the Government of Bihar were determined to do all that was possible to alleviate their suffering.

NO DOLES

Mr. Sinha was particularly glad to hear that they did not like to continue their life in camps on doles and rations. Necessary steps had been taken and schemes were being drawn up for agriculturists and for providing employment for other clasess of refugees, he said. He hoped that they would settle down as people of the State and as happ citizens and adapt themselves to their new environment.

INDIAN PRINCES AS PATRIOTS

Tribute To Jam Saheb At New York Dinner

NEW YORK, June 19, (PTI-Reuter): A speaker at a dinner given by the Indian Association of America in honour of the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar said the princes of India had acted as patriots when the British were ready to hand over power.

Mr. N R Checker, who presided at the dinner, said "No Indian Prince took a more courageous and patriotic lead in that respect than the present Rajpramukh of Saurashtra. Several speakers praised the part played by the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar in "consolidating India's independence."

Messrs. G B Lal, R S Modak Amrit Mehta and P D Srogi joined in paying tributes to the political sagacity of the Jam Saheb and to the confidence he had enjoyed both among his brother princes and their peoples.

In his reply, the Jam Saheb said the Indian princes regarded themselves as "Indians first and princes afterwards."

"But for the great part played by some of the Indian princes in bygone years, there would have been no India as it is today", the Jam Saheb declared.

TRANSFUSION

When the Indian princes found that the "third party" had divided India's economy in such a manner as to deprive it of food on one side and a valuable industrial commodity like jute on the other, they came forward to throw in their territorial and economic resources "and thus provide the Indian body politic with a tranfusion of strength", the Jam Saheb said.

Speaking of his election as Chairman of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal, the Jam Saheb said that he regarded it as "a token of international confidence in India's impartiality".

3 Kannada Journalists To Tour Europe

BANGALORE, June 20 (PTI): Mr. P. B. Srinivasan, Editor of 'Taj Nadu' premier Kannada daily of Bangalore, left here last night on a study tour of England and the continent. He is accompanied by two members of his staff.

The three journalists will undertake a four-month study of journalism in Europe and will avail themselves of the opportunity to visit public institutions.

Himachal Pradesh Wants Legislative Councils

MANDI (Himachal Pradesh) June 20. (PPTI): The two-day session of the Himachal Pradesh Political Conference which concluded on Sunday demanded the end of Chief Commissioner's rule in the State and the setting up in its place of a Responsible Government with elected Legislative Assembly and Ministers "in accordance with the assurance given to the people by the State Ministry at the time of merger of Mandi State".

The Conference opposed the move to amalgamate its judiciary with the Punjab High Court. It requested the Government of India to integrate with Himachal Pradesh certain adjoining areas which have common language, culture and economic interests.

The Conference passed another resolution stating that the extension of excise duty on tobacco to Himachal Pradesh and the State of Bilaspur "was wholly unjustified in view of the peculiar circumstances of these states where the incidence of land revenue is as high as about eight times that of the adjoining states of Punjab and PEPSU." It, therefore, requested the Government to exempt the areas from imposition of the duty. Pending such decision, the Conference requested the Government of India to issue instructions to the Excise Department to realise the excise duty only on the actual quantity produced and not on calculations based on the area cultivated.

The Conference was presided over by Mr. Deshbandu Gupta. Delegates from all parts of Himacal Pradesh attended.

Improvement In Mettur Reservoir Level

MADRAS, June 20, (PTI): The reservoir level at Mettur has registered a further slight improvement since the reduction in the cut of power supply announced on the 13th instant it is officially stated today. The power cut will, therefore, be further reduced from thirty-three and one-third per cent to twenty-five per cent with immediate effect.

The cut in the Pykara and Papanasam systems, it is stated, will, however continue at twenty-five per cent. Further relaxations will be considered after water conditions improve.

INHUMAN MURDER OF WAR PRISONERS BY JAPANESE

Only Survivor Of Mass Killing In Malaya Gives Evidence

LOS NEGROS, (Admiralty Group), June 20 (PTI-Reuter).

An Australian Army officer alleged here yesterday that Japanese troops had machine-gunned 110 Australian and 35 Indian war prisoners in Malaya in 1942, poured petrol over, them and—though some of them were still alive and "screaming terribly"—set them alight.

The officer, Lt. B.C. Hackney, of New South Wales, only living survivor of the mass killing, told his story in a sworn document read to a War Crimes Court trying senior Japanese Army officers.

Investigating officers said the killing was—"one of the worst if not the worst, to be brought before a court since the end of the war".

Lt. Hackney's statement said the prisoners were herded together, and then machine guns "belched forth a storm of death."

It went on: "After the first burst a few remained standing, but they were soon hit by further fire".

INHUMAN WAY

The Japanese then poured petrol over them and set them alight. "he prisoners were screaming and yelling terribly", the statement said.

Charged with responsibility for the killing are Lt. General Takuma Nishimura—already serving a life sentence imposed by a British court for war crimes in Malaya—and Captain Sho Co Nonaka.

Prosecutor C. V. Rooney said he would produce sworn affidavits from four Japanese who all alleged Nishimura ordered the execution.

Earlier yesterday the court found Major Hirshi Itsui and Captain Hirayasu Shina guilty of murdering eight Australian prisoners at Tavoy, in Burma, in 1942 and gave them a life sentence and ten years respectively.

Procurement Drive In Hubli

HUBLI: Observance of 'Levy Day' in Hubli Taluka recently has stepped up the grain procurement there, according to the P.T.I.

The procurement campaign conducted under the supervision of the Collector of Dharwar has brought in about 1,200 bags of food grains to the Government godown.

Mr. T. M. Choudhary, Collector of Dharwar, said here that he was hopeful of getting maximum procurement throughout the District if the villagers were explained on the significance of the procurement campaign.

He said that so far 17,000 bags have been procured out of the target figure of 20,000 bags fixed for Hubli Taluka.

GERMAN ENVOY IN LONDON

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON: Germany's first consul general has arrived in London. He is 63-year-old, former pigeon shooting champion, Dr. Schlange.

Dr. Schlange is beginning his work in London with a staff of 20, including a press officer. "My chief task will be to restore confidence between British and German people," he further says "My main difficulty will be over industrial competition".

Dr. Schlange, who travelled to London on ordinary passport, will have two diplomatic concessions in the beginning. He will have his own courier service and will have his own cipher for communicating with his Government.

Dr Schlange expects to extend his activities to those of more diplomatic kind than are at present contemplated in the near future.

STATE APPEAL FROM ACQUITTAL

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dixit and Mr. Justice Chainani).

The State .. Appellant

vs.

P. V. Chaphalkar and others .. .. Respondents (Accused).

Their Lordships admitted a Government appeal from the acquittal of the respondents by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, First Class, Ratnagiri, for breach of the Bombay Building (Control of Erection Act 31 of 1948) for having started the construction of a cinema at Rahatnagar without obtaining the permission of the Controller of Buildings at Bombay. The permission of the Collector of Ratnagiri as well as the Ratnagiri Municipal Borough had been obtained. The appeal will now come up for hearing in due course.

On behalf of the Government, it was contended that such permission was required for the construction of places of entertainment throughout all areas in the State, and that by virtue of the General Clauses Act, the Notification in respect thereof issued under the previous Ordinance, continued to be in force.

The Assistant Government Pleader Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared for the State.

Employment Under Gas Company

Government Declares "Essential Service"

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has passed orders declaring the empoyment under Bombay Gas Company, Limited, Bombay, as an essential service. The employment under the Ahmedabad, Poona, Jalgaon, Amalner, Nandurbar and Dhulia Electric Supply Companies has also been declared as an essential service by the Government. The orders were made under section 5 of the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, 1947.

Chinese Couple Murdered In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, June 20 (PTI): A young Chinese couple were found murdered in their flat in Dharamtala street this morning. A two-year-old child of the deceased was, however, lying unhurt in a pool of blood.

Four persons, all Chinese, have been taken into custody in this connection and police investigation is proceeding.

Hyderabad's Seats In House Of The People

RE-ENUMERATION OF VOTERS TO END THIS MONTH

SECUNDERABAD, June 20 (UPI).

THE re-enumeration of voters on the basis of adult franchise for elections to the Hyderabad State Assembly and India's House of People is expected to be completed by the end of this month. Mr. S. W. Shivesverkar, Election Commissioner, told pressmen this morning.

The Hyderabad State Assembly, which will be the only legislative body for the State will consist of 175 members. Seats are reserved for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes. For the House of People Hyderabad would send 25 representatives including representatives of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes for whom seats are reserved. Only one voters' list is being prepared for both the purposes.

The re-enumeration of voters on the basis of adult franchise has been undertaken in order to satisfy the provisions of the representation of the People Act XLIII of 1950, the Election Commissioner explained. The enumeration of voters already completed in March last on the basis of adult franchise was for the purpose of holding elections to the Hyderabad Constituent Assembly, which has since been abandoned.

The Election Commissioner has proposed an expenditure of 26 lakhs for elections to the Hyderabad State Legislative Assembly and the House of the People. This amount is an addition to 26 lakhs already spent on the electoral rolls prepared for the Constituent Assembly.

Additional names and such corrections and deletions as are necessary to the already printed rolls, will be printed, thus economizing a great deal of expenditure.

NATIONAL REGISTER IN EACH VILLAGE

What New Census Will Do

JULLUNDER, June 20. (PTI): A feature of the ninth All-India census to be held early next year will be the writing up of a national register of citizens for each village and town, Mr. Lakshmi Chandra Vishishta, Superintendent of Census Operations for Punjab, PEPSU and Himachal Pradesh, said here in a broadcast from Jullundur.

The object of preparing these registers, he said, was to furnish data for the use of social investigators and those interested in conducting sample surveys.

He added the enumeration period would be spread over 20 days commencing from February 9 and continuing till the end of February.

Houseless persons such as wandering tribes, sadhus and mendicants would be enumerated on the night preceding sunrise on March 1, A period of three days after March 1, would be devoted to a check up for bringing the record upto date correcting for deaths and births.

He said the census will provide answers to many questions regarding the economic condition of the people and the extent of literacy prevailing in the country about which there has hitherto been very little statistical information.

'FIGHT PROFITEERS BY BOYCOTT

Morrison's Appeal To Housewives

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON: The women of Britain were asked by Herbert Morrison today to fight profiteering by boycott.

Addressing a meeting of Labour women in Yorkshire, he said that the "militant resistance" of some women to overcharging had already succeeded in reducing prices. If all women joined the campaign against high prices, he said, traders taking unfair advantage of shortages would be forced to surrender.

"By bringing prices down and thus easing the pressure for higher wages the women would render a real service to the country," he added.

Army Officer On Robbery Charge

ACCUSED PLEAD NOT GUILTY

HYDERABAD, June 20 (PTI): A general Court Martial holding court in the military area in Bolarum (about 12 miles from Hyderabad) is now trying Captain Bakhtawar Singh of the Indian Army on charges of destroying a document with the object of screening some offenderers, committing robbery and using criminal force by slapping a civilian on his face.

The accused pleaded 'not guilty' to all charges.

The prosecution case is that the accused, who was in charge of some Indian troops, visited Sirsila, in Hyderabad State, on October 15, 1948, and asked one of his jamadars to recover cash to the value of Rs. 1,150 and gold and silver ornaments worth about Rs. 7,355 from a person named Syed Hussain it was alleged was threatened by the accused to part with the valuables at the point of pistol.

The prosecution also alleged that the accused destroyed a statement written by Sitaraman, cashier of the troops, that Sirajuddai, a Tahsildar, had been murdered by two sepoys of his Company. The accused was further alleged to have slapped Bhavandas, a civilian cook, on the face.

Eight judges (all military officers) are sitting over the case. The accused is being defended by Mr. K. L. Gauba, a Bombay barrister.

Nine witnesses have been examined for the prosecution.

BLACKMARKETING IN WHEAT

2 Arrests In Allahabad

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, June 20.

The police have arrested two persons on a charge of blackmarketing in wheat. It is alleged that Tandon Stores, Hastings Road, sold five bags of superior quality wheat to these persons at a price much above the controlled rate. The arrested men have been kept in police lock-up.

CRAWFORD MARKET. LATEST RATES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following were the approximate rates of mutton, beef, fish, fruits and vegetables prevailing at the Crawford Market today.

MUTTON

Mutton Re. 1-2 to 1-4 per lb, Pluck Re. 1-2 to 1-4, Kidneys As. 2-6 to 3 each, Whole head Rs. 1-2 to 1-4, Tongue As. 5 to 6, Brain As. 7 to 8 each.

BEEF

Beef first sort As. 10 to 12 per lb., Beef (Cow) As. 8 per lb., Hump As. 8 to 10 per lb., Sirloin As. 12 to Re. 1 per lb., Buffalo Beef As. 10 to 12, Steak As. 12 to 14 per lb.

FISH

Pomfrets, white large pair Rs. 2 Rewas Rs. 5 to 20 each, Dara Rs. 12 to 15 each, Mullet (Boi) Rs. 2 to 60 per dozen, Ghole Rs. 18 to 20 each, Prawns As. 12 to Rs. 2, Bumlows As. 12 to Re. 1 per dozen, Clams Re. 1 per dozen, Crabs Rs. 3 to 5 per dozen and Lobsters Rs. 4 to Rs. 8 per dozen.

FRUITS

Pineapple (Bombay) Rs. 4 to 6 each, Pineapple (Goa) As. 12 to Re. 1-8 each, Pomeloes Re. 1 to 3 each, Guavas As. 8 to 1-8 per dozen, Oranges Rs. 2 to 4-8 per dozen, Oranges (Poona) Re. 1-8 to 3 per dozen, Grapes fruits Rs. 3 to 6, Melons, Musk As. 12 to 2 each, Plantains Red Rs. 2 to 3 per dozen, Plantains green As. 12 per dozen, Limes Sweet Re. 1-8 to 6 per dozen, Limes Sour As. 8 to Re. 1 per dozen, Apples Australian Rs. 6 to 12 per dozen, Apples Kashmiri Rs. 18 per dozen, Apricots Rs. 1-4 to 18 per lb., Mangoes Alphonzo Rs. 3 to 12 per dozen, Mangoes Pyree Rs. 2 to 6 per dozen, Mangoes Common Rs. 4 to 9 per dozen, Figs Deccan As. 12 to Rs. 2 per dozen, Chikoos As. 12 to Rs. 3 per dozen, Peaches Quetta Rs. 1-8 to 3 per dozen, Plums Re. 1 to 2 per dozen, Lichees Rs. 4 to 6 per one hundred, Almonds Rs. 4 to 4-8 per lb. Cashewnuts Re 1-12 to 3 per lb.

VEGETABLES

Potatoes Disa As. 3-6 to 4 per lb. Potatoes Kanpur As. 4 per lb., Sweet Potatoes As. 4 per lb., Onions As. 1-6 to 2 per lb., Cabbages As. 5 to 6 per lb., Cauliflowers As. 10 to 12 per lb., Carrots English As. 6 per lb., Beet Anna 1 to As. 4 each, Tomatoes As. 8 to 10 per lb., Green Peas Rs. 1-4 to 1-8 per lb., French Beans As. 5 to 6 per lb., Bhendi As. 6 to 8 per lb., Brinjals As. 4 to 6 per lb., Chillies Green As. 6 to 8 per lb.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS

North Korea's Offer

SEOUL, June 20 (PTI-Reuter): North Korea yesterday expressed willingness to exchange political prisoners with South Korea, in a broadcast over Pionyang Radio.

Those named for exchange were Cho Man Shik, life-time friend of South Korean President Syngman Rhee, Cho Man Shiks, son-in-law and other members of the Korean Democratic Party.

President Rhee last week offered to send back to North Korea Kih Sam Nyong and Leee Chu Ha, at present facing charges of subversive activity in Seoul.

PAKISTAN SEVERS LINK WITH PRIVY COUNCIL

Brief Ceremony In House Of Lords

LONDON, June 20 (PTI-Reuter).

MR. HABIB RAHIMTOOLA, Pakistan's High Commissioner to Britain, said here today that the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council had set a standard which it would be the best endeavour of the courts of Pakistan to maintain.

Mr. Rahimtoola was reading a message from the Pakistan Government at a brief ceremony held in the House of Lords today on the occasion of the cessation of appeals to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council from the courts of Pakistan.

The Pakistan Government's message, read by Mr. Rahimtoola, stated "With the cessation of the jurisdiction of the Privy Council in relation to Pakistan, which was brought about by an Act of the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan on May 1, 1950, a judicial connection of more than a hundred years has come to an end.

Lord Jowitt, British Lord Chancellor, replied to the message.

Mr. Patrick Gordon-Walker, British Commonwealth Relations Secretary, also spoke.

MANDOT INQUIRY

'Intimacy' With Raja Hasan Akhtar Denied

LAHORE, June 19 (PTI): The question of 'intimacy' between the Nawab of Mamdot and Raja Hasan Akhtar again came up at today's hearing of the Mamdot inquiry in the court of Justice Mr. Khurshid Zaman of the Lahore High Court.

Mr. Suhrawardy, the defance counsel contended that the Nawab of Mamdot's 'eulogium' of Hasan Akhtar could not be put forward with any force to prove the contention of 'intimacy' between the two. Other ministers for instance, Sardar Shaukat Hayat Khan, he said, held Raja Hasan Akhtar high in their estimation. The late Mr. S. P. Singha had praised him in the Legislature for his help and protection to the Christian minority in Montgomery District in the difficult period following the partition.

STUDY OF FARMING IN OTHER NATIONS

Opportunity For Indian Agriculturists

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Indian agriculturists will shortly get opportunities of having an insight into the modern techniques of farming in foreign countries in accordance with a decision reached at the International Food and Agricultural Producers' Conference held recently at salts Joebaden (Sweden).

This was revealed by Mr. S. M. Wahi, leader of the Indian delegation to the I.F.A.P. Conference, who returned to Bombay yesterday, in an interview here this morning.

The Conference agreed, Mr. Wahi stated, to have an exchange between the countries having surplus of farm produce and those requiring it in respect of quantities, prices and conditions of sale of the surplus produce so that deficit member countries might avail of this surplus through their respective Governments.

"The Indian delegation", Mr. Wahi said, "played an important part in framing the policies of the conference and stressing, among others, for a concrete programme on the stabilisation of prices and disposal of surplus."

TRADE AGREEMENT: Bulgaria and Eastern Germany signed a trade agreement for the current year at Berlin on June 19. The agreement provides for an exchange of goods fives times higher than last year. Bulgaria will exchange "important raw materials" and food-stuffs for East German machinery and electrical equipment. They also agreed on close scientific cooperation.

PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT IN STEELS AT DECLINE

Restricted Trading And Narrow Price Movements

BOMBAY, June 20.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened steady and as soon as the initial demand was satisfied, quieter conditions prevailed on reviewed selling in active shares. Trading was restricted with small outside participation.

The sea-saw state of the market indicates that the long range outlook remains uncertain and traders are inclined to book small profits as they accrue on either side. As pointed out before there is nothing in the general situation to make a marked departure of the present level.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1672 and after improving at Rs. 1675 declined at Rs. 1667-8 on renewed liquidation. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 328 and after improving Rs. 329 declined at Rs. 327. Bengal Steels were done at Rs 20-12.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 967-8 and declined at Rs. 963-8. Kohinoor opened at Rs. 296 and later changed hands at Rs. 295

Swadeshi Mill shares were quoted at Rs. 247, Simplex shares stood at Rs. 220.

Associated Cements were quoted at Rs 154, Bombay Burmas old opened at Rs. 497 and after gaining three points at Rs. 500 declined at Rs. 495 and steadied at Rs. 496. Scindia shares after advancing at Rs. 11-3 quietened at Rs. 11 while Wimcos were quoted at Rs. 215

Later on there was slightly improved buying and Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1670 and Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 327-8. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 945. It appears that professionals were inclined to support the market and closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	965 0
Kohinoor Mills (1)	296 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	247 8
Central India Mills (8)	231 8
Simplex India Mills (4-8)	219 0
New Great Eastern (8)	132 0
Indore (8-3)	106 4
Gokak Mills (12) XD	236 8
Century Spinning (15)	230 0
Indian Bleaching (8)	151 0
Finlay Mills (15)	239 8
Swan (20)	306 0
Morarji Goculdas (8)	160 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	212 8
Meyer (12)	75 0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 11
India United Ord. (0-14-9)	11 8 0
India United Defd.	1 11 6
Madhusudan (15)	180 0
Podar (9)	124 8
Khatau (5)	145 10
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	327 8
Tata Steel Defd. (83-15)	1672 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-12)	142 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	153 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	496 14
Belapur	227 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	10 14
Shivrajpur (1-8)	34 0
Premier Construction	86 8
Tata Chemical	11 4
Tata Oil (2)	38 8
Indian Iron (0-12)	29 14
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	20 12
British India Corp. (0-2)	8 9
Indian Copper	2 3
Wimco	215 0
Alcock	282 8
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3) VD	152 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1412 8
Tata Power (25)	1512 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	60 4
Phoenix (9)	138 4
Indian Mfg (40)	2950 0
Kurla XL	105 0
Colaba (12)	88 0
New Great (11)	172 0
Minerva (12)	135 10
Bradbury (12)	605 0
Bharatiya Jeld. (0-4)	
Bharat (2)	28 8
Mysore Defd. (04)	151 4
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14 0
Model Mills (13-8)	147 8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	595 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	190 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 0
Sholapur (200)	3030 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (9-8-0)	16 12
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	43 4
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	228 12
Sassoon Silk	34 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	16 12
Madhusudan S (2-5)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162 8
Raja Bahadur (4)	51 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	115 10
Ahmedabad New XD	88 0
Surat Electric	130 0
Karachi Electric (2)	127 4
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated	11 2
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126 0
Bombay Suburban (3)	160 0
Bombay Suburban New	146 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India	1842 8
Imperial Bank P (10-12)	458 8
Central Bank	81 4
Central Bank New (1-8)	81 0
Bank of India XD	177 0
Union (0-8)	7 6
Baroda (2-3)	124 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 4
United Commercial (1-2)	44 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (2)	64 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 7
Indian Mercantile (2)	40 0
Universal (0-4)	9 0
B I C (1)	17 6
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	19 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	111 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	212 8
Bombay Burma New (5)	165 10
Burma Petrol	1 8 0
Mackenzie (8)	90 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	323 12
Port Canning (3)	51 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	51 12
Mukund Iron	4 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	132 8
Supreme Industries	72 4
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	16 8
Anandjee Nagar Industries (B. S.)	129 6
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 8
Manamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	53 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 10
Andhra Valley (7)	1207 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1317 8
Hydro Electric (7) XD	131 14
Bombay Steamer (6)	212 8
Central India (5)	650 0
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 8
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 0
Pre Construction First	99 4
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	130 0
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 4
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	75 12
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 8

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, June 20.

MILLS—
Apollo 2-11
B. Dyeing 967-8 63-12 67-8 63-12 65
Bradbury Ord. 605
C. India 231 29-8 31-8
Century 230
Colaba 88 89 88
E. Textile 212-8
Elphinstone Ord. 56-8
Finlay 239-8
Gokak 237 36-8 37 36-8
I. U. Defd. 1-11-3 1-11-6
I. U. Ord. 11-8 11-7 11-8
Indore 107-8 6-4
Kohinoor 297 96 97 95-4 96
Model 147-8 46-12 48-12 47-8
Meyer 75
Morarji 160
Simplex 219 18-8 19
Svadeshi 247 47-8 46 47-8
Vishnu 190
C. P. Rly. 111-8
B. Steam 212-8
Scindia 11 11-1 10-15-6 11-3 10-15

BANKS—
Baroda 124-8
Central 81-12 81-4
Central New 81
Imperial Old 1842-8
Imperial New 458-12
India 176-8 77
Union 7-6
U. Commercial 44

ELECTRICS—
Ahmedabad 115-10 15 15-10.
Andhra 1410 12-8.
Amalgamated 11.
Suburban 150.
Surat 130.
Hydro 152.
Power 1510 12-8.
Power Pref. 1317-8.
New India 64 63-8 64.
I. Mercantile 40-8.

STOCKS
B. Steam 20-12 20-13 20-12 20-14 20-12.
I. Iron 29-14-6 29-13 29-15 29-13 29-14.
Tata Defd. 1673-12 76-4 68-12 77-8 66-4 72-8.
Tata Ord. 328 27-8 29-4 27 27-8.
Tata IInd Pref. 143 42-12.

MISCELLANEUS
Alcock 282-8.
A.C.C. 154-4 53-12 54 53-8.
Belapur 227-8.
B.B. Old 498-2 96-4 501-4 496-4 96-14.
B.B. New 165-10 64-6 65-10.
B.B. Petrol 1-8.
B.I.C. 8-9 8-8-6
Dharamsey 51-12.
I. Bleaching 151.
Port Canning 51.
P. Const. 87 87-4 86-12 87-12 86-8.
Shivrajpur 34.
Tata Chem. 11-4.
Tata Oil 39 38-12 40 37-8 38-8.
Wimco 215 16-4 15.

SPECIAL
Anmedabad Elec. New 88.

GOLD AND SILVER

Scattered Short Covering

BOMBAY, June 20.

The local bullion market was fairly steady today under scattered short covering.

It appears that most of the professional long interest is liquidated and the technical position of the market has improved.

In view of the recent heavy liquidation and consequent sharp decline in Silver prices, there is moderate improvement in the cash demand and naturally shorts are inclined to cover short sales.

Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 175-14 and sharply advanced at Rs. 176-12 on increased covering and some replacement buying. Thereafter the market ruled steady at Rs. 176-8. Ready Bullion was quoted at Rs. 176-2.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 113-3 and after improving at Rs. 113-6 steadied at Rs. 113-2. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 113-10 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 74-8.

Later on there was heavy selling in Gold on expectation of tender while Silver was pressed down by professional selling. Closing quotations were as under:—

	Rs. As. Ps.
Ready Silver	173 0 0
Forward	173 10 0
Ready Gold	112 2 0
Forward	111 10 0

Produce Market Closed

BOMBAY, June 20.

The Bombay produce market remained entirely closed on account of Municipal Election. Ahmedabad and Rajkot castorseeds were easy.

N. Y. Pepper Steady

NEW YORK, June 19.

The pepper market was steady with spots quoted at 1.03 dollars. Offerings held at 1.05 with buyers interested at 1.02. June-July was traded at 1.00 which involved about fifteen tons, latterly June was traded at 1.03 involving approximately 10 tons. Advices from India aided the steadiness in New York though traders were generally holding off. Following are today's closing prices: Black pepper: Spot 1.03 traded June 1.02 nominal, July 1.00 bid, August 1.02 nominal and September 1.00 nominal (Old Contract). New Contract: June 1.02 nominal, July 1.00 bid, August 1.02 nominal, September 1.00 bid.

London Copra And Oil Markets

LONDON, June 19.

The copra market was quiet for Philippines bulk June-July at 192 dollars per ton c.i.f. Straits-Dutch East Indies fair merchantable June-July was firmer at £81-1/2 asked against bids of £85-3/4 per ton c.i.f.

The coconut oil market was quiet with straits in drums quoted at £120 and in bulk at £114, Ceylon, in drums at £120 and in bulk at £425 all per ton c.i.f June-July shipment.

London Pepper Quiet

LONDON, June 19.

The pepper market was quiet with White again easier but Indian tended to be steadier Black Lampong, Junt-July, was offered at 7-1/2 shillings and White Muntok at 13 shillings 4 pence shipping weight with White Sarawak at 13 sh. 9d. delivered weight per pound c.i.f basis ports. Malabar June was quoted around 790 shillings per cwt., cif United Kingdom.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

During the week ended the 16th June, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 11,48,50,000 were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 11 6
New Victoria	2 2
New Victoria Pref.	4 4
Phalton	92 8
Gold Mohar	285 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan	105 0
Osmanshahi XD	120 0
Ajam Shahi X D	110 0
Air Service	3 8
Air India	60 0
Hind Motor	5 7
Indian Steam	6 8

SLIGHT DEMAND IN DYES & CHEMICALS

Goods Booking To Southern Sides Not Available

BOMBAY, June 19.

SAPTHOL CAS: Market for this item has gone up to 8/2 from 7/14 and there is some demand for this item.

BORDEA CGP SALT: There is slight demand for this item also and market has gone up to Rs. 5/2 from 4/14.

SULPHUR BLACK CBO: Due to slight demand market has improved for this item. There is also demand for Sulphur Black.

VAT COLOURS: Market ruled steady but poor demand noticed. Due to monetary difficulties market is dull.

CHEMICALS: Market ruled steady and there is some demand. BLEACHING: As goods booking is not open since 2 months market for this item has come down to Rs. 35/8 from 37. Poor consumers and handloom industries are unable to get their ordered goods and especially this item may likely to get damaged and thereby merchants as well consumers will have to face serious consequences if restoration of goods booking is not open early.

HYDROSULPHATE OF SODA: If poor consumers and hand-loom industries are to benefit, early licences should be given for this item and merchants should be allowed to sell the same freely so that consumers will get their required goods as in the case of Rangolite C.

SAPTHOLS	
CAS	8/2
CBS	12/4
CBO	13/8
CSW	14/4
CSG	18/-
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	12/4
„ Scarlet CKR Base	14/-
„ Red CKCR Base	13/8
„ Red CB Base	14/-
„ Garnet CKGBC Base	4/10
„ Yellow CGC Base	7/-
„ Corinth CB Base	9/-
„ Orange CGC Base	10/4
„ Orange CKGR Base	9/8
„ Bordeaux CGP Base	14/12
„ Blue CB Base	13/8
„ Scarlet CG Base	7/12
„ Red CTR Base	12/8
„ Red CGL Base	10/8
„ Bordeaux CGP Salt	5/2
„ Blue CB Salt	5/8
„ Scarlet CKR Salt	4/14
„ Blue CBB Salt	18/4
„ Violet CB Salt	13/8
DIRECT COLOURS	
Direct Black Extra	5/-
Direct Yellow 4GL	11/8
Direct Sky Blue Extra	9/-
Diazo Black Extra	5/-
Crysophonine C Extra	11/8
Benzopurpurine 4B	6/12
Tarquoise Blue G	15/8
Delta Purpurine 5B Cone	8/-
Congo Red H Derk (56)	3/8
SULPHUR COLOURS	
Sulphur Black 692	3/4
Sulphur Black CBO	2/2
Sulphur Black HK Grains	3/-
Alizarine 20% Paste	146/-
Alizarine 100% Lumps	6/-
Indigo 60% Grains	4/8
Indigo 60% Grains 1 lb. pkg.	5/2
Bisulphite Soda	85/-
Turkey Red Oil	45/-
Momopol Napthol Soap	45/-
Sitiric Acid	210/-
Soda Bycarb	18/4
Soda Ash Light USA	19/-
Ammonia Bycarb Powder	65/-
Rajan Chinis	29/-
White Sugar of Lead	145/-
Brown Sugar of Lead	110/-
Tri Sodium Phosphate	50/-
Bleaching Powder	35/8
Nitrite of Soda	63/-
ACID BASIC & OTHERS	
Methylene Blue Extra	6/8
Metanil Yellow Elephant	2/8
Metanil Yellow Extra	4/-
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	7/8
Magenta Extra G	8/8
Diamond Green	8/-
Bismark Brown Extra	4/4
Melachite Green Crys.	8/-
Auramine Extra	7/8
Acid Orange Extra	3/-
Acid Scarlet	5/-
Kumkum Scarlet	7/-
Rhodamine B Extra 500%	73/-
VAT FAST DYES	
Vat Blue CCDN	40/-
Vat Blue RSN	36/-
Vat Dark Blue BO	37/-
Vat Brlt. Green B 900	34/-
Vat Brlt. Green B 3200	139/-
Vat Brlt. Green B Highly Conc	78/-
Vat Green B Paste	19/-
Vat Red Violet RH	35/-
Vat Yellow GC	45/-
Vat Violet 4R & 2R Powder	57/-
Vat Black BB	31/-
Vat Pink R	63/-
PRINTING COLOURS	
Printosol O	14/8
Printosol CO 4B	29/8
Printosol Blue IBC	57/-
Printosol Green IB	80/-
Golden Yellow IGK	72/-
Raid Ked	15/-
Raid Orange	16/-
Raid Blue	15/8
Raid Brown	22/-
Rapidozan Blue	31/-
Rapidozan Violet	31/-
CHEMICALS	
Sodium Sulphide English	32/-
Sodium Sulphide Indian small	32/-
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)	27/-
Aniline Salt	1/5
Bichromate of Potash	180/-
Bichromate of Soda	75/-
Caustic Soda 1 lb. pkg.	0/5/-
Caustic Soda 450 lbs. pkg.	34/-
Acetic Acid	0/15/-
Zinc Dust	100/-
Bordeaux Crys.	33/-
Formal De Hyde	0/6/6
Rangolite C	2/5/-

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, June 20.

	Rs. As. Ps.
120 Ready Japan	7 8 0
150 Ready Japan	7 0 0
120 Ready Italy	6 14 0
150 Ready Italy	6 0 0
150 D. Box July	1222 0 0
July Opening	1220 0 0
July Highest	1238 0 0
July Lowest	1210 0 0

2/40 STAPLE

Opening 8/7 Highest 6/8, Lowest 8/6, Close 8/7.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 20.

	Rs. As. Ps.
2-1/4 per cent 1954	99 0 0
2-1/2 per cent 1955	99 13 0
2-1/2 per cent 1961	97 1 0
2-3/4 per cent 1960	99 8 0
2-3/4 per cent 1962	99 2 0
3 per cent 1976	95 8 0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	97 5 0
3 per cent 1951/54	100 15 0
3 per cent 1953/55	101 10 0
3 per cent 1957	101 8 0
3 per cent 1959/61	101 2 0
3 per cent 1963/65	100 2 0
3 per cent 1966/68	99 15 0
3 per cent 1970/75	99 13 0
3-1/2 per cent 1954/59	104 0 0
4 per cent 1960/70	109 10 0
4-1/2 per cent 1955/60	109 14 0
4 per cent 1958/68	112 8 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
2 per cent Bombay 1962	99 13 0
2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97 2 0
3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97 2 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 10 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 6 0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100 0 0
3 per cent Madras 1952/55	100 8 0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100 8 0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100 8 0
3 per cent N.-W. F. 1952	98 8 0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/62	99 7 0
MUNICIPAL	
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98 10 0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110 0 0
4 per cent B. Municipality	109 12 0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	113 8 0
6 per cent B. Municipal 1954	113 0 0

Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS June 20, (PTI): Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

LOANS: Government of India Loans Three per cent Paper 97/4, Ditto 1986 97/5, Ditto 1970/75 99/13, Government of Travancore Loan Three per cent 1952/54 102/6, Government of Madras Loan Three per cent 1960 100/5.

BANKS: Travancore 14/8.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/4, Cochin Malabar 5/6, Devashola 16/4 Midland 6/3, Nelliampathy 1/4/6, Ouchterlony 6/1, Pullangode 1/6/6, Thirumbadi 2/6/6, T. R. and T. Co. 5/11 Vaikundam 7/8.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Woollen 231, Buckingham 135, Do Pref. 189, Cambodia 11, Coimbatore C. M. 153/8, Pioneer 119, Do Spg. 52/8 Lakshmi 73, Madura 36, Mettur 336/8, Radhakrishna 180, Rajalakshmi 73 Ranga Vilas 58/8, Trav. Rayons 4/1 Vasanta 108/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 70, F.A.C.T. 5/10, India Cement 17/3 Mettur Chem. 5/11, Mysore Chem. Fert 8/9.

The Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, June 20.

Tata Ordinary 327, Tata Deferred 1670, Indian Iron 29-14, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20-12, Bombay Dyeing 965, Central India 232, Gokak 236, Kohinoor 297, Simplex 219, Swadeshi 247, Tata Power 1510, Associated Cement 154, Belapur 227-8, Bombay Burma (Old) 495 Scindia 10-15, Central Bank 81-8, New India 63-8, Tata 2nd Pref. 143.

SURPLUS COTTON FROM DOLLAR AREAS

Mr. Suraiya's Plea For Aid To Under-Developed Nations

LONDON, June 20. (PTI).

MR. R. G. SARAIYA, Indian Government delegate at two international cotton conferences in the United States, said here today there was no reason why clothes made from surplus cotton from the dollar area should not be made available to under-developed countries.

President of the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay and Vice-President of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, Mr. Saraiya is on his way home from the Universal Cotton Standards Conference and the ninth plenary session of the International Cotton Advisory Committee held in Washington.

He leaves London for Bombay on Thursday.

Mr. Saraiya said in an interview: "The two great facts about the world cotton situation are that while certain areas of South-East Asia go short of cloth, there is a sizeable surplus of cotton in the United States".

"As the leading nations of the world they want to raise the standard of living everywhere. The solution is obvious. "If cotton can be supplied at concessional prices, India can turn it into cheap wearing apparel. In this way needy people in underdeveloped countries would be able to clothe themselves at prices within their means.

CALL TO U.S.

"America last year produced about 14,000,000 bales of cotton. Next year the acreage of cotton is to be reduced.

"Instead of trying to maintain an artificial price level by reducing production it would be in the interests of all concerned if the United States made an intensive effort to increase production at a reduced cost.

"Although a negligible customer in the past, India is now buying American cotton on a large scale. In the current year, to make up her deficit, she is expected to buy more than 300,000 bales worth about thirty crores of rupees".

At the International Cotton Advisory Committee meeting, where he was supported by Mr. R. R. Saksena Consul-General for India in New York, Mr. Saraiya was understood to have advocated further exploration of the possibilities of supplying cotton to under-developed countries at concessional prices.

The general impression during the conference was that the price of most varieties of cotton (except Indian cotton which is controlled) was high in comparison with that of competing synthetic fibres and also in relation to other agricultural commodities and the general cost of living.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 20.

B. C. Rates ... D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates ... D. D. 1/5 29/32 1 to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. ... 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 9th Month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 11th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 9th Month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5 and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Mopth
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 7th-9th Month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 478 Montreal Rs. 431 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.
Banks Selling D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.
New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Aighanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1-84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 5.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23-12.26
London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 1/2 per cent, 3 Mos 3/4 per cent 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone: Easy

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, June 19.

London silver spot and forward 63-1/2d.
London gold bars fine per oz £12/8/0

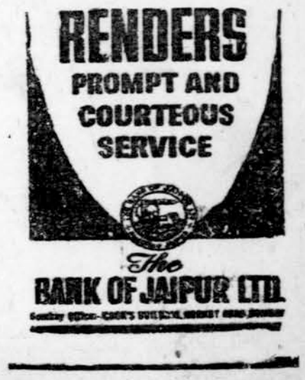
N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, June 19.

Open market sales approximated 125,000 ouncesat unchanged 73 cents per ounce.

ALEXANDRIA, June 19.

KARNAK	
July	73.15—160
November	71.35—130
January	70.95—105
ASHMOUNI	
June	130.00— 900
August	105.00—1400
October	59.55— 110
December	58.50— 95



American Markets

INCREASED LONG LIQUIDATION IN N. Y. COTTON

Wall Street Awaits Result Of New Tax Bill

NEW YORK, June 19.

The moderate opening gains reflected accumulation of trade and commission house buying partly based on the recent increase activity of cotton goods, advices of improved export demand and small crop ideas.

Subsequently prices declined sharply, however on hedging together with local and New Orleans selling in response to the easiness of wheat, favourable week-end weather and drying up of the initial demand. The reaction was extended in the afternoon on increased liquidation particularly in near July before the first Notice day which uncovered stop loss orders. Some selling was credited to statistical influences with part of the pressure attributed to general uncertainty over the crop and spot cotton with large amounts of government cotton coming into the free market.

Trade buying and short-covering based on reports of additional sales of print cloths for third quarter delivery eventually resulted in a partial recovery. The session closed steady with sales put at 185,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS		
NEW YORK		NEW ORLEANS
July	33.20	32.98
October	32.55	32.43
December	32.49	32.39
March	32.43	32.33
Middling Spot	34.30	33.25

October Highest: 32.73 at 10-30 hrs. Lowest: 32.51 at 11-35 hrs.

WALL STREET MARKET

Traders Cautious Awaiting Tax Bill

Traders were cautious early with voting on the new tax bill scheduled to completed early this week by the house and means committee. Corrective pressure was light and the market steady. Price changes either way were mainly fractional in limited activity with gains holding a slight majority and including leading drugs, chemicals, televisions, motor rails and oils. At noon the averages were Industrials 223.27 and rails 55.98.

More from lack of interest than renewal of pressure the market balance slipped to the offside in the afternoon. Final hour found prices showing an irregularly lower tendency mainly fractional in largely featureless dealings. Some quarters opined that once the tax bill is dealt with investors will be able to evaluate present earnings prospects more definitely—a fact which in itself might bring some additional buying into the market.

The composite average rate finished with a mild loss. The session closed barely steady.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS	
American Telephone and Telegraph	156-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	34-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	31-3/8
Chase National Bank	38-3/4
Firestone Tyre	48-5/8
General Electric	48-5/8
Firestone Tyre	66-1/2
General Motors	96
Ingersol Rand	66
International Nickel	29
National City Bank	47-1/4
New York Central Railroad	13-1/2
Sinclair Oil Corporation	27
Socony Vacuum	20
Texas Corporation	69-3/4
Union Carbide	48-3/4
U.S. Smelting and Refining	38-1/4
U.S. Steel Common	35-1/2
Western Union	27-1/4

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 1,290,000 bales.

Highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 36-3/8 and 35-1/2.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Decline In Wheat

CHICAGO, June 19.

Were mixed with wheat early declining under pressure of commission house selling and hedging. The sell-off, however, attracted improved demand from export interests against the sale of a cargo of number one hard winter wheat to Holland whose purchases in the past week were placed at slightly in excess of a million bushels. Other grains were aided by cool temperatures over the week end in portions of the mid-west where warm weather is now required for the growing crops.

WHEAT QUOTATIONS	
July	2.11-1/4
September	2.12-5/8
December	2.15-3/8
March	2.15-3/4

Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, June 19.

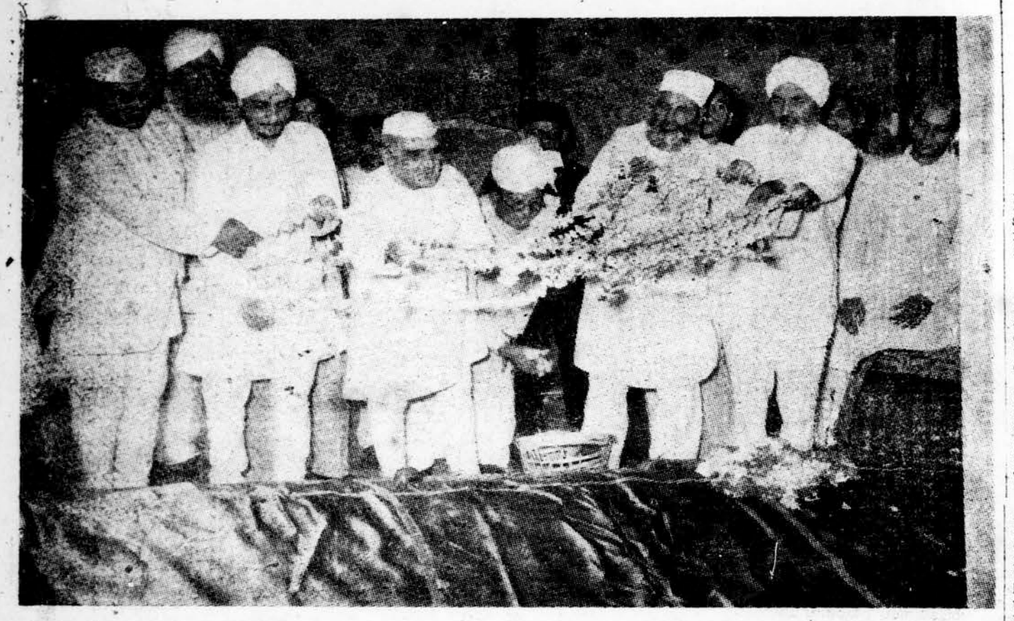
The pepper market was quiet with sellers exgodown price of black lampong lowered 5 dollars to 400 and White Muntok unchanged at 705 dollars per picul.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Indian Goodwill Mission In Karachi



The 'Phir Basao' Goodwill Mission, led by Mr. Bhimsen Sachar visited many important cities in Pakistan to foster cordial relations between the two countries. People of Pakistan welcomed the Mission enthusiastically. The Mission visited Karachi on June 15. The picture above shows the members laying wreath at the grave of Quaid-i-Azam. The Mission was entertained to a lunch by Hon'ble Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur on June 16. Picture below shows (I to R) Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur, Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, Mr. Ghulam Nabi Pathan and His Excellency Dr. Sita Ram, India's High Commissioner in Pakistan at the luncheon.

CAPITAL ASSISTANCE TO SHIPPING

Sri Prakasa Can Give No Assurances

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

MR. SRI PRAKASA, Commerce Minister, Government of India, told prominent shipowners of Bombay today that he could not give any definite assurance of giving capital assistance to the shipping industry, as the sources of revenue of Government were fast drying up on account of mounting expenditure on problems like refugee rehabilitation.

The Commerce Minister, however, asked them to submit a detailed memorandum, explaining their difficulties and the nature of the assurances they expected from Government, which would be given immediate and careful consideration.

Mr. Prakasa made this observation when representatives of the shipping industry, who met him at the Scindia House, raised, among other problems, the question of capital resources for the development of the industry and sought Government's direct help in that direction.

He frankly admitted that as a "lay man" he could not understand the various problems which confronted Indian shipping. It was rather surprising, he added, that Indian capital was shy when a popular Government had assumed office. In this connection, he recalled how Indian capitalists readily came forward and subscribed to Government loans during the British regime. He said that this was a question which needed careful study on the part of Government.

PROPER ATMOSPHERE

Mr. Prakasa said that once the proper psychological atmosphere was created and mutual suspicion between shipping interests and Government eliminated, shipping in the country was bound to develop and prosper. He hoped that shipping interests would extend their full co-operation to Government in their endeavour to develop the industry.

Mr. C. C. Desai, Commerce Secretary, Government of India, who was present at the meeting, explained the position with regard to the competition between the railways and shipping in the matter of coal transport. He said that the rail freights were much lower than the shipping freights and he made it clear that until and unless the shipping charges were reduced, the problem would persist.

Earlier, Mr. G. T. Kamdar, Vice-President of the Indian National Steamship Owners' Association, requested Government to advance loans at nominal interest to shipowners to acquire more tonnage and to obtain for Indian shipping its rightful share in the carriage of the country's overseas trades.

"Private resources cannot provide all the capital required for an adequate national marine", Mr. Kamdar asserted. He ascribed the dwindling trade in the carriage of coal to the diversion of coal from the ship to rail, which, he said, was not in the best interest of the nation from a long range point of view.

He said that Indian shipping requires at the moment for its immediate development easily available capital, coastal reservation, adequate measures for proper development of overseas shipping and the co-ordination of the railway and shipping policies of the country.

INSURANCE TAX

Speaking at a reception arranged in his honour by the Indian Life Assurance Associations today, Mr. Sri Prakasa referred to the part that insurance played in man's life and said that it was most important that a man should be insurance minded. "Insurance is a wonderful scheme that man has invented for his use", he stated.

Referring to the plea made by Shri L. S. Vaidyanathan, President of the Association, that levy of tax on insurance companies should be reduced, Sri Prakasa assured them that he would discuss the issue raised with the Finance Minister.

The Commerce Minister told a deputation of diamond merchants here today that he would consider the question of lifting the ban on the import of diamond at an early date after his return to Delhi.

The diamond merchants urged the Minister to lift the three year old ban on the import of diamond so that the 30,000 people employed in the industry would be properly provided for.

They pointed out that if India imported diamonds worth two and half crores of rupees annually, which was the annual demand, the Government would derive a net income of Rs. 50 lakhs in the shape of import duty, sales tax, etc.

The Africa and Overseas Merchants Chamber, Bombay, in a memorandum to Mr. Sri Prakasa, today urged Government to fix an export quota of one thousand million yards of cloth for the year 1951.

The memorandum "warned" Government against "perpetual anti-export propaganda" and said it was essential that India's export trade in cotton piecegoods was carried on with the markets "already captured by us."

The Chamber called for a "new vigorous export policy" and said: "In view of potential competition from Japan and elsewhere, Indian goods, in spite of their cheapness, will not be handled by importers overseas if the present uncertain position of exporters due to unsteady policy, continues to beset our path with difficulties."

The memorandum pleaded for the removal of avoidable delays by the Excise Department in marking cloth and releasing them to exporters.

Commends Hindi

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"If all decided to speak Hindi, it would soon become a national language adopted by the free will of the people and not one enforced by the Government and it would thus be instrumental potentially in bringing about the solidarity of the country", declared Mr. Sri Prakasa Minister for Commerce speaking at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Hindi Sahitya Sammelan at "Sunderabai Hall' this evening.

Mr. G. D. Somani, President of the "Sammelan" was in the chair.

Mr. Sri Prakasa uttered a word of caution against the way propaganda was being carried out in some quarters in favour of Hindi. Persuasion and not force, he added, should be the guiding principle.

He deplored the recent tendency towards piling up of words for increasing the vocabulary while no efforts were being made to enrich its literature. The only way to achieve this goal was that everyone should make it a practice to use Hindi in day-to-day affairs.

United Socialists Boycott Bombay Conference

NAGPUR, June 20 (UPI): The United Socialist Organisation is not participating in the forthcoming conference of opposition parties convened by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, in Bombay as the consensus of an overwhelming majority of opinion in the Organisation is that the conference has been convened without prior consultation with other important political parties in the country and this has created suspicion and distrust.

Mr. R. S. Ruiker, General Secretary of the United Socialist Organisation, announcing this in a statement today, appealed to all constituent parties of USO not to send any delegates to the Bombay conference.

Trees Beside River Krishna

The Satara North District Rural Development Board has decided to plant trees on both sides of the River Krishna, running through the entire district, during the coming Tree-Planting Week. It has also decided to plant trees on the hill near the Satara City, on a mass scale.

'Plum' Warner's New Book

A book from the pen of Sir Pelham Warner is always an event in the world of cricket, but the publication of his history, Gentleman v. Players 1806-1949, is given added interest as the result of the author's election to the Presidency of the Marylebone Cricket Club—known throughout Britain and, indeed, throughout the world of cricket as the M.C.C.—for the current year.

The work contains accounts of all the matches in the Series, and of games played between the Gentlemen and the Australians and between the Players and the Australians. All conceivable statistics have been incorporated in the book.

POOR POLLING AT MANDVI

Certain Victory For Congress

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Congress carried the day at the municipal by-election today from the Mandvi Ward to fill the vacancy caused by the disqualification of Mr. Damjibhai Jethabhai Shah, a Congress member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

The election was, however, a dull affair, only a little over 15 per cent of the total number of 23,689 of voters having cared to exercise their franchise in course of the day.

The Socialists being officially out of the picture, there was no organised opposition of any kind, with the result that it was all smooth sailing for the Congress candidate Mr. Purshottam Thakker, who seemed to have been favoured by a majority of voters. The independent candidate Mrs. Kesarbai Shivji Naker got moderate support from the voters, but it was almost negligible compared to the solid votes secured by her Congress rival. The remaining three independent candidates Mr. Narayanji Gopalji Thakker, Mr. Pradhan Hansraj Thakker and Mr. Shambhu Kanji were nowhere in the picture, and their booths were almost deserted.

The polling booth, situated at the usually quiet Navroji Park, opposite the Derby Talkies, Dongri, was a beehive of activity since early morning. There was no fanfare of any kind usually associated with elections. At the start the response from the voters was meagre and only 296 votes were recored during the first hou rof the voting. However the tempo slowly increased and by the close of day 3,785 voters had cast their votes. Looking to the position at the end of the day, the Congress candidate's victory seems to be a foregone conclusion.

The counting of votes will take place in the Corporation Hall on Wednesday morning and results will be declared the same day.

Pandal For Congress Session

POONA, June 20 (UPI): Shri B. S. Hiray, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee discussed here plans for the pandal to be erected at Nasik for the 56th session of the Congress, with two engineering experts Prof. N. S. Gupeshup and M. G. Pawar.

The Committee appointed in this connection will take a decision regarding the erection of the pandal during the course of this week, it is learnt

Shri Hiray left today for Bombay where he is expected to hold further discussions in connection with the expenditure to be incurred, materials to be used and such other matters.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THE Jammu report that a cure for the possessed has been tried. It might sound rather drastic but it has to be remembered that the devil is no gentleman and has to be driven out with force. By placing the possessed in a rotating sort of drum, the devil is whirled out of them. All the agony suffered is said to be endured by the devil and not by the person who undergoes it physically. This is nothing new. There are, I am sure, many in your home and office who could cap it with better anecdotes. There are certainly in mine.

I heard the following from an old gentleman from the South who was extremely irascible and would brook no contradiction. What was more, his dutiful wife always bore out the truth of what he was saying, and what is more swore that he was the most sceptical of men.

A young woman who was continuously ailing, had been taken the round of eminent physicians and secured no relief. Her parents, quiet old-fashioned folk, were convinced that this trouble, like all else that women is heir to, would vanish with marriage. There were some doubters but their fears were hushed in the confidence of the parents. Married she was and so to two anxious next-of-kin was added a third. But there was no cure.

And thus it was that she was taken before a vaid who knew all the answers. The doctor looked the girl in the left eye, and with a smile remarked that he could cure her if the parents and husband gave him a free hand. The parties naturally agreed as there was no other course. And the Vaid's operations began.

First, he had one room cleared of everything, only a swing was left suspended from the ceiling. Then he sent the parents out to buy the raw materials for sweet-meats. Lighting a fire, he started his proceedings.

The long and short of it was that the girl was practically tied down to the swing which was gently kept in motion and allowed to enjoy the smell of delicious sweets which she could not eat. This went on for one hour, then two, then three. It had absolutely no effect on the girl who was laughing away at the crudity of it all. Indian sweets, she said, had absolutely no appeal to her; she had been brought up in a convent. The Vaid paid no heed.

The sweet, sticky odour of sweets rose to high heaven. And very soon it was overpowering. The laughter turned to tears, the tears changed to shrieks and screams. The anxious relatives outside were in an agony of fear but they did nothing.

After six hours, the door opened and the Vaid emerged. He had effected the cure, he claimed. In proof of it he pointed to the palm of his right hand where a six-inch worm wriggled delightedly. It had, he said, emerged out of her left nostril.

All this was very convincing. The cured individual was there, the Doctor was there and the evident cause of all the bother was also there. There was one hitch but the overjoyed parents only learnt it later: The girl developed a rooted antipathy to Indian sweets.

AMERICAN COTTON FOR SOUTH INDIA

To Be Imported Through Madras Port

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, June 20.

AMERICAN cotton bought by South Indian importers can hereafter be imported through Madras. Hitherto such cotton was imported for the south, through Bombay Port, because no other port in India was provided with the necessary facilities for fumigation of cotton. Arrangements have now been completed at Madras Port to convert one shed into and airtight chamber fitted with exhaust fans so that cotton can be properly fumigated.

SHRI M. P. PATIL

Shri M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, Government of Bombay, will pay a visit to Nasik on Thursday, June 22. At Nasik, the Minister will inspect the Gangapur Dam site and visit the local Trimbak Vidyapith and the Agricultural School. Shri Patil will return to Poona the following day.

EGYPTIAN SAADIST GROUP RESIGNS

Protest Against Royal Decrees

CAIRO, June 20. (PTI-Reutter): The Egyptian Saadist Parliamentary Group resigned 'en bloc' today in protest against the recent royal decrees under which many former senators, including Ibrahim Abdel Hady Pasha, Saadist leader had been deprived of their seats.

Liberal constitutionalists are also considering such action following the replacement of liberal leader Hussein Heykal Pasha by Wafdist Zaky El Orabi Pasha as President of the Upper House.

Keykal Pasha's term of office was not due to expire till next year. His Liberal Constitutional Party is the largest party in the Senate, where the last elections were in 1946, so that it was not affected by January's Wafdist landslide in the elections to the Chamber. There have been extensive changes in the membership of the Senate as a result of the three royal decrees issued during the week-end.

DELEGATES TO NASIK CONGRESS

Madhya Bharat Elections

(From Our Correspondent).

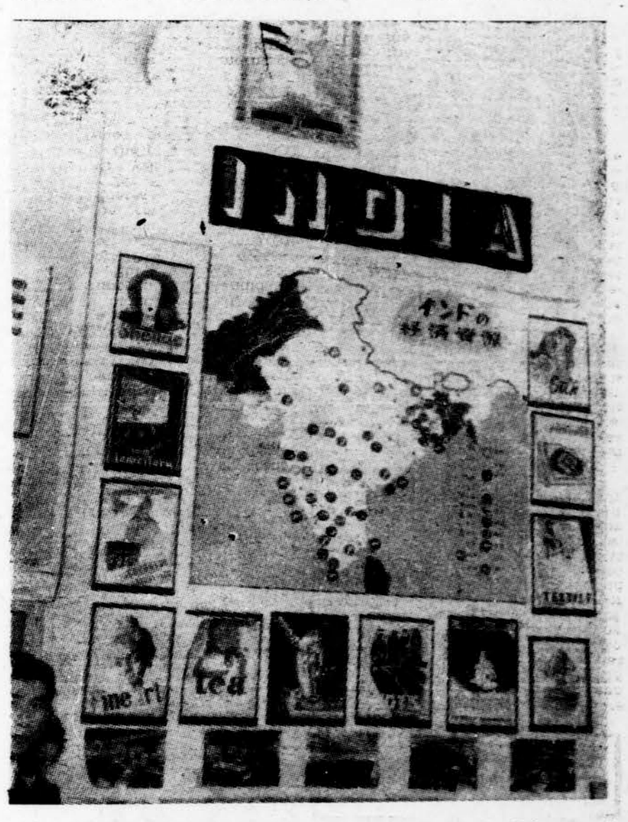
INDORE, June 20.

About four hundred nominations for 81 seats of delegates to the Nasik session of the Congress were filed today throughout Madhya Bharat and Bhopal according to preliminary reports received here. The elections will take place on the last day of this month while the results are to be announced on July 3.

Over 3,500 panchayatdars have been already elected this month. About nine lakh Congress members are entitled to vote in the delegates' election, nominations for which were allowed to be filed by 5,000 effective members of the Congress in this State.

Eightyone delegates thus elected as also former Presidents of Madhya Bharat P.C.C. will form the new general body of the Madhya Bharat Congress Committee which will elect its executive and president. These delegates are also to be entitled to vote for the President of the Nasik Congress Session and to elect ten members of the A.I.C.C. from among themselves.

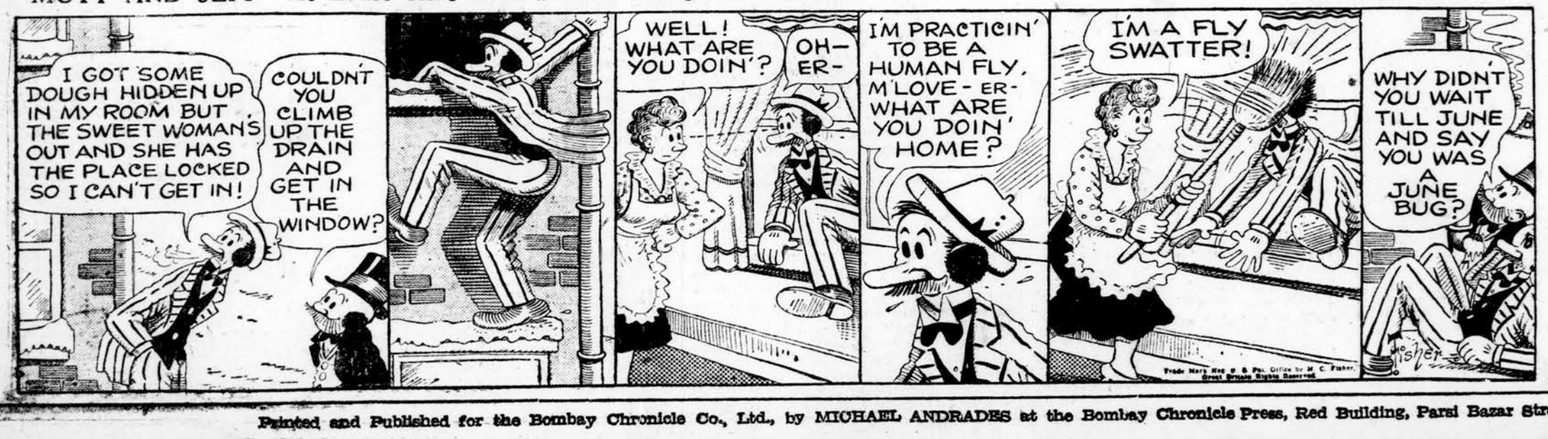
INDIA AT JAPANESE TRADE FAIR



A general view of the Indian Pavilion at the Kobe Trade Fair, one of the biggest industrial exhibition in Japan after the war, which opened on March 15. The Pavilion aroused a keen interest. Exhibits at the Pavilion included information pamphlets, bulletins, photographs, charts and maps arranged round a large size coloured map of India showing the country's natural resources. The Indian Chamber of Commerce Kobe, supplemented it with an exhibition of colourful Indian handicrafts and saris. The India Day organised by the Fair recently, attracted a record crowd of 100,000 visitors.

MUTT AND JEFF—At Least That Should Have Postponed It A While

By BUD FISHER


I GOT SOME DOUGH HIDDEN UP IN MY ROOM BUT THE SWEET WOMAN'S OUT AND SHE HAS THE PLACE LOCKED SO I CAN'T GET IN!
COULDN'T YOU CLIMB UP THE DRAIN AND GET IN THE WINDOW?
WELL! WHAT ARE YOU DOIN'?
OH-ER-
I'M PRACTICIN' TO BE A HUMAN FLY, M'LOVE-ER-WHAT ARE YOU DOIN' HOME?
I'M A FLY SWATTER!
WHY DIDN'T YOU WAIT TILL JUNE AND SAY YOU WAS A JUNE BUG?

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